

## High Performance Single-Phase Synchronous Buck Converter

## **General Description**

The uP9628Q is a high performance synchronous buck converter specifically designed to work with 2.7V~22V input voltage and deliver high quality output voltage for microprocessor and chipset supplies.

The uP9628Q provides flexible selection of output LC filter and excellent transient response to load and line regulation. The uP9628Q has complete functions including under voltage protection, over voltage protection, current limit protection, soft-start, power good indication and over temperature protection. This part is available in WQFN4X4-23L package.

## **Features**

- Support NVIDIA Open VReg Type 1 Technology
- Wide Input Voltage Range from 2.7V to 22V
- Output Current Up to 7A
- Adjustable Output Voltage from 0.6V to 2.5V
- Selectable Operation Frequency from 300kHz to 600kHz
- Constant On Time Control
- □ Fast Load Transient Response
- Adjustable Soft-Start Function
- Support Output Discharge (Soft-Off) Function
- Selectable Forced CCM or DCM
- Power Good Indication
- Current Limit Protection
- Over/Under Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Protection
- □ RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free

## **Applications**

- □ CPU Core I/O Supplies
- Graphic Cards
- Microprocessor and Chipset Supplies
- Desktop PCs, Notebook Computers

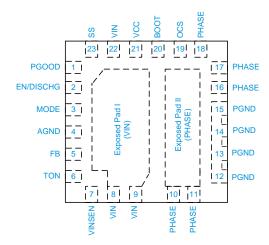
## **Ordering Information**

Order Number	Package Type	Top Marking			
uP9628QQMX	WQFN4x4-23L	uP9628Q			

#### Note:

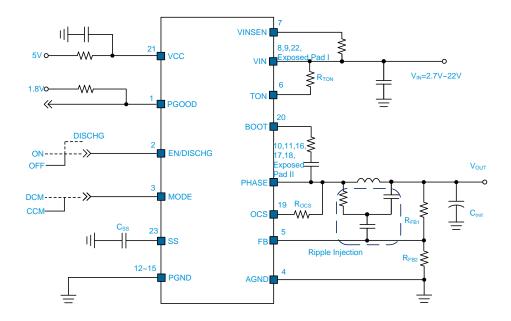
- (1) Please check the sample/production availability with uPl representatives.
- (2) uPI products are compatible with the current IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 requirement. They are halogen-free, RoHS compliant and 100% matte tin (Sn) plating that are suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

