

NICHIA CORPORATION

SPECIFICATIONS FOR FULL COLOR LED

NSSM240AT

- Pb-free Reflow Soldering Application
- RoHS Compliant
- White Sorted (RGB die lit simultaneously.)



SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating			Unit
		Blue	Green	Red	
Forward Current	I_F	35	35	50	mA
Pulse Forward Current	I_{FP}	110	110	150	mA
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5			V
Power Dissipation	P_D	113	124	127	mW
Total Power Dissipation	P_{TOT}	127			mW
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-30~85			°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40~100			°C
Junction Temperature	T_J	100	100	100	°C

* Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

* I_{FP} conditions with pulse width $\leq 10\text{ms}$ and duty cycle $\leq 10\%$.

* The absolute maximum Power Dissipation per die.

* The absolute maximum Power Dissipation in total per package.

(2) Initial Electrical/Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Typ			Unit
			Blue	Green	Red	
Forward Voltage	V_F	B $I_F=20\text{mA}$ G $I_F=20\text{mA}$ R $I_F=20\text{mA}$	2.9	3.3	2.2	V
Reverse Current	I_R	B $V_R=5\text{V}$ G $V_R=5\text{V}$ R $V_R=5\text{V}$	-	-	-	μA
Luminous Intensity	I_V	B $I_F=6\text{mA}$ G $I_F=12\text{mA}$ R $I_F=18\text{mA}$	2.7			cd

* Characteristics at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

* Luminous Intensity value as per CIE 127:2007 standard.

* Luminous Intensity when having all the LED dice of this product on at the same time.

RANKS

Item	Blue		Green		Red		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Forward Voltage	2.65	3.25	2.75	3.55	1.80	2.55	V
Reverse Current	-	50	-	50	-	50	μA

Item	Min	Max	Unit
Luminous Intensity	1.7	3.4	cd

Color Ranks

	Rank pw01			
x	0.257	0.257	0.282	0.282
y	0.245	0.270	0.280	0.255

	Rank pw02			
x	0.282	0.282	0.307	0.307
y	0.255	0.280	0.290	0.265

	Rank pw03			
x	0.307	0.307	0.332	0.332
y	0.265	0.290	0.300	0.275

	Rank pw04			
x	0.332	0.332	0.357	0.357
y	0.275	0.300	0.310	0.285

	Rank pw05			
x	0.257	0.257	0.282	0.282
y	0.270	0.295	0.305	0.280

	Rank pw06			
x	0.282	0.282	0.307	0.307
y	0.280	0.305	0.315	0.290

	Rank pw07			
x	0.307	0.307	0.332	0.332
y	0.290	0.315	0.325	0.300

	Rank pw08			
x	0.332	0.332	0.357	0.357
y	0.300	0.325	0.335	0.310

	Rank pw09			
x	0.257	0.257	0.282	0.282
y	0.295	0.320	0.330	0.305

	Rank pw10			
x	0.282	0.282	0.307	0.307
y	0.305	0.330	0.340	0.315

	Rank pw11			
x	0.307	0.307	0.332	0.332
y	0.315	0.340	0.350	0.325

	Rank pw12			
x	0.332	0.332	0.357	0.357
y	0.325	0.350	0.360	0.335

	Rank pw13			
x	0.257	0.257	0.282	0.282
y	0.320	0.345	0.355	0.330

	Rank pw14			
x	0.282	0.282	0.307	0.307
y	0.330	0.355	0.365	0.340

	Rank pw15			
x	0.307	0.307	0.332	0.332
y	0.340	0.365	0.375	0.350

	Rank pw16			
x	0.332	0.332	0.357	0.357
y	0.350	0.375	0.385	0.360

* Chromaticity Coordinates as per CIE 1931 Chromaticity Chart.

* Ranking at T_A=25°C.

