

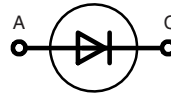
Power Schottky Rectifier

$$I_{FAV} = 40 \text{ A}$$

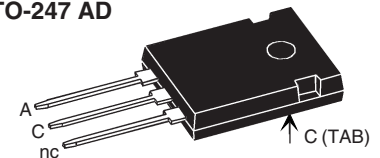
$$V_{RRM} = 8 \text{ V}$$

$$V_F = 0.23 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM}	V_{RRM}	Type
V	V	
8	8	DSS 40-0008D



TO-247 AD



A = Anode, C = Cathode, TAB = Cathode
nc = not connected

Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
I_{FRMS}		70	A
I_{FAV}	$T_C = 135^\circ\text{C}$; rectangular, $d = 0.5$	40	A
I_{FAV}	$T_C = 135^\circ\text{C}$; rectangular, $d = 0.5$; per device	80	A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	600	A
E_{AS}	$I_{AS} = 40 \text{ A}$; $L = 100 \mu\text{H}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; non repetitive	80	mJ
I_{AR}	$V_A = 1.5 \cdot V_{RRM}$ typ.; $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$; repetitive	4	A
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$		1000	V/ μs
T_{VJ}		-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{VJM}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
P_{tot}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	155	W
M_d	mounting torque	0.8...1.2	Nm
Weight	typical	6	g

Features

- International standard package
- Very low V_F
- Extremely low switching losses
- Low I_{RM} -values
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

Applications

- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Free wheeling diode in low voltage converters

Advantages

- High reliability circuit operation
- Low voltage peaks for reduced protection circuits
- Low noise switching
- Low losses

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values	
		typ.	max.
I_R ①	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = V_{RRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 100^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = V_{RRM}$	200 1500	mA mA
V_F	$I_F = 40 \text{ A}$; $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 40 \text{ A}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 80 \text{ A}$; $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.23 0.34 0.35	V V V
R_{thJC} R_{thCH}	0.25	0.8	K/W K/W

Pulse test: ① Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle < 2.0 %
Data according to IEC 60747 and per diode unless otherwise specified