## **Pin Configuration**





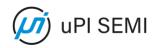
# **Typical Application Circuit**



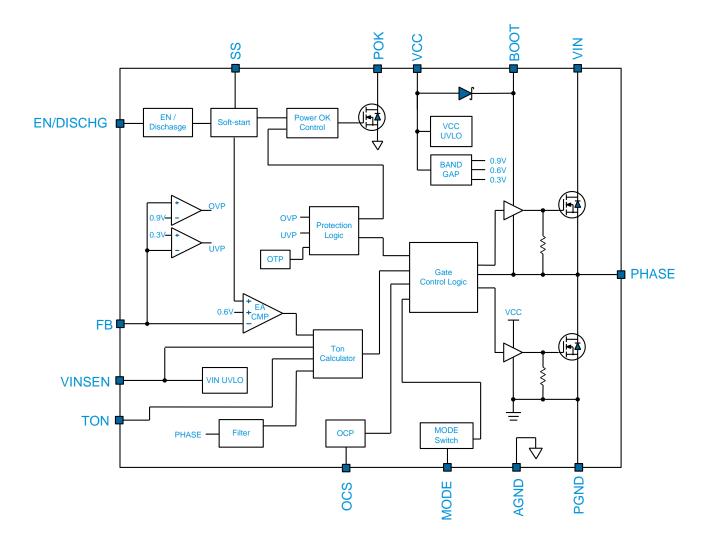


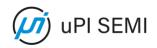
# **Functional Pin Description**

Pin No.	Name	Pin Function				
1	PGOOD	<b>Power Good Indication.</b> This pin is an open drain structure and it is active high. Pull up this pin through a proper resistor to a voltage source.				
2	EN/DISCHG	Chip Enable and Discharge Control Pin. This pin is used for enable control and output discharge control.				
3	MODE	Operation Mode Selection. An input pin receiving operation mode control signal. Mode input voltage determines the controller operating mode. There is $1M\Omega$ pull-down resistor internal to this pin.				
4	AGND	<b>Analog GND.</b> This pin is the ground of logic control circuits, it must be connected to the PCB ground plane.				
5	FB	Feedback Pin. This pin is the inverting input of the error amplifier.				
6	TON	On-time Setting Pin. Connect a resistor from this pin to VIN to set the PWM on time.				
7	VINSEN	Power Stage Input Voltage Sense. Connect this pin to the power stage input with a $0\Omega$ resistance. The input voltage to this pin is used to determine the PWM on time.				
8,9,22	VIN	<b>Supply Input.</b> Supply input to the converter power stage. These pins are connected to the drain of embedded high-side MOSFET.				
10,11,16,17,18	PHASE	<b>Switch Node.</b> These pins are the joint of source of embedded high-side MOSFET and drain of low-side MOSFET. Connect these pins to the output inductor.				
12~15	PGND	<b>Power Ground.</b> These pins are connected to the source of embedded low-side MOSFET and should be connected to the ground plane through multiple vias.				
19	ocs	<b>Over Current Setting.</b> Connect a resistor from this pin to PHASE to set the inductor valley current limit threshold.				
20	воот	Bootstrap Supply for the Floating High-Side MOSFET Gate Driver. The bootstrap capacitor provides the charge to turn on the embedded high-side MOSFET. Connect a 0.1uF MLCC from this pin to PHASE to form a bootstrap circuit.				
21	VCC	<b>5V Power Supply Input.</b> This pin provides power for internal circuit. Bypass this pin with an at least 1uF ceramic capacitor to ground.				
1 23   SS		<b>Soft-Start Pin.</b> Connect an MLCC from this pin to GND to determine output voltage ramp up time.				
Exposed Pad I (VIN)		<b>Supply Input.</b> Supply input to the converter power stage. This exposed pad is connected to the drain of embedded high-side MOSFET. Place the input MLCC as close to the IC as possible.				
Exposed Pad II (PHASE)		<b>Switch Node.</b> This exposed pad is the joint of source of embedded high-side MOSFET and drain of low-side MOSFET. Connect this pad to the output inductor.				



# **Functional Block Diagram**





## **Functional Description**

## **Power Input and Power On Reset**

The uP9628Q has four power inputs VCC, VIN, VINSEN and EN/DISCHG. VCC is the 5V supply input for control logic circuit of the converter. RC filter to VCC is required for locally bypassing this supply input and VCC has power on reset (POR) function. VIN is the power stage input voltage pin. VINSEN is the power stage input sense pin, connect a  $0\Omega$  resistance from this pin to the VIN for PWM on-time calculator and this pin has power on reset function. EN/DISCHG is the chip enable pin. Logic high to this pin enables the converter, logic low to this disables the converter and this pin also has power on reset function. The above three inputs (VCC, VINSEN and EN/DISCHG) are monitored to determine whether the converter is ready for operation.

Figure 1 shows the power ready detection circuit. The VCC voltage is monitored for power on reset with typically 4V threshold at its rising edge. The VINSEN voltage is monitored for power on reset with typically 2.1V threshold at its rising edge. When VCC and VINSEN are all ready, the converter waits for EN/DISCHG to start up. When EN/DISCHG pin is driven above 1V, the converter begins its start up sequence.