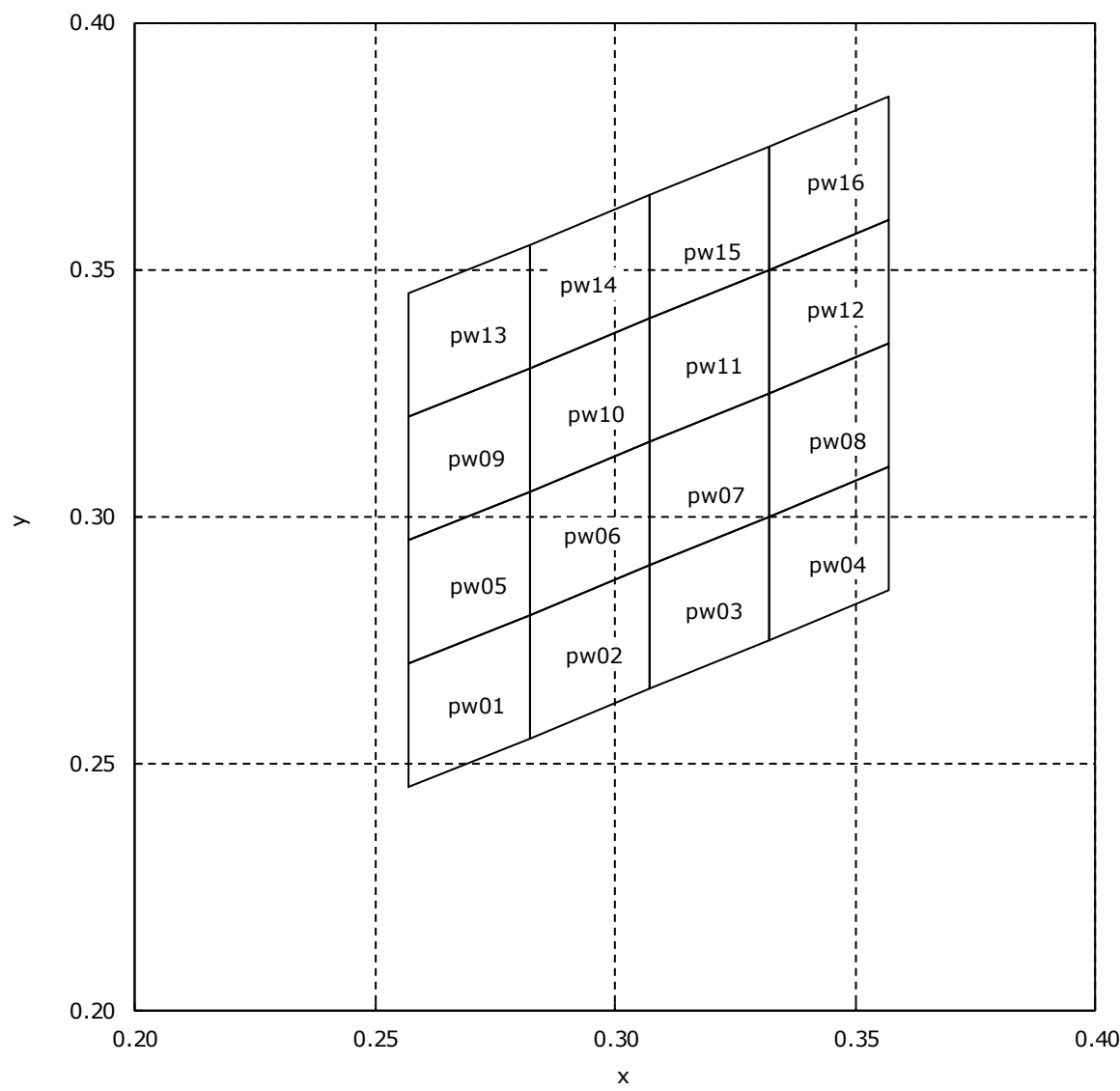
* Forward Voltage Tolerance: ±0.05V

* Luminous Intensity Tolerance: ±10%

* Chromaticity Coordinate Tolerance: ±0.01

* LEDs from the above ranks will be shipped. The rank combination ratio per shipment will be decided by Nichia.