Dimensions see Outlines.pdf

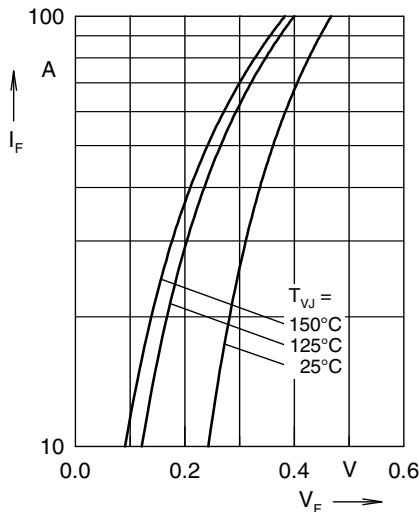


Fig. 1 Maximum forward voltage drop characteristics

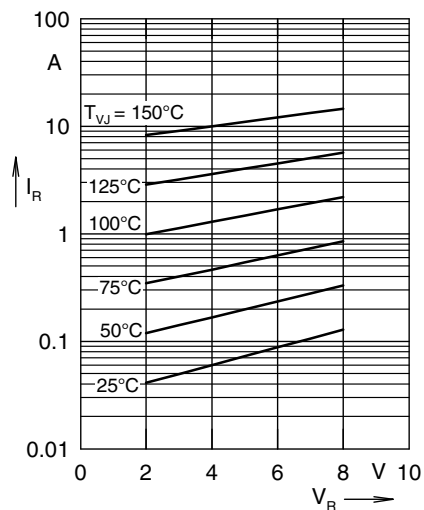


Fig. 2 Typ. value of reverse current I_R versus reverse voltage V_R

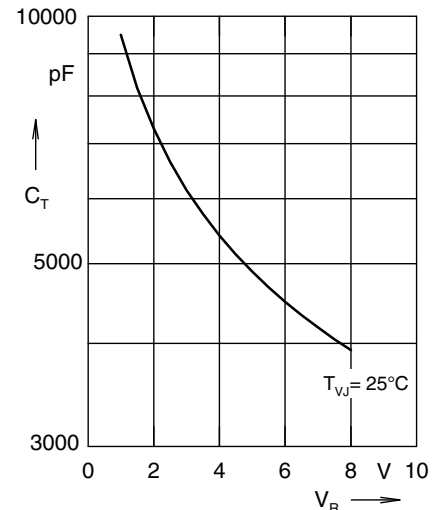


Fig. 3 Typ. junction capacitance C_T versus reverse voltage V_R

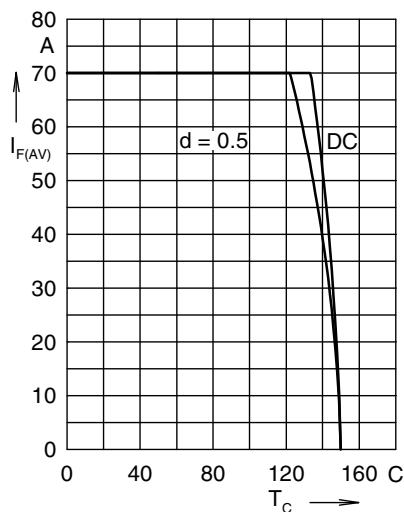


Fig. 4 Average forward current $I_{F(AV)}$ versus case temperature T_C

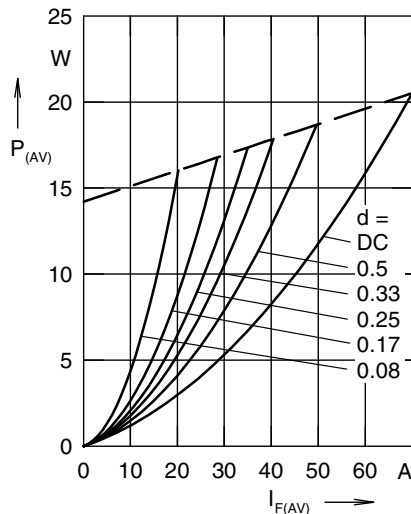


Fig. 5 Forward power loss characteristics

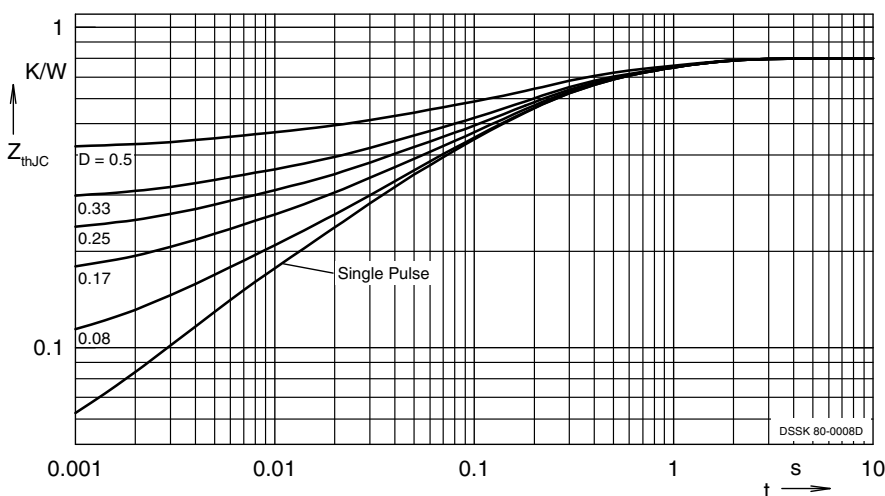


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case at various duty cycles

Note: All curves are per diode

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