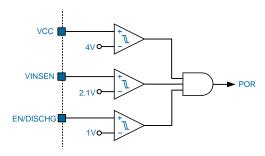


Figure 1. Circuit of Power Ready Detection

#### **Enable and Output Voltage Discharge**

The EN/DISCHG is a multi-function pin. It is used for chip enable and discharge control. The uP9628Q provides output discharge control function. When Output Discharge=ON and after the EN/DISCHG pin is pulled low, the converter discharges the output capacitor. The output voltage monotonically ramps down and it is similar to the reverse process of the Soft-Start. Table 1 lists the setting voltage level of chip enable and discharge control.

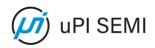
Table 1.EN/DISCHG Setting Voltage

EN/DISCHG	Function
V <sub>EN/DISCHG</sub> < 0.4V	Chip Disable
$1V < V_{EN/DISCHG} < 1.4V$	Chip Enable and Output Discharge = ON
V <sub>EN/DISCHG</sub> > 1.6V	Chip Enable and Output Discharge = OFF

#### **Soft Start Time**

The uP9628Q features a programmable soft start function to limit the input surge current. Connect a soft start capacitor  $C_{SS}$  from SS pin to ground to determine output voltage ramp up time. The output voltage ramp up time ( $T_{ramp}$ ) during soft start period is determined by the internal current source ( $I_{SS}$ ) and  $C_{SS}$ , and it can be calculated as below.

$$T_{ramp} = \frac{0.6 \times C_{SS}}{I_{ss}} = 0.6 \times 10^8 \times C_{SS} (ms)$$



## **Functional Description**

## **PWM On-Time Setting**

The PWM on-time is set by an external resistor  $R_{TON}$  connected between TON pin and VINSEN pin. The converter senses VINSEN voltage to obtain input voltage information for PWM on-time calculation. The PWM on time and frequency can be calculated as the equation below:

$$T_{ON} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \times \frac{1}{F_{SW}}$$

$$F_{SW}(kHz) = \frac{94000}{R_{TON}(k\Omega)}$$

#### **Output Current limit**

The uP9628Q monitors the inductor valley current by low-side MOSFET  $R_{DS(ON)}$  when it turns on. The over current limit is triggered once the sensed current level is higher than  $V_{OCS}$  setting. When triggered, the over current limit will keep high-side MOSFET off even the voltage loop commands it to turn on.

The output voltage will decrease if the load continuously demands more current than current limit level. Further increase in load current higher than the current limit level will eventually let output voltage decrease to trip UVP to shut down the converter.

The current limit threshold is set by connecting a resistor from OCS to PHASE. The OCS pin will source a 20uA current and create a voltage drop across  $R_{OCS}$  as the  $V_{OCS}$ .

$$V_{OCS} = 20uA \times R_{OCS}$$
 Note:  $R_{OCS}$  minimum  $\ge 3.3k\Omega$ 

When the voltage drop across the low-side MOSFET equals the voltage across the setting resistor, the current limit will be activated. The current limit level is calculated as:

$$I_{LIM} = \frac{V_{OCS} - 30(mV)}{R_{DS(ON)}} + \frac{I_{RIPPLE}}{2}$$

where I<sub>RIPPLE</sub> is the peak-to peak inductor current at steady state.

#### **Output Voltage Setting**

The uP9628Q is capable of precisely regulating an output voltage as low as 0.6V. In fact, the device comes with fixed 0.6V internal reference that guarantees the output regulated voltage to be within  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance. Output voltage higher than 0.6V can be easily achieved by adding a resistor between FB pin and ground. The steady state DC output voltage will be:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \frac{R_{FB1} + R_{FB2}}{R_{FB2}}$$



## **Functional Description**

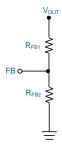


Figure 2. Feedback Circuit

#### **Operation Mode Selection**

The uP9628Q provides power saving features for platform designers to program platform specific power saving configuration. The uP9628Q switches between CCM and DCM operation modes according to the input voltage level of the MODE pin. Table 2 shows recommended MODE pin setting voltage level of two operation modes.

