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# HT32F52220/HT32F52230 Datasheet

**32-Bit Arm® Cortex®-M0+ Microcontroller,  
up to 32 KB Flash and 4 KB SRAM with 1 Msps ADC,  
USART, UART, SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C, GPTM, SCTM, BFTM, WDT**

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# 1 General Description

The Holtek HT32F52220/52230 devices are high performance, low power consumption 32-bit microcontrollers based around an Arm® Cortex®-M0+ processor core. The Cortex®-M0+ is a next-generation processor core which is tightly coupled with Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC), SysTick timer, and including advanced debug support.

The devices operate at a frequency of up to 40 MHz for HT32F52220/52230 with a Flash accelerator to obtain maximum efficiency. It provides up to 32 KB of embedded Flash memory for code/data storage and 4 KB of embedded SRAM memory for system operation and application program usage. A variety of peripherals, such as ADC, I<sup>2</sup>C, USART, UART, SPI, GPTM, SCTM, BFTM, WDT, SW-DP (Serial Wire Debug Port), etc., are also implemented in the device series. Several power saving modes provide the flexibility for maximum optimization between wakeup latency and power consumption, an especially important consideration in low power applications.

The above features ensure that the devices are suitable for use in a wide range of applications, especially in areas such as white goods application control, power monitors, alarm systems, consumer products, handheld equipment, data logging applications, motor control and so on.

**arm** CORTEX

## 2 Features

### Core

- 32-bit Arm® Cortex®-M0+ processor core
- Up to 40 MHz operating frequency
- Single-cycle multiplication
- Integrated Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- 24-bit SysTick timer

The Cortex®-M0+ processor is a very low gate count, highly energy efficient processor that is intended for microcontroller and deeply embedded applications that require an area optimized, low-power processor. The processor is based on the ARMv6-M architecture and supports Thumb® instruction sets; single-cycle I/O port; hardware multiplier and low latency interrupt respond time.

### On-chip Memory

- Up to 32 KB on-chip Flash memory for instruction/data and options storage
- 4 KB on-chip SRAM
- Supports multiple boot modes

The Arm® Cortex®-M0+ processor accesses and debug accesses share the single external interface to external AHB peripherals. The processor accesses take priority over debug accesses. The maximum address range of the Cortex®-M0+ is 4 GB since it has a 32-bit bus address width. Additionally, a pre-defined memory map is provided by the Cortex®-M0+ processor to reduce the software complexity of repeated implementation by different device vendors. However, some regions are used by the Arm® Cortex®-M0+ system peripherals. Refer to the Arm® Cortex®-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for more information. Figure 2 shows the memory map of the HT32F522320/52230 series of devices, including code, SRAM, peripheral, and other pre-defined regions.

### Flash Memory Controller – FMC

- Flash accelerator for maximum efficiency
- 32-bit word programming with In System Programming Interface (ISP) and In Application Programming (IAP)
- Flash protection capability to prevent illegal access

The Flash Memory Controller, FMC, provides all the necessary functions and pre-fetch buffer for the embedded on-chip Flash Memory. Since the access speed of the Flash Memory is slower than the CPU, a wide access interface with a pre-fetch buffer and cache are provided for the Flash Memory in order to reduce the CPU waiting time which will cause CPU instruction execution delays. Flash Memory word program/page erase functions are also provided.

## Reset Control Unit – RSTCU

- Supply supervisor:
  - Power On Reset / Power Down Reset – POR/PDR
  - Brown-out Detector – BOD
  - Programmable Low Voltage Detector – LVD

The Reset Control Unit, RSTCU, has three kinds of reset, a power on reset, a system reset and an APB unit reset. The power on reset, known as a cold reset, resets the full system during power up. A system reset resets the processor core and peripheral IP components with the exception of the SW-DP controller. The resets can be triggered by an external signal, internal events and the reset generators.

## Clock Control Unit – CKCU

- External 4 to 16 MHz crystal oscillator
- Internal 8 MHz RC oscillator trimmed to  $\pm 2\%$  accuracy at 3.3 V operating voltage and 25 °C operating temperature
- Internal 32 kHz RC oscillator
- Integrated system clock PLL
- Independent clock divider and gating bits for peripheral clock sources

The Clock Control unit, CKCU, provides a range of oscillator and clock functions. These include a High Speed Internal RC oscillator (HSI), a High Speed External crystal oscillator (HSE), a Low Speed Internal RC oscillator (LSI), a Phase Lock Loop (PLL), a HSE clock monitor, clock prescalers, clock multiplexers, APB clock divider and gating circuitry. The AHB, APB and Cortex®-M0+ clocks are derived from the system clock (CK\_SYS) which can come from the HSI, HSE or PLL. The Watchdog Timer use the LSI as their clock source.

## Power Management – PWRCU

- Single  $V_{DD}$  power supply: 2.0 V to 3.6 V
- Integrated 1.5 V LDO regulator for MCU core, peripherals and memories power supply
- Two power domains:  $V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{CORE}$
- Four power saving modes: Sleep, Deep-Sleep1, Deep-Sleep2, Power-Down

Power consumption can be regarded as one of the most important issues for many embedded system applications. Accordingly the Power Control Unit, PWRCU, in these devices provides many types of power saving modes such as Sleep, Deep-Sleep1, Deep-Sleep2 and Power-Down mode. These operating modes reduce the power consumption and allow the application to achieve the best trade-off between the conflicting demands of CPU operating time, speed and power consumption.

## External Interrupt/Event Controller – EXTI

- Up to 16 EXTI lines with configurable trigger source and type
- All GPIO pins can be selected as EXTI trigger source
- Source trigger type includes high level, low level, negative edge, positive edge, or both edge
- Individual interrupt enable, wakeup enable and status bits for each EXTI line
- Software interrupt trigger mode for each EXTI line
- Integrated deglitch filter for short pulse blocking

The External Interrupt/Event Controller, EXTI, comprises 16 edge detectors which can generate a wake-up event or interrupt requests independently. Each EXTI line can also be masked independently.

## Analog to Digital Converter – ADC

- 12-bit SAR ADC engine
- Up to 1 Msp/s conversion rate
- Up to 8 external analog input channels

A 12-bit multi-channel ADC is integrated in the device. There are multiplexed channels, which include 8 external analog signal channels and 2 internal channels which can be measured. If the input voltage is required to remain within a specific threshold window, an Analog Watchdog function will monitor and detect these signals. An interrupt will then be generated to inform the device that the input voltage is not within the preset threshold levels. There are three conversion modes to convert an analog signal to digital data. The ADC can be operated in one shot, continuous and discontinuous conversion modes.

## I/O Ports – GPIO

- Up to 23 GPIOs
- Port A, B are mapped as 16 external interrupts – EXTI
- Almost all I/O pins have a configurable output driving current

There are up to 23 General Purpose I/O pins, GPIO, named Port A and Port B for the implementation of logic input/output functions. Each of the GPIO ports has a series of related control and configuration registers to maximize flexibility and to meet the requirements of a wide range of applications.

The GPIO ports are pin-shared with other alternative functions to obtain maximum functional flexibility on the package pins. The GPIO pins can be used as alternative functional pins by configuring the corresponding registers regardless of the input or output pins. The external interrupts on the GPIO pins of the device have related control and configuration registers in the External Interrupt Control Unit, EXTI.

## General-Purpose Timer – GPTM

- 16-bit up, down, up / down auto-reload counter
- Up to 4 independent channels
- 16-bit programmable prescaler that allows division of the prescaler clock source by any factor between 1 and 65536 to generate the counter clock frequency
- Input Capture function
- Compare Match Output
- PWM waveform generation with Edge-aligned and Center-aligned Counting
- Single Pulse Mode Output
- Encoder interface controller with two inputs using quadrature decoder

The General-Purpose Timer Module, GPTM, consists of one 16-bit up/down-counter, four 16-bit Capture/Compare Registers (CCRs), one 16-bit Counter Reload Register (CRR) and several control/status registers. They can be used for a variety of purposes including general time measurement, input signal pulse width measurement, output waveform generation such as single pulse generation, or PWM output generation. The GPTM supports an Encoder Interface using a decoder with two inputs.

## Single-Channel Timer – SCTM

- 16-bit up and auto-reload counter
- One channel for each timer
- 16-bit programmable prescaler that allows division of the prescaler clock source by any factor between 1 and 65536 to generate the counter clock frequency
- Input Capture function
- Compare Match Output
- PWM waveform generation with Edge-aligned

The Single-Channel Timer, SCTM, consists of one 16-bit up-counter, one 16-bit Capture/Compare Register (CCR), one 16-bit Counter-Reload Register (CRR) and several control/status registers. It can be used for a variety of purposes including general timer, input signal pulse width measurement or output waveform generation such as single pulse generation or PWM output.

## Basic Function Timer – BFTM

- 32-bit compare / match count-up counter – no I/O control
- One shot mode – counter stops counting when compare match occurs
- Repetitive mode – counter restarts when compare match occurs

The Basic Function Timer Module, BFTM, is a simple count-up 32-bit counter designed to measure time intervals and generate a one shot or repetitive interrupts. The BFTM operates in two functional modes, repetitive or one shot mode. In the repetitive mode the BFTM restarts the counter when a compare match event occurs. The BFTM also supports a one shot mode which forces the counter to stop counting when a compare match event occurs.

## Watchdog Timer – WDT

- 12-bit down counter with 3-bit prescaler
- Provide reset to the system
- Programmable watchdog timer window function
- Register write protection function

The Watchdog Timer is a hardware timing circuit that can be used to detect system failures due to software malfunctions. It includes a 12-bit count-down counter, a prescaler, a WDT delta value register, WDT operation control circuitry and a WDT protection mechanism. If the software does not reload the counter value before a Watchdog Timer underflow occurs, a reset will be generated when the counter underflows. In addition, a reset is also generated if the software reloads the counter when the counter value is greater than the WDT delta value. This means the counter must be reloaded within a limited timing window using a specific method. The Watchdog Timer counter can be stopped while the processor is in the debug mode. There is a register write protect function which can be enabled to prevent it from changing the Watchdog Timer configuration unexpectedly.

## Inter-integrated Circuit – I<sup>2</sup>C

- Supports both master and slave modes with a frequency of up to 1 MHz
- Provides an arbitration function and clock synchronization
- Supports 7-bit and 10-bit addressing modes and general call addressing
- Supports slave multi-addressing mode with maskable address

The I<sup>2</sup>C is an internal circuit allowing communication with an external I<sup>2</sup>C interface which is an industry standard two line serial interface used for connection to external hardware. These two serial lines are known as a serial data line, SDA, and a serial clock line, SCL. The I<sup>2</sup>C module provides three data transfer rates: 100 kHz in the Standard mode, 400 kHz in the Fast mode and 1 MHz in the Fast plus mode. The SCL period generation register is used to setup different kinds of duty cycle implementations for the SCL pulse.