CHROMATICITY DIAGRAM



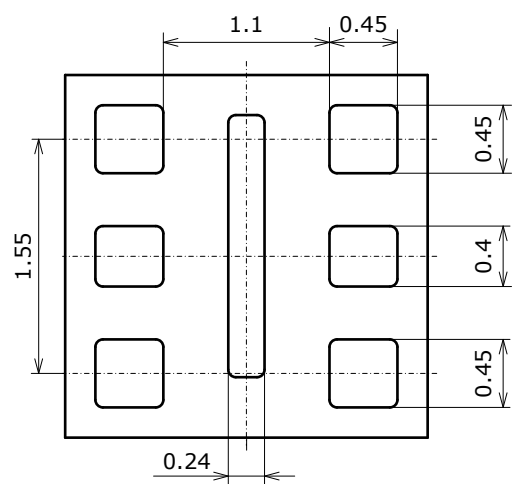
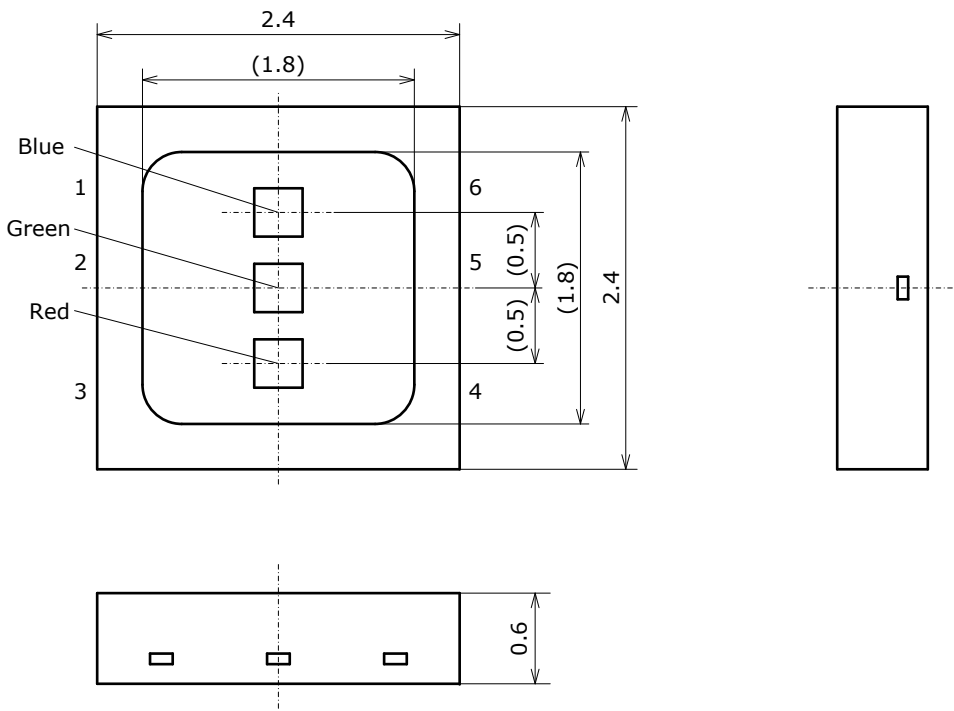
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

* 本製品はRoHS指令に適合しております。
This product complies with RoHS Directive.

* 括弧で囲まれた寸法は参考値です。
The dimension(s) in parentheses are for reference purposes.

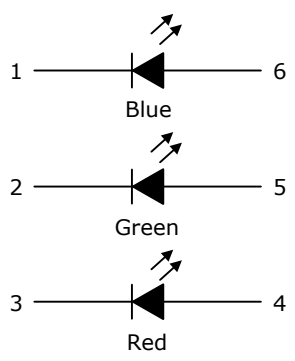
NSSM240A
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-12586

(単位 Unit: mm, 公差 Tolerance: ±0.2)



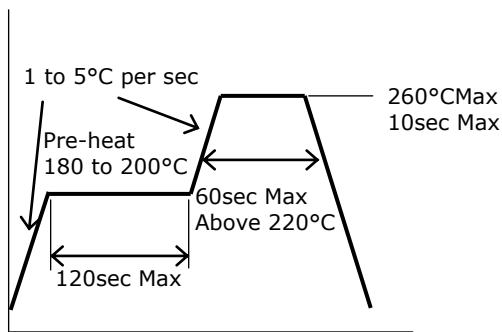
項目 Item	内容 Description
パッケージ材質 Package Materials	耐熱性ポリマー Heat-Resistant Polymer
封止樹脂材質 Encapsulating Resin Materials	シリコン樹脂(拡散剤入り) Silicone Resin(with diffuser)
電極材質 Electrodes Materials	銅合金+銀メッキ Ag-plated Copper Alloy
質量 Weight	0.0095g(TYP)

* Redダイ、Blueダイ、Greenダイは Red カソード側に実装されています。
The Red, Blue and Green die are attached to the Red Cathode side.