When the DCM mode is activated, the uP9628Q automatically reduces switching frequency at light load to maintain high efficiency. As the load current increases, the rectifying MOSFET is turned on and the converter runs in continuous conduction mode. The uP9628Q operation mode can be changed after PGOOD is pulled high.

Table 2. Recommended MODE Pin Setting

Operation Mode	Recommended Voltage Setting at MODE
DCM	1.2V
CCM	0V

## Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

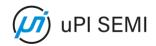
The over voltage protection is triggered if FB voltage higher than 150% of the target voltage sustained for 20us. When OVP is activated, the uP9628Q turns on low-side MOSFET and turns off high-side MOSFET. The over voltage protection is a latch-off function and can only be reset by VCC, VINSEN or EN/DISCHG.

#### **Under Voltage Protection (UVP)**

The under voltage protection is triggered if FB voltage lower than 50% of the target voltage sustained for 10us. When UVP is activated, the uP9628Q turns off high-side and low-side MOSFET. The under voltage protection is a latch-off function and can only be reset by VCC, VINSEN or EN/DISCHG.

## **Over Temperature Protection (OTP)**

The uP9628Q monitors the temperature of itself. If the temperature exceeds typical 160°C, the uP9628Q is forced into shutdown mode. The over temperature protection is a latch-off function and can only be reset by VCC, VINSEN or EN/DISCHG.



## **Absolute Maximum Rating**

(Note 1)	
VIN/VINSEN to GND	0.3V to +30V
TON to GND	0.3V to +30V
BOOT to GND	
DC	0.3V to +36V
< 200ns	5V to +42V
PHASE to GND	
DC	0.7V to +30V
< 200ns	
OCS to GND	
DC	0.3V to +6V
< 200ns	8V to +8V
BOOT to PHASE	
Other Pins	0.3V to +6V
Storage Temperature Range	
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	260°C
ESD Rating (Note 2)	
HBM (Human Body Mode)	2kV
CDM (Charged Device Mode)	1kV
Thermal Information	
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 3)	
WQFN4x4-23L θ <sub>JA</sub>	37°C/W
WQFN4x4-23L $\theta_{JC}$	2°C/W
Power Dissipation, P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	
WQFN4x4-23L	1.47W

# **Recommended Operation Conditions**

(Note 4)	
Operating Junction Temperature Range	 -40°C to +125°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	 -40°C to +85°C
Supply Input Voltage, VCC	 4.5V to 5.5V
Input Voltage, V <sub>IN</sub>	 2.7V to 22V

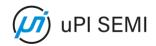
- **Note 1.** Stresses listed as the above *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.
- **Note 2.** Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution recommended.
- **Note 3.**  $\theta_{JA}$  is measured in the natural convection at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  on a low effective thermal conductivity test board of *JEDEC 51-3* thermal measurement standard.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.