The SDA line which is connected directly to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus is a bi-directional data line between the master and slave devices and is used for data transmission and reception. The I<sup>2</sup>C also has an arbitration detect function and clock synchronization to prevent situations where more than one master attempts to transmit data to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus at the same time.

## Serial Peripheral Interface – SPI

- Supports both master and slave modes
- Frequency of up to ( $f_{PCLK}/2$ ) MHz for the master mode and ( $f_{PCLK}/3$ ) MHz for the slave mode
- FIFO Depth: 8 levels
- Multi-master and multi-slave operation

The Serial Peripheral Interface, SPI, provides an SPI protocol data transmit and receive function in both master and slave mode. The SPI interface uses 4 pins, which are the serial data input and output lines MISO and MOSI, the clock line, SCK, and the slave select line, SEL. One SPI device acts as a master device which controls the data flow using the SEL and SCK signals to indicate the start of data communication and the data sampling rate. To receive a data byte, the streamed data bits are latched on a specific clock edge and stored in the data register or in the RX FIFO. Data transmission is carried out in a similar way but in a reverse sequence. The mode fault detection provides a capability for multi-master applications.

## Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter – USART

- Supports both asynchronous and clocked synchronous serial communication modes
- Programmable baud rate clock frequency up to ( $f_{PCLK}/16$ ) MHz for Asynchronous mode and ( $f_{PCLK}/8$ ) MHz for synchronous mode
- Full duplex communication
- Fully programmable serial communication characteristics including:
  - Word length: 7, 8, or 9-bit character
  - Parity: Even, odd or no-parity bit generation and detection
  - Stop bit: 1 or 2 stop bit generation
  - Bit order: LSB-first or MSB-first transfer
- Error detection: Parity, overrun and frame error
- Auto hardware flow control mode – RTS, CTS
- IrDA SIR encoder and decoder
- RS485 mode with output enable control
- FIFO Depth: 8-level for both receiver and transmitter

The Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transceiver, USART, provides a flexible full duplex data exchange using synchronous or asynchronous data transfer. The USART is used to translate data between parallel and serial interfaces, and is commonly used for RS232 standard communication. The USART peripheral function supports four types of interrupt including Line Status Interrupt, Transmitter FIFO Empty Interrupt, Receiver Threshold Level Reaching Interrupt and Time Out Interrupt. The USART module includes a transmitter FIFO, (TX\_FIFO) and receiver FIFO (RX\_FIFO). The software can detect a USART error status by reading the USART Status & Interrupt Flag Register, USRSIFR. The status includes the type and the condition of transfer operations as well as several error conditions resulting from Parity, Overrun, Framing and Break events.

## Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter – UART

- Asynchronous serial communication operating baud-rate clock frequency up to ( $f_{PCLK}/16$ ) MHz
- Full duplex communication
- Fully programmable serial communication characteristics including:
  - Word length: 7, 8 or 9-bit character
  - Parity: Even, odd or no-parity bit generation and detection
  - Stop bit: 1 or 2 stop bit generation
  - Bit order: LSB-first or MSB-first transfer
- Error detection: Parity, overrun and frame error

The Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transceiver, UART, provides a flexible full duplex data exchange using asynchronous transfer. The UART is used to translate data between parallel and serial interfaces, and is commonly used for RS232 standard communication. The UART peripheral function supports Line Status Interrupt. The software can detect a UART error status by reading the UART Status & Interrupt Flag Register, URSIFR. The status includes the type and the condition of transfer operations as well as several error conditions resulting from Parity, Overrun, Framing and Break events.

## Debug Support

- Serial Wire Debug Port – SW-DP
- 4 comparators for hardware breakpoint or code / literal patch
- 2 comparators for hardware watchpoints

## Package and Operation Temperature

- 24/28-pin SSOP, 33-pin QFN package
- Operation temperature range: -40°C to 85°C

# 3 Overview

## Device Information

**Table 1. Features and Peripheral List**

| Peripherals             |                  | HT32F52220                   | HT32F52230 |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| Main Flash (KB)         |                  | 16                           | 31         |
| Option Bytes Flash (KB) |                  | 1                            | 1          |
| SRAM (KB)               |                  | 4                            | 4          |
| Timers                  | GPTM             | 1                            |            |
|                         | SCTM             | 2                            |            |
|                         | BFTM             | 1                            |            |
|                         | WDT              | 1                            |            |
| Communication           | SPI              | 1                            |            |
|                         | USART            | 1                            |            |
|                         | UART             | 1                            |            |
|                         | I <sup>2</sup> C | 1                            |            |
| EXTI                    |                  | 16                           |            |
| 12-bit ADC              |                  | 1                            |            |
| Number of channels      |                  | 8 Channels                   |            |
| GPIO                    |                  | Up to 23                     |            |
| CPU frequency           |                  | Up to 40 MHz                 |            |
| Operating voltage       |                  | 2.0 V ~ 3.6 V                |            |
| Operating temperature   |                  | -40°C ~ 85°C                 |            |
| Package                 |                  | 24 / 28-pin SSOP, 33-pin QFN |            |