SOLDERING

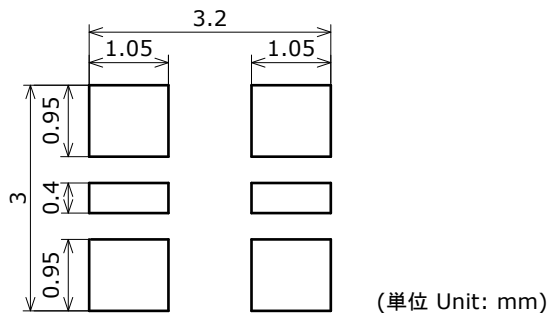
• Recommended Reflow Soldering Condition(Lead-free Solder)



• Recommended Hand Soldering Condition

Temperature	350°C Max
Soldering Time	3sec Max

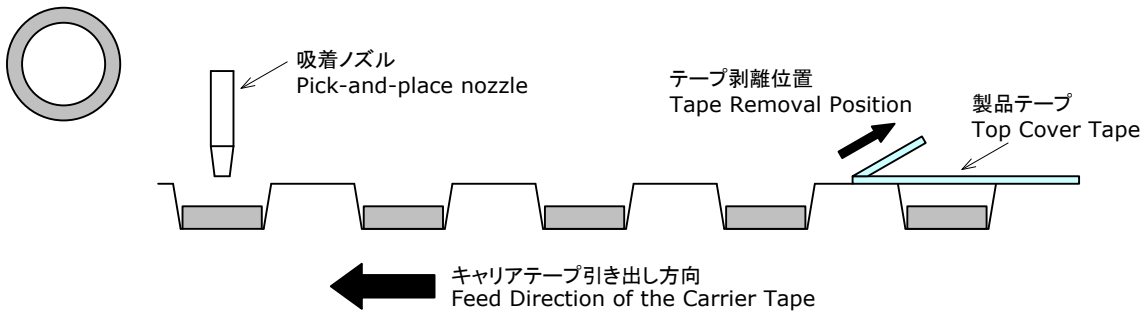
• Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern



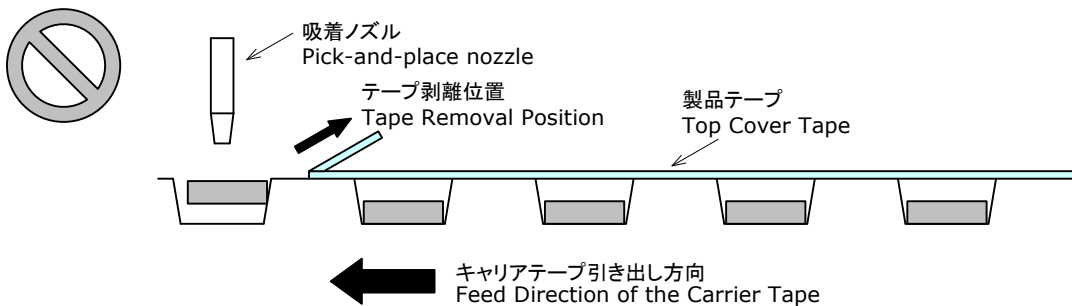
- * This LED is designed to be reflow soldered on to a PCB. If dip soldered, Nichia cannot guarantee its reliability.
- * Reflow soldering must not be performed more than twice. Hand soldering must not be performed more than once.
- * If the LEDs are reflowed a second time, it is recommended to perform the second soldering as soon as the LEDs have cooled down to room temperature naturally after the first soldering in order to avoid moisture absorption.
- * Avoid rapid cooling. Ramp down the temperature gradually from the peak temperature.
- * Nitrogen reflow soldering is recommended. Air flow soldering conditions can cause optical degradation, caused by heat and/or atmosphere.
- * Since the silicone used in the encapsulating resin is soft, do not press on the encapsulant resin. Pressure can cause nicks, chip-outs, encapsulant delamination and deformation, and wire breaks, decreasing reliability.
- * Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- * When soldering, do not apply stress to the LED while the LED is hot.
- * When using a pick and place machine, choose an appropriate nozzle for this product. Using a pick-and-place nozzle with a smaller diameter than the size of the LED's emitting surface will cause damage to the emitting surface and may also cause the LED not to illuminate.

* If the top cover tape is removed right next to where the nozzle picks up the LEDs, regardless of whether the LEDs have been baked or not, it may cause the LED to be picked up incorrectly; it is recommended to remove the top cover tape further from where the nozzle picks up the LEDs. Ensure that there are no issues with the conditions when the nozzle picks up the LEDs.