# **Electrical Characteristics**

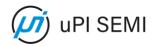
(VCC = 5V,  $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Input						
VCC POR Rising Threshold	V <sub>VCCTH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> rising		4		V
VCC POR Hysteresis	V <sub>VCCHYS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> rising - V <sub>CC</sub> falling		250		mV
	I <sub>SHDN(VCC)</sub>				1	
VCC Shutdown Current	I <sub>SHDN(TON)</sub>	EN/DISCHG = 0V			0.1	uA
	I <sub>SHDN(EN)</sub>				1	
VCC Quiescent Current	lα	EN/DISCHG = 5V, no switching, DCM operation		650		uA
VIN Power On Reset						
VINSEN POR Threshold	V <sub>VINPORH</sub>	VINSEN rising		2.1		V
VINSEN POR Hysteresis	V <sub>VINPORHYS</sub>	VINSEN rising - VINSEN falling		0.3		V
Reference Voltage						
Reference Voltage	$V_{FB}$	Measure FB voltage	0.594	0.6	0.606	V
Input Bias Current	I <sub>FB</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.6V			0.1	uA
Enable/Discharge						
Logic Low	V <sub>ENL</sub>	Disable			0.4	V
Logio Ilimb	$V_{ENH\_DSG}$	Enable, Output Discharge = ON	1		1.4	.,
Logic High	V <sub>ENH_DISDSG</sub>	Enable, Output Discharge = OFF	1.6			V
Operation Mode						
CCM Operation	V <sub>MODE_CCM</sub>	Measure MODE pin voltage			0.4	V
DCM Operation	V <sub>MODE_DCM</sub>	Measure MODE pin voltage	1		1.4	V
PWM On-Time						
On Time	T <sub>ON</sub>	VINSEN = 12V, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$ , CCM, $I_{OUT} = 0A$ , $R_{TONSET} = 261k\Omega$		324		ns
Minimum On Time	T <sub>ON_MIN</sub>	VINSEN = 24V, $V_{OUT} = 0.6V$ , $R_{TONSET} = 150k\Omega$		60		ns
Minimum Off Time	T <sub>OFF_MIN</sub>	FB = 0.59V		250		ns
Zero Current Detection						
Zero Current Detection Offset Voltage	$V_{ZCD\_OFS}$	Measure PHASE voltage	-2		2	mV



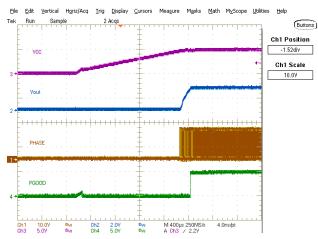
# **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter Symbol		Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Soft Start						
Soft Start Current	I <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> = 0V		10		uA
PGOOD Delay Time	$T_{D_{EN}PG}$	EN/DISCHG high to PGOOD high, $C_{SS} = 2.2nF$		400		us
Power MOSFET						
High Side MOSFET R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	R <sub>DSH</sub>	V <sub>BOOT</sub> - V <sub>PHASE</sub> = 5V		15		mΩ
High Side MOSFET Leakage Current	I <sub>LEAK_RDSH</sub>				10	uA
Low Side MOSFET R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	R <sub>DSL</sub>	V <sub>VCC</sub> - PGND = 5V		15		mΩ
Low Side MOSFET Leakage Current	I <sub>LEAK_RDSL</sub>				10	uA
Bootstrap Diode						
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	Forward bias current = 3.5mA		0.4		V
PGOOD						
Output Low Voltage	$V_{PGD\_GL}$	I <sub>PG</sub> = 1mA			0.1	V
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>PGD_LEAK</sub>	Pull up to 5V		-	1	uA
Protection						
OCP Setting Current	I <sub>ocs</sub>	V <sub>OCS</sub> =0V	18	20	22	uA
Current Sense Amplifier Offset Voltage	V <sub>OCS_OFS</sub>	Measure OCS voltage	-2		2	mV
OCP Setting Current Temperature Coefficient	T <sub>IOCS</sub>	Guaranteed by design		5300		ppm/°C
OVP Threshold	V <sub>OVP</sub>	Measure FB, with respect to reference voltage		150		%
OVP Delay Time	T <sub>OVP</sub>			20		us
UVP Threshold	$V_{UVP}$	Measure FB, with respect to reference voltage		50		%
UVP Delay Time	T <sub>UVP</sub>			10		us
OTP Threshold	T <sub>OTP</sub>	Guaranteed by design		160		°C