## Block Diagram

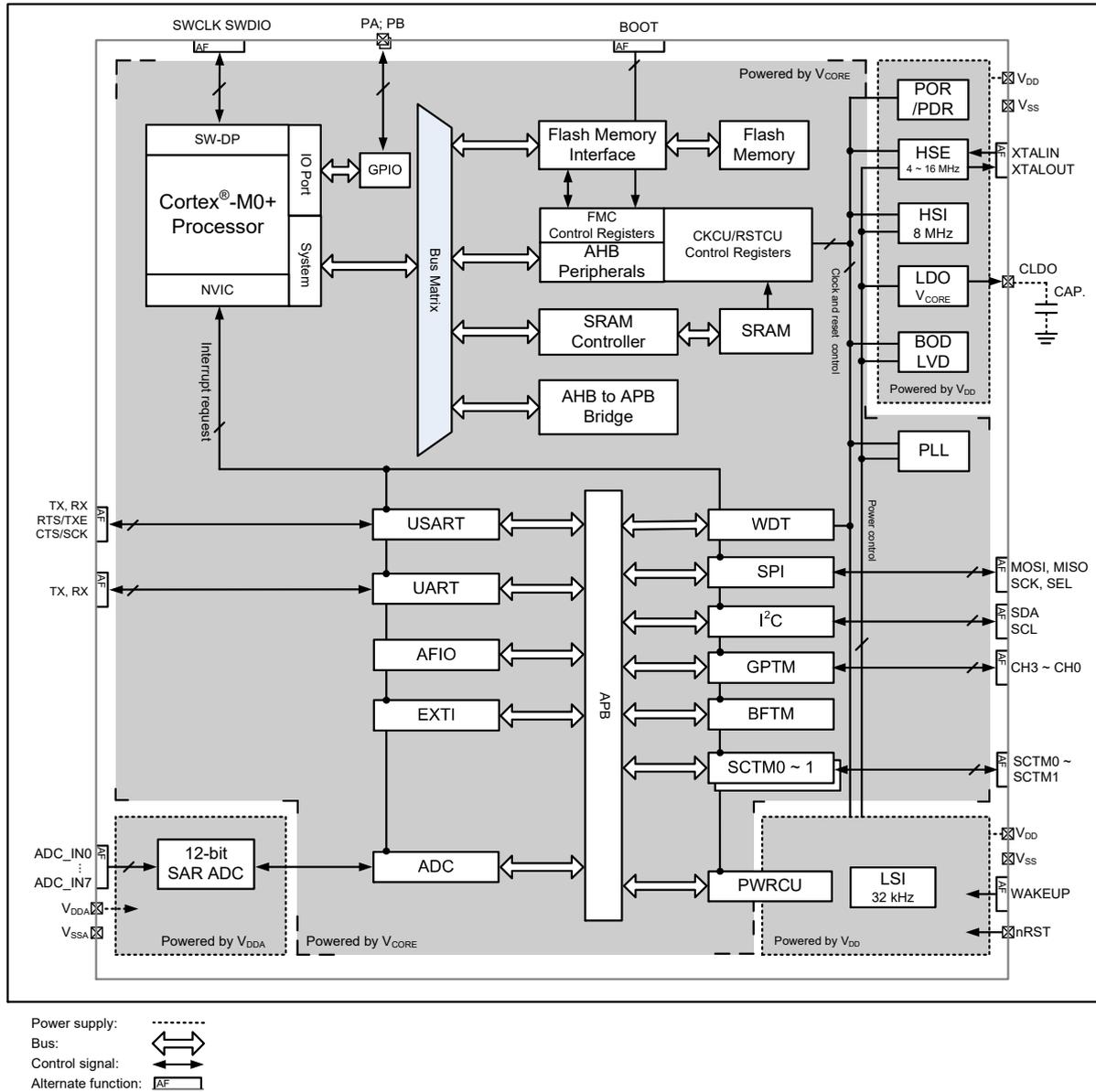


Figure 1. Block Diagram

## Memory Map

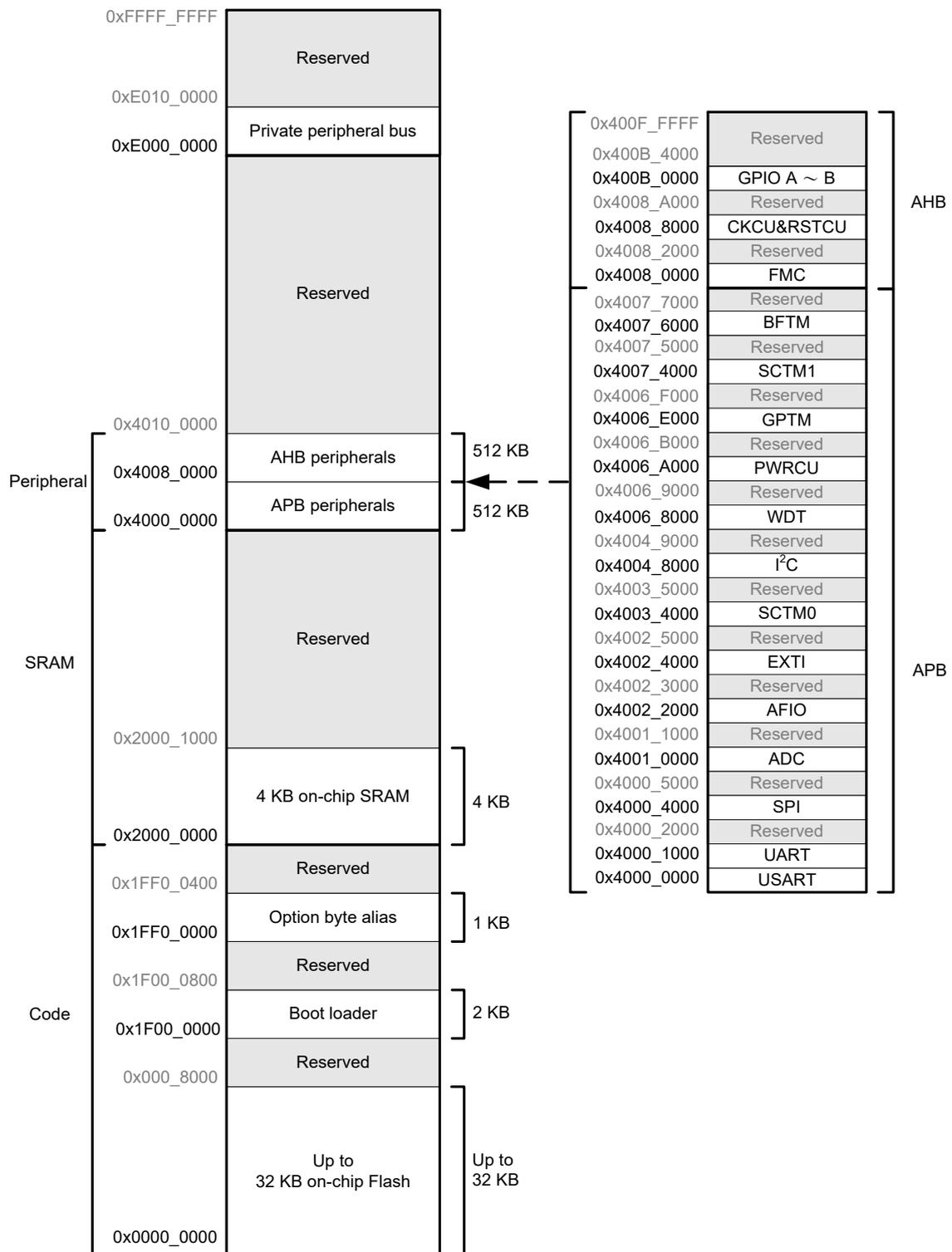


Figure 2. Memory Map

**Table 2. Register Map**

| Start Address | End Address | Peripheral       | Bus |     |
|---------------|-------------|------------------|-----|-----|
| 0x4000_0000   | 0x4000_0FFF | USART            | APB |     |
| 0x4000_1000   | 0x4000_1FFF | UART             |     |     |
| 0x4000_2000   | 0x4000_3FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4000_4000   | 0x4000_4FFF | SPI              |     |     |
| 0x4000_5000   | 0x4000_FFFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4001_0000   | 0x4001_0FFF | ADC              |     |     |
| 0x4001_1000   | 0x4002_1FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4002_2000   | 0x4002_2FFF | AFIO             |     |     |
| 0x4002_3000   | 0x4002_3FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4002_4000   | 0x4002_4FFF | EXTI             |     |     |
| 0x4002_5000   | 0x4003_3FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4003_4000   | 0x4003_4FFF | SCTM0            |     |     |
| 0x4003_5000   | 0x4004_7FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4004_8000   | 0x4004_8FFF | I <sup>2</sup> C |     |     |
| 0x4004_9000   | 0x4006_7FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4006_8000   | 0x4006_8FFF | WDT              |     |     |
| 0x4006_9000   | 0x4006_9FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4006_A000   | 0x4006_AFFF | PWRCU            |     |     |
| 0x4006_B000   | 0x4006_DFFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4006_E000   | 0x4006_EFFF | GPTM             |     |     |
| 0x4006_F000   | 0x4007_3FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4007_4000   | 0x4007_4FFF | SCTM1            |     |     |
| 0x4007_5000   | 0x4007_5FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4007_6000   | 0x4007_6FFF | BFTM             |     |     |
| 0x4007_7000   | 0x4007_FFFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4008_0000   | 0x4008_1FFF | FMC              |     | AHB |
| 0x4008_2000   | 0x4008_7FFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x4008_8000   | 0x4008_9FFF | CKCU&RSTCU       |     |     |
| 0x4008_A000   | 0x400A_FFFF | Reserved         |     |     |
| 0x400B_0000   | 0x400B_1FFF | GPIOA            |     |     |
| 0x400B_2000   | 0x400B_3FFF | GPIOB            |     |     |
| 0x400B_4000   | 0x400F_FFFF | Reserved         |     |     |

## Clock Structure

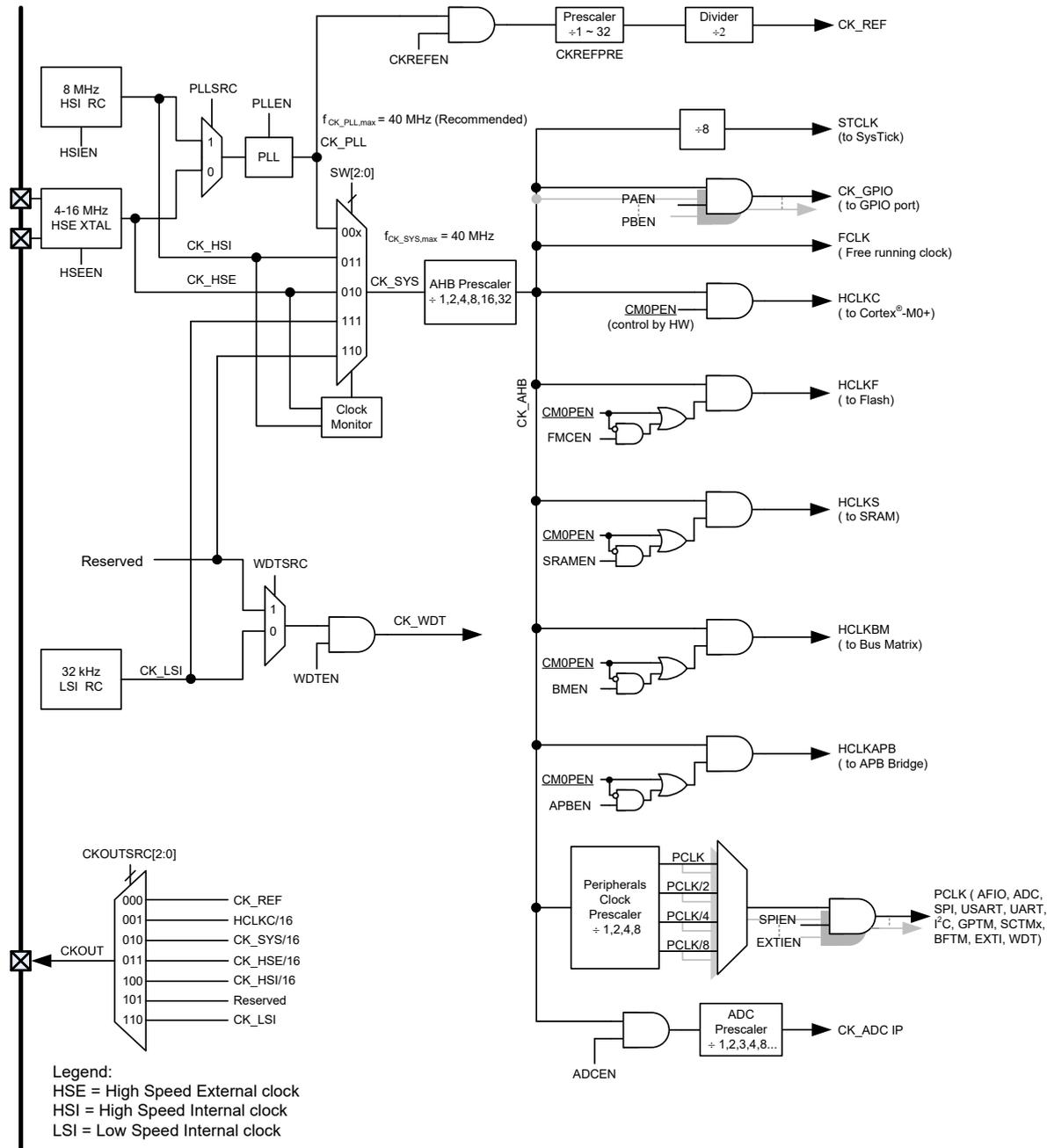
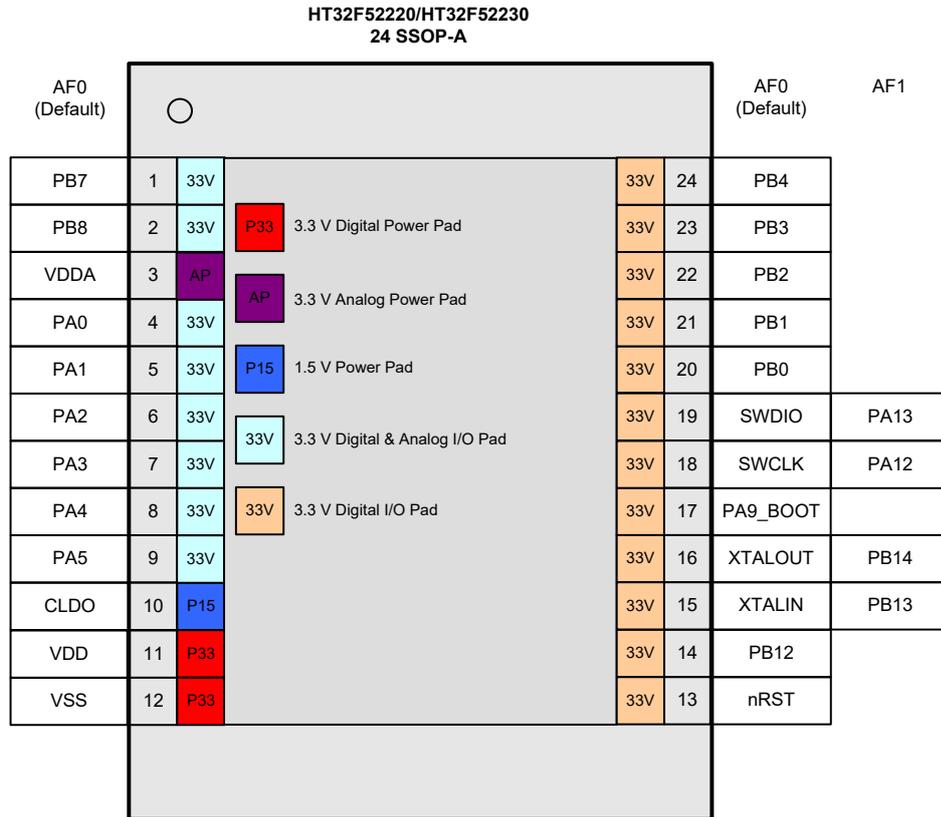
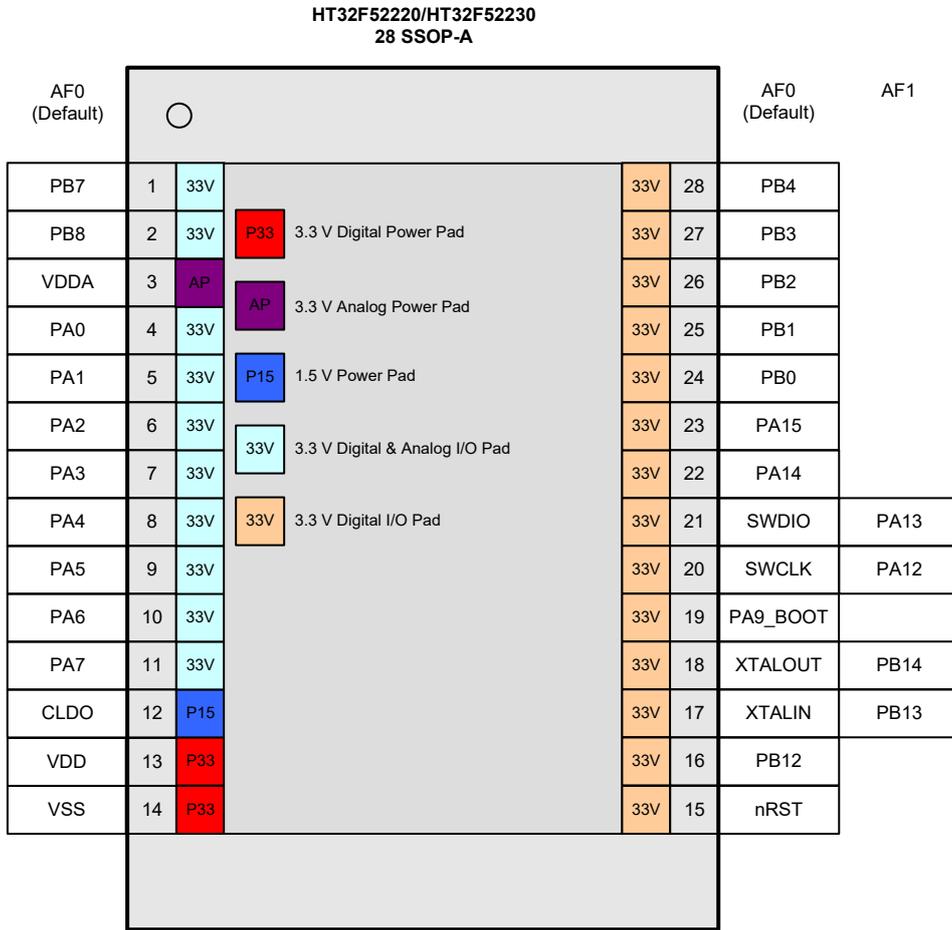


