



# HIGH VOLTAGE NPN POWER TRANSISTORS

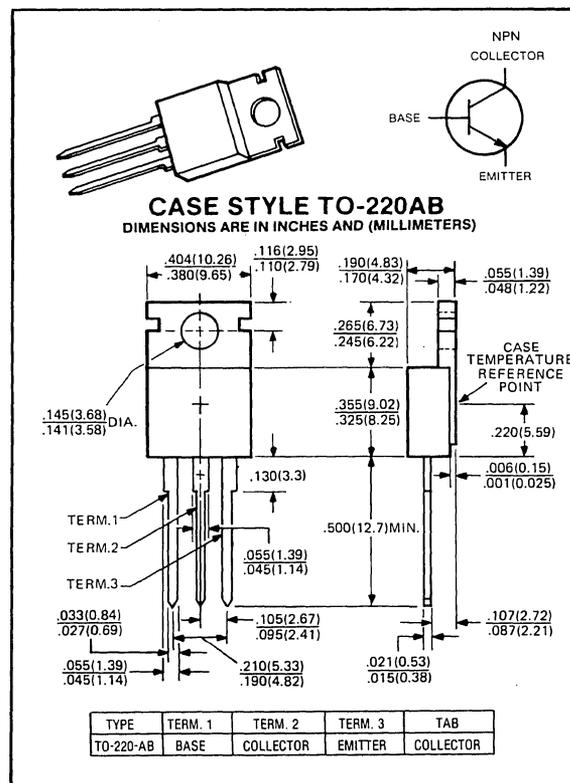
## D44T Series

250-300 VOLTS  
2 AMP, 31.2 WATTS

The General Electric D44T is an encapsulated power transistor designed for various specific and general purpose applications such as: 120 V.A.C. line operated amplifiers; series, shunt and switching regulators; low thru high frequency inverters/converters; t-v and other display tube deflection; and many others.

### Features:

- Very low collector saturation voltage
- Excellent linearity
- Fast switching



maximum ratings ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (unless otherwise specified)

RATING	SYMBOL	D44T1,2	D44T3,4	UNITS
Collect. -Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	250	300	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CES}$	300	400	Volts
Emitter Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5	5	Volts
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	2	2	A
Base Current — Continuous	$I_B$	0.5	0.5	A
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	2.1 31.2	2.1 31.2	Watts
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### thermal characteristics

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	60	60	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	4	4	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purpose: $\frac{1}{8}$ " from Case for 5 Seconds	$T_L$	260	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

electrical characteristics ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (unless otherwise specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
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off characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$ )	D44T1,2 D44T3,4	$BV_{CES}$	300 400	—	—	Volts
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = \text{Rated } V_{CES}$ )		$I_{CES}$	—	—	10	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 5\text{V}$ )		$I_{EBO}$	—	—	10	$\mu\text{A}$

second breakdown

Second Breakdown with Base Forward Biased	FBSOA	SEE FIGURE 5
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on characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 500\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ ) ( $I_C = 50\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ ) ( $I_C = 500\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ ) ( $I_C = 50\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ )	D44T1,3 D44T2,4	$h_{FE}$	30 40 75 40	— — — —	— — 175 —	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 500\text{mA}, I_B = 50\text{mA}$ )		$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	—	1.0	V
Base Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 500\text{mA}, I_B = 50\text{mA}$ )		$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	—	1.2	V

dynamic characteristics

Collector Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$ )	$C_{cb}$	—	25	—	$\mu\text{F}$
Current Gain — Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 100\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}, f_{test} = 1.0\text{MHz}$ )	$f_T$	—	45	—	MHz

switching characteristics

Resistive Load	$I_C = 500\text{mA}, I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 50\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = 50\text{V}, t_p = 25\mu\text{sec}$	$t_d + t_r$	—	0.2	—	$\mu\text{s}$
Delay Time + Rise Time		$t_s$	—	3.3	—	
Storage Time		$t_f$	—	0.6	—	
Fall Time						

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width -  $300\mu\text{s}$  Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