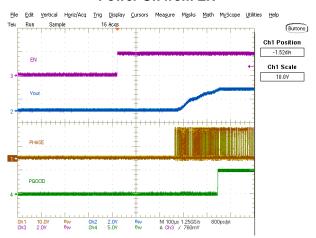
# **Typical Operation Characteristics**

#### **Power On from VCC**



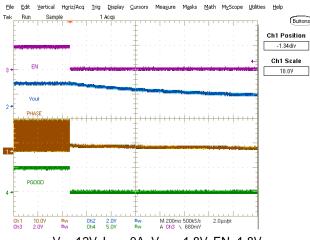
V<sub>IN</sub>=12V, I<sub>OUT</sub>=0A, V<sub>OUT</sub>=1.8V

#### **Power On from EN**



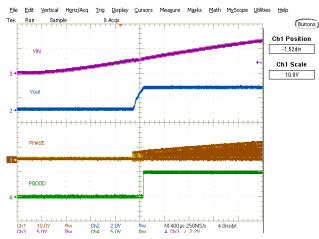
 $V_{IN}$ =12V,  $I_{OUT}$ =5A,  $V_{OUT}$ =1.8V

## Power Off from EN, Output Discharge = OFF



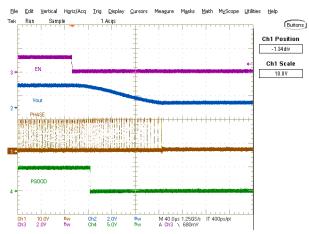
 $V_{IN}$ =12V,  $I_{OUT}$ =0A,  $V_{OUT}$ =1.8V, EN=1.8V

#### **Power On from VIN**



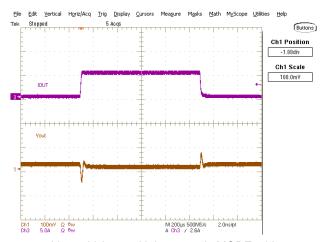
V<sub>IN</sub>=12V, I<sub>OUT</sub>=0A, V<sub>OUT</sub>=1.8V

## Power Off from EN, Output Discharge = ON



V<sub>IN</sub>=12V, I<sub>OUT</sub>=0A, V<sub>OUT</sub>=1.8V, EN=1.2V

## **CCM Load Transient**



 $V_{IN}$ =12V, L=2.2uH,  $I_{OUT}$ =0~5A, MODE=0V

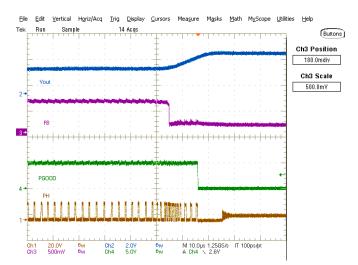


# **Typical Operation Characteristics**

# Eile Edik Vertical Horiz/Acq Irig Display Cursors Measure Masks Math MyScope Utilities Help Tek Run Sample 98 Acqs Ch1 Position -1.88 div Ch1 Scale 100.0 mV

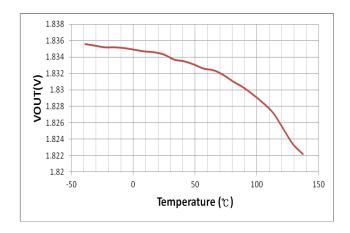
V<sub>IN</sub>=12V, L=2.2uH, I<sub>OUT</sub>=0~5A, MODE=1.2V

#### **UVP**

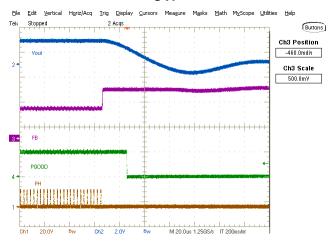


V<sub>IN</sub>=12V, I<sub>OUT</sub>=0A, V<sub>OUT</sub>=1.8V

## **V<sub>OUT</sub> vs Temperature**

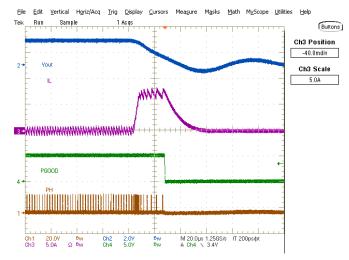


## OVP



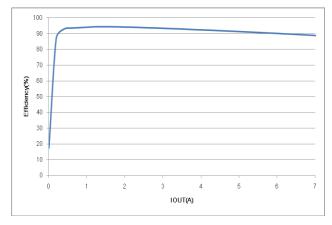
 $V_{IN}=12V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=0A$ ,  $V_{OUT}=1.8V$ 