Figure 3. Clock Structure

# 4 Pin Assignment

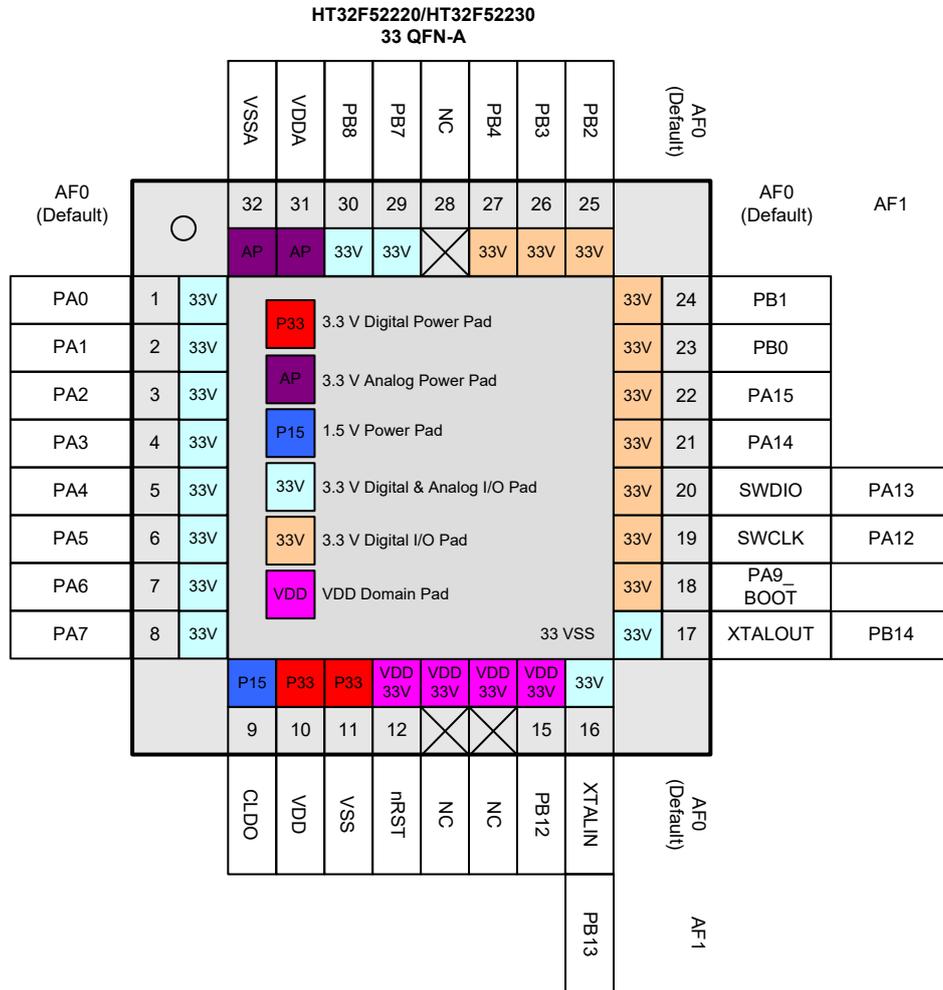


**Figure 4. 24-pin SSOP Pin Assignment**



4 Pin Assignment

**Figure 5. 28-pin SSOP Pin Assignment**



**Figure 6. 33-pin QFN Pin Assignment**

**Table 3. Series Pin Assignment**

| Package |         |         | Alternate Function Mapping |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
|---------|---------|---------|----------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 33 QFN  | 28 SSOP | 24 SSOP | AF0<br>System Default      | AF1<br>GPIO | AF2<br>ADC | AF3<br>N/A | AF4<br>GPTM | AF5<br>SPI | AF6<br>USART /UART | AF7<br>I <sup>2</sup> C | AF8<br>N/A | AF9<br>N/A | AF10<br>N/A | AF11<br>N/A | AF12<br>N/A | AF13<br>SCTM | AF14<br>N/A | AF15<br>System Other |
| 1       | 4       | 4       | PA0                        |             | ADC_IN0    |            | GT_CH0      | SPI_SCK    | USR_RTS            | I2C_SCL                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 2       | 5       | 5       | PA1                        |             | ADC_IN1    |            | GT_CH1      | SPI_MOSI   | USR_CTS            | I2C_SDA                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 3       | 6       | 6       | PA2                        |             | ADC_IN2    |            | GT_CH2      | SPI_MISO   | USR_TX             |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 4       | 7       | 7       | PA3                        |             | ADC_IN3    |            | GT_CH3      | SPI_SEL    | USR_RX             |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 5       | 8       | 8       | PA4                        |             | ADC_IN4    |            | GT_CH0      | SPI_SCK    | UR_TX              | I2C_SCL                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 6       | 9       | 9       | PA5                        |             | ADC_IN5    |            | GT_CH1      | SPI_MOSI   | UR_RX              | I2C_SDA                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 7       | 10      |         | PA6                        |             | ADC_IN6    |            | GT_CH2      | SPI_MISO   |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 8       | 11      |         | PA7                        |             | ADC_IN7    |            | GT_CH3      | SPI_SEL    |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 9       | 12      | 10      | CLDO                       |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 10      | 13      | 11      | VDD                        |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 11      | 14      | 12      | VSS                        |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 12      | 15      | 13      | nRST                       |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 13      |         |         | NC                         |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 14      |         |         | NC                         |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 15      | 16      | 14      | PB12                       |             |            |            |             | SPI_MISO   | UR_RX              |                         |            |            |             |             |             | SCTM0        |             | WAKEUP               |
| 16      | 17      | 15      | XTALIN                     | PB13        |            |            |             |            | UR_TX              | I2C_SCL                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 17      | 18      | 16      | XTALOUT                    | PB14        |            |            |             |            | UR_RX              | I2C_SDA                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 18      | 19      | 17      | PA9_BOOT                   |             |            |            |             | SPI_MOSI   |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             | SCTM1        |             | CKOUT                |
| 19      | 20      | 18      | SWCLK                      | PA12        |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 20      | 21      | 19      | SWDIO                      | PA13        |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 21      | 22      |         | PA14                       |             |            |            | GT_CH0      | SPI_SEL    | USR_RTS            | I2C_SCL                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 22      | 23      |         | PA15                       |             |            |            | GT_CH0      | SPI_SCK    | USR_CTS            | I2C_SDA                 |            |            |             |             |             | SCTM1        |             |                      |
| 23      | 24      | 20      | PB0                        |             |            |            | GT_CH1      | SPI_MOSI   | USR_TX             | I2C_SCL                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 24      | 25      | 21      | PB1                        |             |            |            | GT_CH1      | SPI_MISO   | USR_RX             | I2C_SDA                 |            |            |             |             |             | SCTM0        |             |                      |
| 25      | 26      | 22      | PB2                        |             |            |            | GT_CH2      | SPI_SEL    | UR_TX              |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 26      | 27      | 23      | PB3                        |             |            |            | GT_CH2      | SPI_SCK    | UR_RX              |                         |            |            |             |             |             | SCTM1        |             |                      |
| 27      | 28      | 24      | PB4                        |             |            |            |             | SPI_MOSI   | UR_TX              |                         |            |            |             |             |             | SCTM0        |             |                      |
| 28      |         |         | NC                         |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 29      | 1       | 1       | PB7                        |             |            |            | GT_CH3      | SPI_MISO   | UR_TX              | I2C_SCL                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 30      | 2       | 2       | PB8                        |             |            |            | GT_CH3      | SPI_SEL    | UR_RX              | I2C_SDA                 |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 31      | 3       | 3       | VDDA                       |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 32      |         |         | VSSA                       |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |
| 33      |         |         | VSS                        |             |            |            |             |            |                    |                         |            |            |             |             |             |              |             |                      |