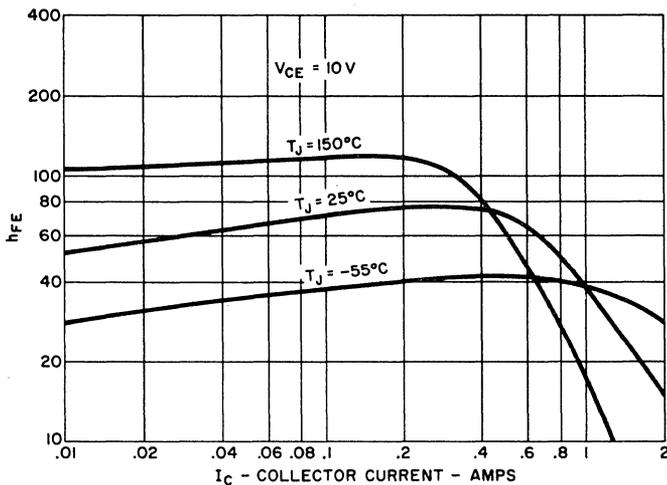


FIG. 1 TYPICAL  $h_{FE}$  VS.  $I_C$

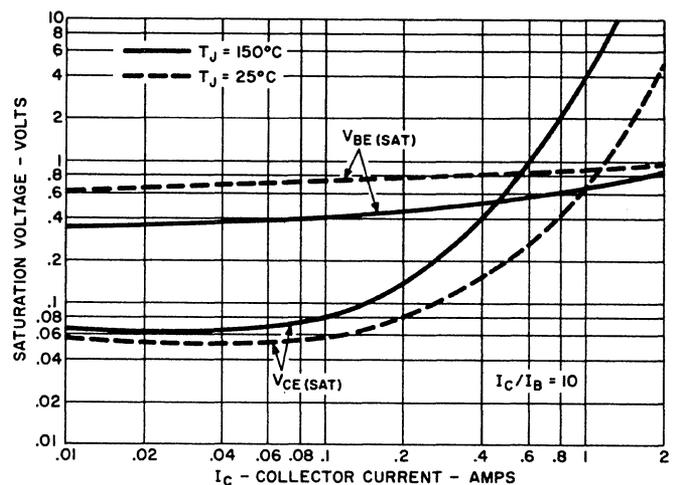


FIG. 2 TYPICAL SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS

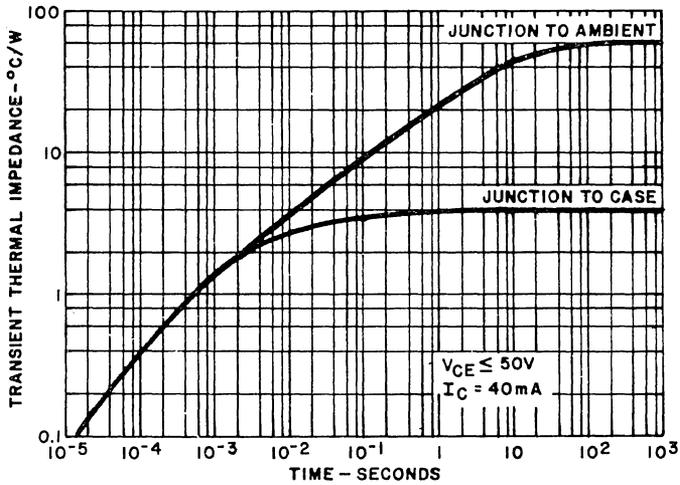


FIG. 3 MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

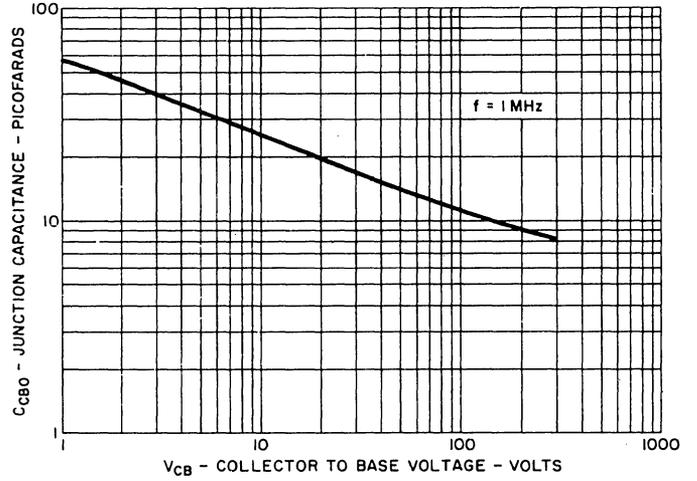


FIG. 4 COLLECTOR TO BASE JUNCTION CAPACITANCE VS. REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE

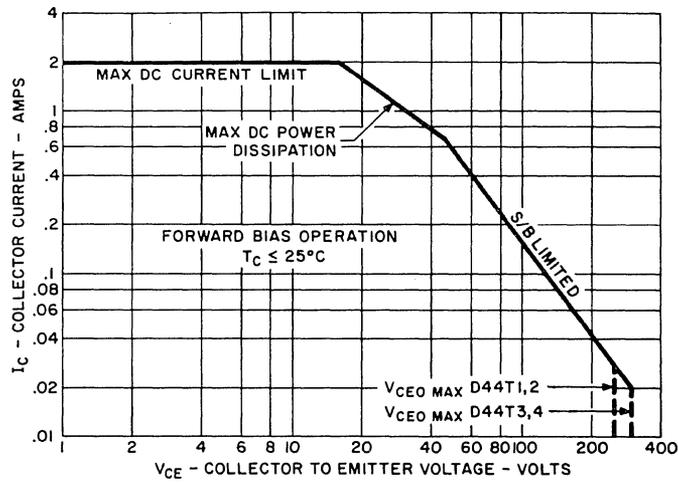


FIG. 5 SAFE REGION OF OPERATION