#### **Output Current Limit**



 $V_{IN}$ =12V,  $V_{OUT}$ =1.8V

## Efficiency CCM

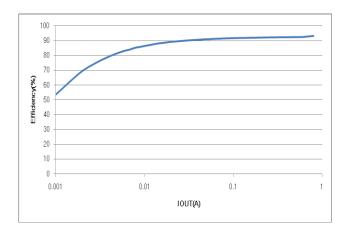


 $V_{IN}$ =12V,  $V_{OUT}$ =1.8V, L=2.2uH, MODE=0V

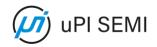


# **Typical Operation Characteristics**

## **Efficiency DCM**

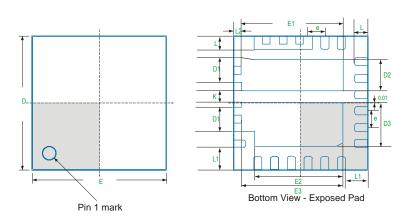


 $V_{IN}$ =12V,  $V_{OUT}$ =1.8V, L=2.2uH, MODE=1.2V



## **Package Information**

## WQFN4x4-23L





Symbol	MIN	NOM	MAX	Symbol	MIN	NOM	MAX	Symbol	MIN	NOM	MAX
А	0.70	0.75	0.80	D1	0.65	0.75	0.85	L	0.35	0.40	0.45
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	D2	0.85	0.95	1.05	L1	0.57	0.62	0.67
А3	0.20 REF		F	D3	1.24	1.34	1.44	L2	0.20	0.25	0.30
b	0.20	0.25	0.30	E1	2.95	3.05	3.15	K	0.30	0.35	0.40
D	3.90	4.00	4.10	E2	2.60	2.65	2.70				
Е	3.90	4.00	4.10	E3	2.95	3.05	3.15				
е	0.50 BSC										

## Note

1. Package Outline Unit Description:

MIN: Minimum dimension specified.

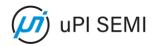
NOM: Nominal. Provided as a general value.

MAX: Maximum dimension specified.

BSC: Basic. Represents theoretical exact dimension or dimension target.

REF: Reference. Represents dimension for reference use only. This value is not a device specification.

- 2. Dimensions in Millimeters.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. These dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm.



# **Legal Notice**

The contents of this document are provided in connection with uPI Semiconductor Corp. ("uPI") products. uPI makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this publication and reserves the right to make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time without notice.

No license, whether express, implied, arising by estoppels or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights, is granted by this publication. Except as provided in uPI's terms and conditions of sale for such products, uPI assumes no liability whatsoever, and uPI disclaims any express or implied warranty relating to sale and/or use of uPI products, including liability or warranties relating to fitness for a particular purpose, merchantability, or infringement of any patent, copyright or other intellectual property right. uPI products are not designed, intended, authorized or warranted for use as components in systems intended for medical, life-saving, or life sustaining applications. uPI reserves the right to discontinue or make changes to its products at any time without notice.

Copyright 2023 ©, uPI Semiconductor Corp. All rights reserved. uPI, uPI design logo, and combinations thereof, are registered trademarks of uPI Semiconductor Corp.

Other product names used in this publication are for identification purposes only and may be trademarks of their respective companies.



#### uPI Semiconductor Corp.

9F., No. 5, Taiyuan 1st St. Zhubei City, Hsinchu, Taiwan, R.O.C.

TEL: 886.3.560.1666 FAX: 886.3.560.1888

sales@upi-semi.com