**Table 4. Pin Description**

| Pin Number |        |        | Pin Name            | Type <sup>(1)</sup>    | I/O Structure <sup>(2)</sup> | Output Driving | Description   |
|------------|--------|--------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 33QFN      | 28SSOP | 24SSOP |                     |                        |                              |                | Default Function (AF0)  |
| 29         | 1      | 1      | PB7                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PB7   |
| 30         | 2      | 2      | PB8                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PB8   |
| 31         | 3      | 3      | VDDA                | P                      | —                            | —              | Analog voltage for ADC  |
| 32         |        |        | VSSA                | P                      | —                            | —              | Analog ground for ADC   |
| 33         |        |        | VSS                 | P                      |                              |                | Ground reference for digital I/O  |
| 1          | 4      | 4      | PA0                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA0   |
| 2          | 5      | 5      | PA1                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA1   |
| 3          | 6      | 6      | PA2                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA2   |
| 4          | 7      | 7      | PA3                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA3   |
| 5          | 8      | 8      | PA4                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA4, this pin provides a UART_TX function in the Boot loader mode.  |
| 6          | 9      | 9      | PA5                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA5, this pin provides a UART_RX function in the Boot loader mode.  |
| 7          | 10     |        | PA6                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA6   |
| 8          | 11     |        | PA7                 | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA7   |
| 9          | 12     | 10     | CLDO                | P                      | —                            | —              | Core power LDO V <sub>CORE</sub> output<br>It must be connected a 1 μF capacitor as close as possible between this pin and VSS pin. |
| 10         | 13     | 11     | VDD                 | P                      | —                            | —              | Voltage for digital I/O   |
| 11         | 14     | 12     | VSS                 | P                      | —                            | —              | Ground reference for digital I/O  |
| 12         | 15     | 13     | nRST <sup>(3)</sup> | I (V <sub>DD</sub> )   | 33V_PU                       | —              | External reset pin and external wakeup pin in the Power-Down mode   |
| 13         |        |        | NC                  | —                      | —                            | —              | —   |
| 14         |        |        | NC                  | —                      | —                            | —              | —   |
| 15         | 16     | 14     | PB12 <sup>(3)</sup> | I/O (V <sub>DD</sub> ) | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PB12  |
| 16         | 17     | 15     | PB13                | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | XTALIN  |
| 17         | 18     | 16     | PB14                | A/I/O                  | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | XTALOUT   |
| 18         | 19     | 17     | PA9                 | I/O                    | 33V_PU                       | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA9_BOOT  |
| 19         | 20     | 18     | PA12                | I/O                    | 33V_PU                       | 4/8/12/16 mA   | SWCLK   |
| 20         | 21     | 19     | PA13                | I/O                    | 33V_PU                       | 4/8/12/16 mA   | SWDIO   |
| 21         | 22     |        | PA14                | I/O                    | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA14  |
| 22         | 23     |        | PA15                | I/O                    | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PA15  |
| 23         | 24     | 20     | PB0                 | I/O                    | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PB0   |
| 24         | 25     | 21     | PB1                 | I/O                    | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PB1   |
| 25         | 26     | 22     | PB2                 | I/O                    | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PB2   |
| 26         | 27     | 23     | PB3                 | I/O                    | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PB3   |
| 27         | 28     | 24     | PB4                 | I/O                    | 33V                          | 4/8/12/16 mA   | PB4   |
| 28         |        |        | NC                  | —                      | —                            | —              | —   |

- Note: 1. I = Input, O = Output, A = Analog Port, P = Power Supply, V<sub>DD</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub> Power.  
 2. 33V = 3.3 V operation I/O type, PU = Pull-up.  
 3. These pins are located at the V<sub>DD</sub> power domain.  
 4. In the Boot loader mode, the UART interface is available for communication.

# 5 Electrical Characteristics

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following table shows the absolute maximum ratings of the device. These are stress ratings only. Stresses beyond absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Note that the device is not guaranteed to operate properly at the maximum ratings. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Table 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Symbol           | Parameter   | Min.                   | Max.                   | Unit |
|------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>  | External Main Supply Voltage                      | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3  | V <sub>SS</sub> + 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>DDA</sub> | External Analog Supply Voltage                    | V <sub>SSA</sub> - 0.3 | V <sub>SSA</sub> + 3.6 | V    |
| V <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Voltage on I/O                              | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3  | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3  | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>   | Ambient Operating Temperature Range               | -40                    | 85                     | °C   |
| T <sub>STG</sub> | Storage Temperature Range                         | -60                    | 150                    | °C   |
| T <sub>J</sub>   | Maximum Junction Temperature                      | —                      | 125                    | °C   |
| P <sub>D</sub>   | Total Power Dissipation                           | —                      | 500                    | mW   |
| V <sub>ESD</sub> | Electrostatic Discharge Voltage – Human Body Mode | -4000                  | +4000                  | V    |

## Recommended DC Operating Conditions

**Table 6. Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol           | Parameter                | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>  | I/O Operating Voltage    | —          | 2.0  | 3.3  | 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>DDA</sub> | Analog Operating Voltage | —          | 2.5  | 3.3  | 3.6  | V    |

## On-Chip LDO Voltage Regulator Characteristics

**Table 7. LDO Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol           | Parameter  | Conditions  | Min.  | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|--|---|-------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>LDO</sub> | Internal Regulator Output Voltage                              | V <sub>DD</sub> ≥ 2.0 V Regulator input @<br>I <sub>LDO</sub> = 35 mA and voltage variant =<br>± 5 %, After trimming. | 1.425 | 1.5  | 1.57 | V    |
| I <sub>LDO</sub> | Output Current   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.0 V Regulator input @<br>V <sub>LDO</sub> = 1.5 V   | —     | 30   | 35   | mA   |
| C <sub>LDO</sub> | External Filter Capacitor Value for Internal Core Power Supply | The capacitor value is dependent on the core power current consumption  | —     | 1    | —    | μF   |

## Power Consumption

**Table 8. Power Consumption Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol          | Parameter                         | Conditions   | Typ. | Max. @ T <sub>A</sub> |       | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|------|-----------------------|-------|------|
|                 |                                   |  |      | 25 °C                 | 85 °C |      |
| I <sub>DD</sub> | Supply Current (Run Mode)         | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, HSI = 8 MHz, PLL = 40 MHz, f <sub>CPU</sub> = 40 MHz, f <sub>BUS</sub> = 40 MHz, All peripherals enabled  | 9.3  | 10.6                  | —     | mA   |
|                 |                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, HSI = 8 MHz, PLL = 40 MHz, f <sub>CPU</sub> = 40 MHz, f <sub>BUS</sub> = 40 MHz, All peripherals disabled | 6.0  | 6.8                   | —     | mA   |
|                 |                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, HSI off, PLL off, LSI on, f <sub>CPU</sub> = 32 kHz, f <sub>BUS</sub> = 32 kHz, All peripherals enabled   | 39   | 52                    | —     | μA   |
|                 |                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, HSI off, PLL off, LSI on, f <sub>CPU</sub> = 32 kHz, f <sub>BUS</sub> = 32 kHz, All peripherals disabled  | 36   | 48                    | —     | μA   |
|                 | Supply Current (Sleep Mode)       | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, HSI = 8 MHz, PLL = 40 MHz, f <sub>CPU</sub> = 0 MHz, f <sub>BUS</sub> = 40 MHz, All peripherals enabled   | 4.9  | 5.6                   | —     | mA   |
|                 |                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, HSI = 8 MHz, PLL = 40 MHz, f <sub>CPU</sub> = 0 MHz, f <sub>BUS</sub> = 40 MHz, All peripherals disabled  | 1.0  | 1.15                  | —     | mA   |
|                 | Supply Current (Deep-Sleep1 Mode) | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, All clock off (HSE/HSI/PLL), LDO in low power mode, LSI on  | 32.0 | 49.0                  | —     | μA   |
|                 | Supply Current (Deep-Sleep2 Mode) | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, All clock off (HSE/HSI/PLL), LDO off DMOS on, LSI on  | 3.67 | 7.5                   | —     | μA   |
|                 | Supply Current (Power-Down Mode)  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, LDO off, DMOS off, LSI on   | 1.3  | 2.0                   | —     | μA   |

Note: 1. HSE means high speed external oscillator. HSI means 8 MHz high speed internal oscillator.  
 2. LSI means 32 kHz low speed internal oscillator.  
 3. Code = while (1) { 208 NOP } executed in Flash.  
 4. f<sub>BUS</sub> means f<sub>HCLK</sub> and f<sub>PCLK</sub>.

## Reset and Supply Monitor Characteristics

**Table 9. V<sub>DD</sub> Power Reset Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol               | Parameter  | Conditions                      | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>POR</sub>     | Power on reset threshold (Rising Voltage on V <sub>DD</sub> )    | T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C | 1.66 | 1.79 | 1.90 | V    |
| V <sub>PDR</sub>     | Power down reset threshold (Falling Voltage on V <sub>DD</sub> ) |                                 | 1.49 | 1.64 | 1.78 | V    |
| V <sub>PORHYST</sub> | POR hysteresis   | —                               | —    | 150  | —    | mV   |
| t <sub>POR</sub>     | Reset delay time   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V         | —    | 0.1  | 0.2  | ms   |

Note: 1. Data based on characterization results only, not tested in production.  
 2. If the LDO is turned on, the V<sub>DD</sub> POR has to be in the de-assertion condition. When the V<sub>DD</sub> POR is in the assertion state then the LDO will be turned off.

**Table 10. LVD / BOD Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol               | Parameter   | Conditions   | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit  |
|----------------------|---|--|------|------|------|-------|
| V <sub>BOD</sub>     | Voltage of Brown Out Detection                                  | After factory-trimmed (V <sub>DD</sub> Falling edge) | 2.02 | 2.1  | 2.18 | V     |
| V <sub>LVD</sub>     | Voltage of Low Voltage Detection (V <sub>DD</sub> Falling edge) | LVDS = 000   | 2.17 | 2.25 | 2.33 | V     |
|                      |   | LVDS = 001   | 2.32 | 2.4  | 2.48 | V     |
|                      |   | LVDS = 010   | 2.47 | 2.55 | 2.63 | V     |
|                      |   | LVDS = 011   | 2.62 | 2.7  | 2.78 | V     |
|                      |   | LVDS = 100   | 2.77 | 2.85 | 2.93 | V     |
|                      |   | LVDS = 101   | 2.92 | 3.0  | 3.08 | V     |
|                      |   | LVDS = 110   | 3.07 | 3.15 | 3.23 | V     |
|                      | LVDS = 111  | 3.22   | 3.3  | 3.38 | V    |       |
| V <sub>LVDHTST</sub> | Lvd Hysteresis  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V                              | —    | —    | 100  | mV    |
| t <sub>suLVD</sub>   | Lvd Setup Time  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V                              | —    | —    | —    | 5 μs  |
| t <sub>aiLVD</sub>   | Lvd Active Delay Time   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V                              | —    | —    | —    | μs    |
| I <sub>DDLVD</sub>   | Operation Current <sup>(2)</sup>                                | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V                              | —    | —    | 5    | 15 μA |

- Note: 1. Data based on characterization results only, not tested in production.  
 2. Bandgap current is not included.  
 3. LVDS field is in the PWRCU LVDCSR register

## External Clock Characteristics

**Table 11. High Speed External Clock (HSE) Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol              | Parameter  | Conditions   | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------|--|--|------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>     | Operation Range  | —  | 2.0  | —    | 3.6  | V    |
| f <sub>HSE</sub>    | High Speed External Oscillator Frequency (HSE)             | —  | 4    | —    | 16   | MHz  |
| C <sub>L</sub>      | Load Capacitance   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, R <sub>ESR</sub> = 100 Ω @ 16 MHz   | —    | —    | 22   | pF   |
| R <sub>FBHSE</sub>  | Internal Feedback Resistor Between XTALIN and XTALOUT Pins | —  | —    | 1    | —    | MΩ   |
| R <sub>ESR</sub>    | Equivalent Series Resistance                               | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 12 pF @ 16 MHz, HSEDR = 0<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 12 pF @ 16 MHz, HSEDR = 1 | —    | —    | 160  | Ω    |
| D <sub>HSE</sub>    | HSE Oscillator Duty Cycle                                  | —  | 40   | —    | 60   | %    |
| I <sub>DDHSE</sub>  | HSE Oscillator Current Consumption                         | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V @ 16 MHz   | —    | TBD  | —    | mA   |
| I <sub>PWDHSE</sub> | HSE Oscillator Power Down Current                          | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V  | —    | —    | 0.01 | μA   |
| t <sub>suHSE</sub>  | HSE Oscillator Startup Time                                | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V  | —    | —    | 4    | ms   |

Note: The following guidelines are recommended to increase the stability of the crystal circuit of the HSE clock in the PCB layout:

1. The crystal oscillator should be located as close as possible to the MCU to keep the trace lengths as short as possible to reduce any parasitic capacitance.
2. Shield lines in the vicinity of the crystal by using a ground plane to isolate signals and reduce noise.
3. Keep any high frequency signal lines away from the crystal area to prevent any crosstalk adverse effects.

## Internal Clock Characteristics

**Table 12. High Speed Internal Clock (HSI) Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol             | Parameter  | Conditions   | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|--|--|------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>    | Operation Range                                      | —  | 2.0  | —    | 3.6  | V    |
| f <sub>HSI</sub>   | HSI Frequency  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V @ 25°C                                   | —    | 8    | —    | MHz  |
| ACC <sub>HSI</sub> | Factory Calibrated Hsi Oscillator Frequency Accuracy | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C                   | -2   | —    | 2    | %    |
|                    |  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V ~ 3.6 V, T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C | -3   | —    | 3    | %    |
|                    |  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.0 V ~ 3.6 V, T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C | -4   | —    | 4    | %    |
| Duty               | HSI Duty Cycle                                       | f <sub>HSI</sub> = 8 MHz   | 35   | —    | 65   | %    |
| I <sub>DDHSI</sub> | HSI Oscillator Supply Current                        | f <sub>HSI</sub> = 8 MHz   | —    | 300  | 500  | μA   |
|                    | Power Down Current                                   |  | —    | —    | 0.05 | μA   |
| t <sub>suHSI</sub> | HSI Startup Time                                     | f <sub>HSI</sub> = 8 MHz   | —    | —    | 10   | μs   |

**Table 13. Low Speed Internal Clock (LSI) Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol             | Parameter                                     | Conditions  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|---|---|------|------|------|------|
| f <sub>LSI</sub>   | Low Speed Internal Oscillator Frequency (LSI) | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C              | 21   | 32   | 43   | kHz  |
| ACC <sub>LSI</sub> | LSI Frequency Accuracy                        | After factory-trimmed, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C | -10  | —    | +10  | %    |
| I <sub>DDL</sub>   | LSI Oscillator Operating Current              | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C                        | —    | 0.4  | 0.8  | μA   |
| t <sub>SULSI</sub> | LSI Oscillator StartUp Time                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C                        | —    | —    | 100  | μs   |

## PLL Characteristics

**Table 14. PLL Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol              | Parameter        | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------|------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|
| f <sub>PLLIN</sub>  | PLL Input Clock  | —          | 4    | —    | 16   | MHz  |
| f <sub>CK_PLL</sub> | PLL Output Clock | —          | 16   | —    | 48   | MHz  |
| t <sub>LOCK</sub>   | PLL Lock Time    | —          | —    | 200  | —    | μs   |

## Memory Characteristics

**Table 15. Flash Memory Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol              | Parameter  | Conditions                      | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit     |
|---------------------|--|---------------------------------|------|------|------|----------|
| N <sub>ENDU</sub>   | Number of Guaranteed Program / Erase Cycles before Failure (Endurance) | T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C | 20   | —    | —    | K cycles |
| t <sub>RET</sub>    | Data Retention Time  | T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C | 10   | —    | —    | Years    |
| t <sub>PROG</sub>   | Word Programming Time  | T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C | 20   | —    | —    | μs       |
| t <sub>ERASE</sub>  | Page Erase Time  | T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C | 2    | —    | —    | ms       |
| t <sub>MERASE</sub> | Mass Erase Time  | T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ 85 °C | 10   | —    | —    | ms       |

## I/O Port Characteristics

Table 16. I/O Port Characteristics

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol           | Parameter                                       | Conditions   | Min.   | Typ.                   | Max.                   | Unit |    |
|------------------|---|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|------|----|
| I <sub>IL</sub>  | Low Level Input Current                         | 3.3 V I/O  | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> , On-chip pull-up resistor disabled   | —                      | —                      | 3    | μA |
|                  |   | Reset pin  |  | —                      | —                      | 3    | μA |
| I <sub>IH</sub>  | High Level Input Current                        | 3.3 V I/O  | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> , On-chip pull-down resistor disabled | —                      | —                      | 3    | μA |
|                  |   | Reset pin  |  | —                      | —                      | 3    | μA |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | Low Level Input Voltage                         | 3.3 V I/O  | - 0.5  | —                      | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.35 | V    |    |
|                  |   | Reset pin  | - 0.5  | —                      | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.35 | V    |    |
| V <sub>IH</sub>  | High Level Input Voltage                        | 3.3 V I/O  | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.65   | —                      | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5  | V    |    |
|                  |   | Reset pin  | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.65   | —                      | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5  | V    |    |
| V <sub>HYS</sub> | Schmitt Trigger Input Voltage Hysteresis        | 3.3 V I/O  | —  | 0.12 × V <sub>DD</sub> | —                      | mV   |    |
|                  |   | Reset pin  | —  | 0.12 × V <sub>DD</sub> | —                      | mV   |    |
| I <sub>OL</sub>  | Low Level Output Current (GPIO Sink Current)    | 3.3 V I/O 4 mA drive, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V                    | 4  | —                      | —                      | mA   |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V I/O 8 mA drive, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V                    | 8  | —                      | —                      | mA   |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V I/O 12 mA drive, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V                   | 12   | —                      | —                      | mA   |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V I/O 16 mA drive, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V                   | 16   | —                      | —                      | mA   |    |
| I <sub>OH</sub>  | High Level Output Current (GPIO Source Current) | 3.3 V I/O 4 mA drive, V <sub>OH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4 V  | 4  | —                      | —                      | mA   |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V I/O 8 mA drive, V <sub>OH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4 V  | 8  | —                      | —                      | mA   |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V I/O 12 mA drive, V <sub>OH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4 V | 12   | —                      | —                      | mA   |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V I/O 16 mA drive, V <sub>OH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4 V | 16   | —                      | —                      | mA   |    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Low Level Output Voltage                        | 3.3 V 4 mA drive I/O, I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA                     | —  | —                      | 0.4                    | V    |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V 8 mA drive I/O, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA                     | —  | —                      | 0.4                    | V    |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V 12 mA drive I/O, I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA                   | —  | —                      | 0.4                    | V    |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V 16 mA drive I/O, I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA                   | —  | —                      | 0.4                    | V    |    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | High Level Output Voltage                       | 3.3 V 4 mA drive I/O, I <sub>OH</sub> = 4 mA                     | V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4  | —                      | —                      | V    |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V 8 mA drive I/O, I <sub>OH</sub> = 8 mA                     | V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4  | —                      | —                      | V    |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V 12 mA drive I/O, I <sub>OH</sub> = 12 mA                   | V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4  | —                      | —                      | V    |    |
|                  |   | 3.3 V 16 mA drive I/O, I <sub>OH</sub> = 16 mA                   | V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4  | —                      | —                      | V    |    |
| R <sub>PU</sub>  | Internal Pull-up Resistor                       | 3.3 V I/O  | —  | 46                     | —                      | kΩ   |    |
| R <sub>PD</sub>  | Internal Pull-down Resistor                     | 3.3 V I/O  | —  | 46                     | —                      | kΩ   |    |

## ADC Characteristics

Table 17. ADC Characteristics

T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol               | Parameter                         | Conditions   | Min. | Typ.             | Max.              | Unit                         |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| V <sub>DDA</sub>     | Operating Voltage                 | —  | 2.5  | 3.3              | 3.6               | V                            |
| V <sub>ADCIN</sub>   | A/D Converter Input Voltage Range | —  | 0    | —                | V <sub>REF+</sub> | V                            |
| V <sub>REF+</sub>    | A/D Converter Reference Voltage   | —  | —    | V <sub>DDA</sub> | V <sub>DDA</sub>  | V                            |
| I <sub>ADC</sub>     | Current Consumption               | V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V                             | —    | 1                | TBD               | mA                           |
| I <sub>ADC_DN</sub>  | Power Down Current Consumption    | V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V                             | —    | —                | 0.1               | µA                           |
| f <sub>ADC</sub>     | A/D Converter Clock               | —  | 0.7  | —                | 16                | MHz                          |
| f <sub>s</sub>       | Sampling Rate                     | —  | 0.05 | —                | 1                 | Msp/s                        |
| t <sub>DL</sub>      | Data Latency                      | —  | —    | 12.5             | —                 | 1/f <sub>ADC</sub><br>Cycles |
| t <sub>s&amp;H</sub> | Sampling & Hold Time              | —  | —    | 3.5              | —                 | 1/f <sub>ADC</sub><br>Cycles |
| t <sub>ADCCONV</sub> | A/D Converter Conversion Time     | ADST[7:0] = 0x02                                     | —    | 16               | —                 | 1/f <sub>ADC</sub><br>Cycles |
| R <sub>i</sub>       | Input Sampling Switch Resistance  | —  | —    | —                | 1                 | kΩ                           |
| C <sub>i</sub>       | Input Sampling Capacitance        | No pin/pad capacitance included                      | —    | 16               | —                 | pF                           |
| t <sub>SU</sub>      | Startup Time                      | —  | —    | —                | 1                 | µs                           |
| N                    | Resolution                        | —  | —    | 12               | —                 | bits                         |
| INL                  | Integral Non-Linearity Error      | f <sub>s</sub> = 750 ksp/s, V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V | —    | ±2               | ±5                | LSB                          |
| DNL                  | Differential Non-Linearity Error  | f <sub>s</sub> = 750 ksp/s, V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V | —    | ±1               | —                 | LSB                          |
| E <sub>O</sub>       | Offset Error                      | —  | —    | —                | ±10               | LSB                          |
| E <sub>G</sub>       | Gain Error                        | —  | —    | —                | ±10               | LSB                          |

Note: 1. Data based on characterization results only, not tested in production.

- Due to the A/D Converter input channel and GPIO pin-shared function design limitation, the V<sub>DDA</sub> supply power of the A/D Converter has to be equal to the V<sub>DD</sub> supply power of the MCU in the application circuit.
- The figure below shows the equivalent circuit of the A/D Converter Sample-and-Hold input stage where C<sub>i</sub> is the storage capacitor, R<sub>i</sub> is the resistance of the sampling switch and R<sub>s</sub> is the output impedance of the signal source V<sub>s</sub>. Normally the sampling phase duration is approximately, 3.5/f<sub>ADC</sub>. The capacitance, C<sub>i</sub>, must be charged within this time frame and it must be ensured that the voltage at its terminals becomes sufficiently close to V<sub>s</sub> for accuracy. To guarantee this, R<sub>s</sub> is not allowed to have an arbitrarily large value.

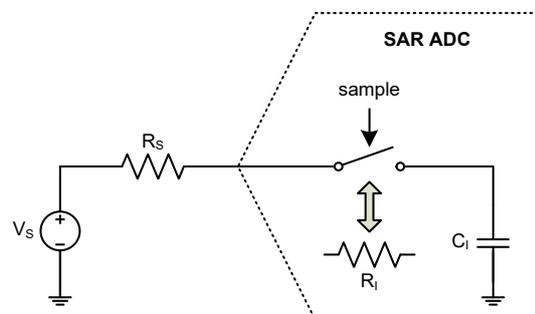


Figure 7. ADC Sampling Network Model

The worst case occurs when the extremities of the input range (0V and  $V_{REF}$ ) are sampled consecutively. In this situation a sampling error below  $\frac{1}{4}$  LSB is ensured by using the following equation:

$$R_s < \frac{3.5}{f_{ADC} C_1 \ln(2^{N+2})} - R_I$$

Where  $f_{ADC}$  is the ADC clock frequency and N is the ADC resolution (N = 12 in this case). A safe margin should be considered due to the pin/pad parasitic capacitances, which are not accounted for in this simple model.

If, in a system where the A/D Converter is used, there are no rail-to-rail input voltage variations between consecutive sampling phases,  $R_s$  may be larger than the value indicated by the equation above.

## SCTM / GPTM Characteristics

Table 18. SCTM/GPTM Characteristics

| Symbol    | Parameter                                  | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit     |
|-----------|--|------------|------|------|------|----------|
| $f_{TM}$  | Timer Clock Source for SCTM / GPTM         | —          | —    | —    | 48   | MHz      |
| $t_{RES}$ | Timer Resolution Time                      | —          | —    | —    | —    | $f_{TM}$ |
| $f_{EXT}$ | External Signal Frequency on Channel 1 ~ 4 | —          | —    | —    | 1/2  | $f_{TM}$ |
| RES       | Timer Resolution                           | —          | —    | —    | 16   | bits     |

## I<sup>2</sup>C Characteristics

Table 19. I<sup>2</sup>C Characteristics

| Symbol        | Parameter                         | Standard Mode |      | Fast Mode |       | Fast Mode Plus |       | Unit    |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|------|-----------|-------|----------------|-------|---------|
|               |                                   | Min.          | Max. | Min.      | Max.  | Min.           | Max.  |         |
| $f_{SCL}$     | Scl Clock Frequency               | —             | 100  | —         | 400   | —              | 1000  | kHz     |
| $t_{SCL(H)}$  | Scl Clock High Time               | 4.5           | —    | 1.125     | —     | 0.45           | —     | $\mu$ s |
| $t_{SCL(L)}$  | Scl Clock Low Time                | 4.5           | —    | 1.125     | —     | 0.45           | —     | $\mu$ s |
| $t_{FALL}$    | Scl And Sda Fall Time             | —             | 1.3  | —         | 0.34  | —              | 0.135 | $\mu$ s |
| $t_{RISE}$    | Scl And Sda Rise Time             | —             | 1.3  | —         | 0.34  | —              | 0.135 | $\mu$ s |
| $t_{SU(SDA)}$ | Sda Data Setup Time               | 500           | —    | 125       | —     | 50             | —     | ns      |
| $t_{H(SDA)}$  | SDA Data Hold Time <sup>(5)</sup> | 0             | —    | 0         | —     | 0              | —     | ns      |
|               | SDA Data Hold Time <sup>(6)</sup> | 100           | —    | 100       | —     | 100            | —     | ns      |
| $t_{VD(SDA)}$ | SDA Data Valid Time               | —             | 1.6  | —         | 0.475 | —              | 0.25  | $\mu$ s |
| $t_{SU(STA)}$ | Start Condition Setup Time        | 500           | —    | 125       | —     | 50             | —     | ns      |
| $t_{H(STA)}$  | Start Condition Hold Time         | 0             | —    | 0         | —     | 0              | —     | ns      |
| $t_{SU(STO)}$ | Stop Condition Setup Time         | 500           | —    | 125       | —     | 50             | —     | ns      |

Note: 1. Data based on characterization results only, not tested in production.

2. To achieve 100 kHz standard mode, the peripheral clock frequency must be higher than 2 MHz.

3. To achieve 400 kHz fast mode, the peripheral clock frequency must be higher than 8 MHz.

4. To achieve 1 MHz fast mode plus, the peripheral clock frequency must be higher than 20 MHz.

5. The above characteristic parameters of the I<sup>2</sup>C bus timing are based on: COMBFILTEREN = 0 and SEQFILTER = 00.

6. The above characteristic parameters of the I<sup>2</sup>C bus timing are based on: COMBFILTEREN = 1 and SEQFILTER = 00.

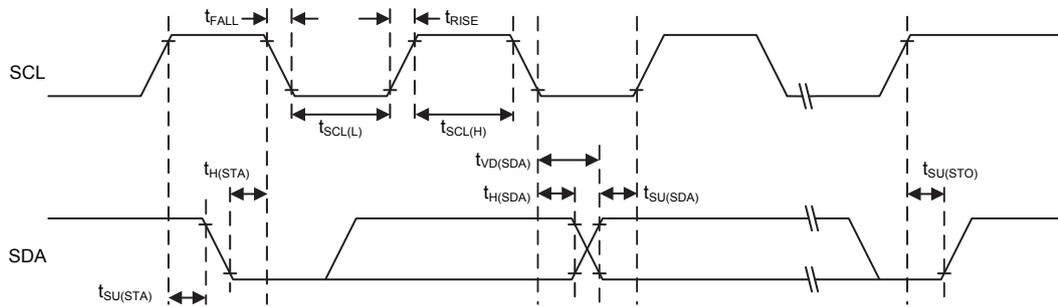


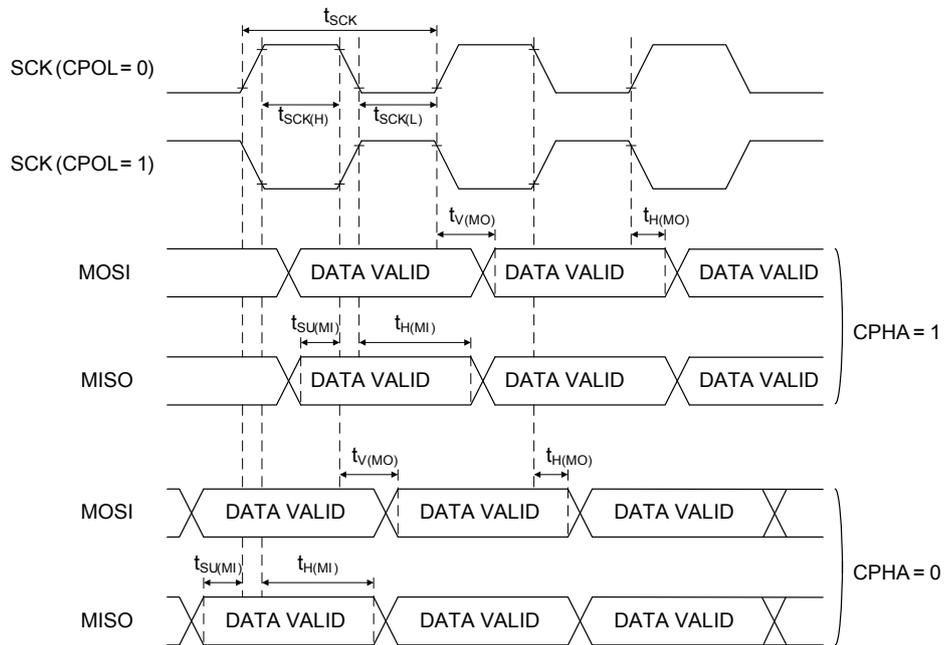
Figure 8. I²C Timing Diagrams

## SPI Characteristics

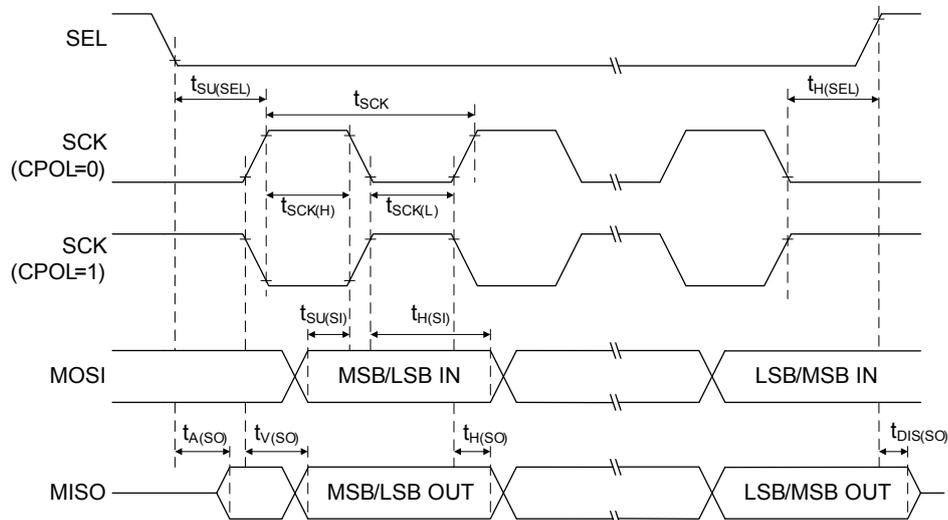
Table 20. SPI Characteristics

| Symbol                       | Parameter                             | Conditions                                | Min.            | Typ. | Max.            | Unit |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|
| <b>SPI Master Mode</b>       |                                       |   |                 |      |                 |      |
| $f_{SCK}$                    | SPI Master Output SCK Clock Frequency | SPI peripheral clock frequency $f_{PCLK}$ | —               | —    | $f_{PCLK}/2$    | MHz  |
| $t_{SCK(H)}$<br>$t_{SCK(L)}$ | SCK Clock High and Low Time           | —   | $t_{SCK}/2 - 2$ | —    | $t_{SCK}/2 + 1$ | ns   |
| $t_{V(MO)}$                  | Data Output Valid Time                | —   | -               | —    | 5               | ns   |
| $t_{H(MO)}$                  | Data Output Hold Time                 | —   | 2               | —    | —               | ns   |
| $t_{SU(MI)}$                 | Data Input Setup Time                 | —   | 5               | —    | —               | ns   |
| $t_{H(MI)}$                  | Data Input Hold Time                  | —   | 5               | —    | —               | ns   |
| <b>SPI Slave Mode</b>        |                                       |   |                 |      |                 |      |
| $f_{SCK}$                    | SPI Slave Input SCK Clock Frequency   | SPI peripheral clock frequency $f_{PCLK}$ | —               | —    | $f_{PCLK}/3$    | MHz  |
| $Duty_{SCK}$                 | SPI Slave Input SCK Clock Duty Cycle  | —   | 30              | —    | 70              | %    |
| $t_{SU(SEL)}$                | SEL Enable Setup Time                 | —   | $3 t_{PCLK}$    | —    | —               | ns   |
| $t_{H(SEL)}$                 | SEL Enable Hold Time                  | —   | $2 t_{PCLK}$    | —    | —               | ns   |
| $t_{A(SO)}$                  | Data Output Access Time               | —   | —               | —    | $3 t_{PCLK}$    | ns   |
| $t_{DIS(SO)}$                | Data Output Disable Time              | —   | —               | —    | 10              | ns   |
| $t_{V(SO)}$                  | Data Output Valid Time                | —   | —               | —    | 25              | ns   |
| $t_{H(SO)}$                  | Data Output Hold Time                 | —   | 15              | —    | —               | ns   |
| $t_{SU(SI)}$                 | Data Input Setup Time                 | —   | 5               | —    | —               | ns   |
| $t_{H(SI)}$                  | Data Input Hold Time                  | —   | 4               | —    | —               | ns   |

Note: 1.  $f_{SCK}$  is SPI output/input clock frequency and  $t_{SCK} = 1/f_{SCK}$ .  
2.  $f_{PCLK}$  is SPI peripheral clock frequency and  $t_{PCLK} = 1/f_{PCLK}$ .



**Figure 9. SPI Timing Diagrams – SPI Master Mode**



**Figure 10. SPI Timing Diagrams – SPI Slave Mode with CPHA=1**

## 6 Package Information

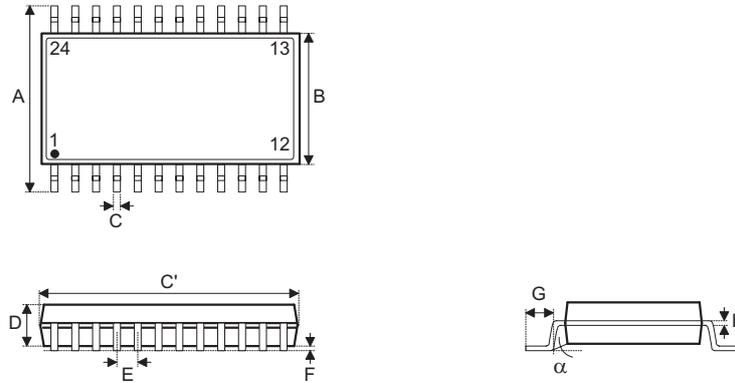
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Note that the package information provided here is for consultation purposes only. As this information may be updated at regular intervals users are reminded to consult the [Holtek website](#) for the latest version of the [Package Information](#).

Additional supplementary information with regard to packaging is listed below. Click on the relevant section to be transferred to the relevant website page.

- Package Information (include Outline Dimensions, Product Tape and Reel Specifications)
- The Operation Instruction of Packing Materials
- Carton information

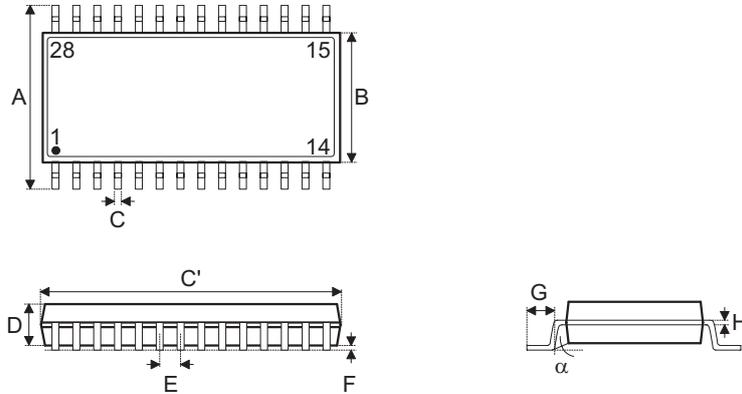
## 24-pin SSOP (150mil) Outline Dimensions



| Symbol   | Dimensions in inch |           |       |
|----------|--------------------|-----------|-------|
|          | Min.               | Nom.      | Max.  |
| A        | —                  | 0.236 BSC | —     |
| B        | —                  | 0.154 BSC | —     |
| C        | 0.008              | —         | 0.012 |
| C'       | —                  | 0.341 BSC | —     |
| D        | —                  | —         | 0.069 |
| E        | —                  | 0.025 BSC | —     |
| F        | 0.004              | —         | 0.010 |
| G        | 0.016              | —         | 0.050 |
| H        | 0.004              | —         | 0.010 |
| $\alpha$ | 0°                 | —         | 8°    |

| Symbol   | Dimensions in mm |           |      |
|----------|------------------|-----------|------|
|          | Min.             | Nom.      | Max. |
| A        | —                | 6.00 BSC  | —    |
| B        | —                | 3.90 BSC  | —    |
| C        | 0.20             | —         | 0.30 |
| C'       | —                | 8.66 BSC  | —    |
| D        | —                | —         | 1.75 |
| E        | —                | 0.635 BSC | —    |
| F        | 0.10             | —         | 0.25 |
| G        | 0.41             | —         | 1.27 |
| H        | 0.10             | —         | 0.25 |
| $\alpha$ | 0°               | —         | 8°   |

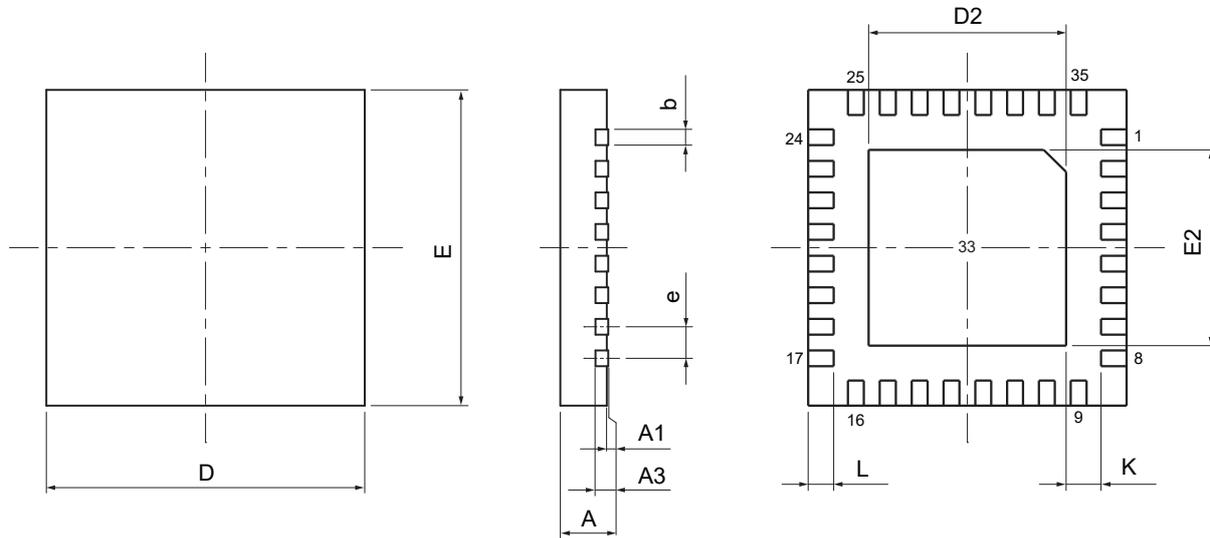
## 28-pin SSOP (150mil) Outline Dimensions



| Symbol | Dimensions in inch |           |       |
|--------|--------------------|-----------|-------|
|        | Min.               | Nom.      | Max.  |
| A      | —                  | 0.236 BSC | —     |
| B      | —                  | 0.154 BSC | —     |
| C      | 0.008              | —         | 0.012 |
| C'     | —                  | 0.390 BSC | —     |
| D      | —                  | —         | 0.069 |
| E      | —                  | 0.025 BSC | —     |
| F      | 0.004              | —         | 0.010 |
| G      | 0.016              | —         | 0.050 |
| H      | 0.004              | —         | 0.010 |
| α      | 0°                 | —         | 8°    |

| Symbol | Dimensions in mm |           |      |
|--------|------------------|-----------|------|
|        | Min.             | Nom.      | Max. |
| A      | —                | 6.00 BSC  | —    |
| B      | —                | 3.90 BSC  | —    |
| C      | 0.20             | —         | 0.30 |
| C'     | —                | 9.90 BSC  | —    |
| D      | —                | —         | 1.75 |
| E      | —                | 0.635 BSC | —    |
| F      | 0.10             | —         | 0.25 |
| G      | 0.41             | —         | 1.27 |
| H      | 0.10             | —         | 0.25 |
| α      | 0°               | —         | 8°   |

## SAW Type 33-pin (4mm × 4mm) QFN Outline Dimensions



| Symbol | Dimensions in inch |           |       |
|--------|--------------------|-----------|-------|
|        | Min.               | Nom.      | Max.  |
| A      | 0.028              | 0.030     | 0.031 |
| A1     | 0.000              | 0.001     | 0.002 |
| A3     | —                  | 0.008 REF | —     |
| b      | 0.006              | 0.008     | 0.010 |
| D      | —                  | 0.157 BSC | —     |
| E      | —                  | 0.157 BSC | —     |
| e      | —                  | 0.016 BSC | —     |
| D2     | 0.100              | —         | 0.108 |
| E2     | 0.100              | —         | 0.108 |
| L      | 0.014              | 0.016     | 0.018 |
| K      | 0.008              | —         | —     |

| Symbol | Dimensions in mm |           |      |
|--------|------------------|-----------|------|
|        | Min.             | Nom.      | Max. |
| A      | 0.70             | 0.75      | 0.80 |
| A1     | 0.00             | 0.02      | 0.05 |
| A3     | —                | 0.203 REF | —    |
| b      | 0.15             | 0.20      | 0.25 |
| D      | —                | 4.00 BSC  | —    |
| E      | —                | 4.00 BSC  | —    |
| e      | —                | 0.40 BSC  | —    |
| D2     | 2.55             | —         | 2.75 |
| E2     | 2.55             | —         | 2.75 |
| L      | 0.35             | 0.40      | 0.45 |
| K      | 0.20             | —         | —    |

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