- Recommended Tape Removal Position (Removing the cover tape further from the pick-and-place nozzle)



- Incorrect Tape Removal Position (Removing the cover tape right next to the pick-and-place nozzle)



* This product can differ in optical characteristics depending on both the number of reflow cycles and reflow temperature conditions. In a single display, only LEDs with both the same number of reflow cycles and reflow temperature conditions should be used regardless of the application type (e.g. rental and/or permanent installations).

* The recommended soldering pad pattern is designed for attachment of the LED without problems. When precise mounting accuracy is required, such as high-density mounting, ensure that the size and shape of the pad are suitable for the circuit design.

* Consider factors such as the reflow soldering temperature, hand soldering temperature, etc. when choosing the solder.

* When flux is used, it should be a halogen free flux. Ensure that the manufacturing process is not designed in a manner where the flux will come in contact with the LEDs.

* Make sure that there are no issues with the type and amount of solder that is being used.

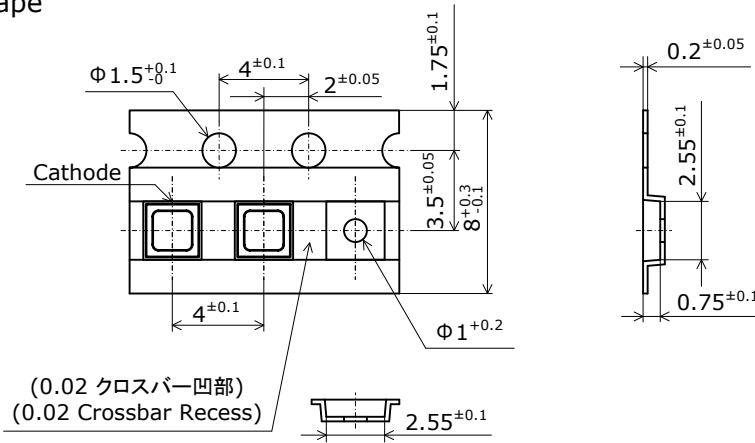
* All of the electrode pads are on the backside of this product; solder connections will not be able to be seen nor confirmed by a normal visual inspection. When using the product, ensure that there are no issues with the soldering conditions.

TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS

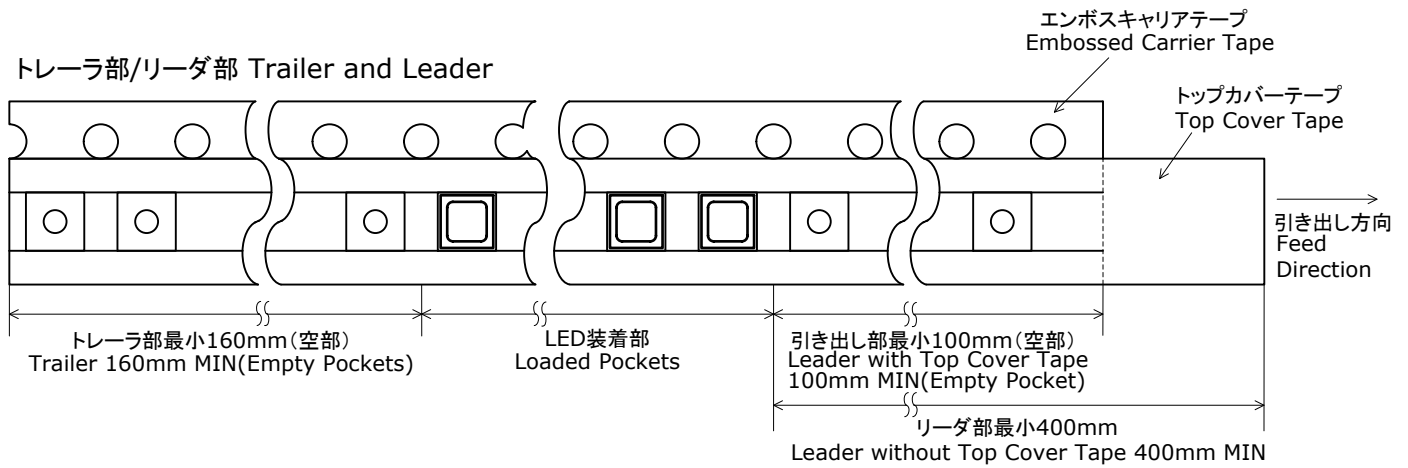
テーピング部 Tape

Nxxx240x
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-12587

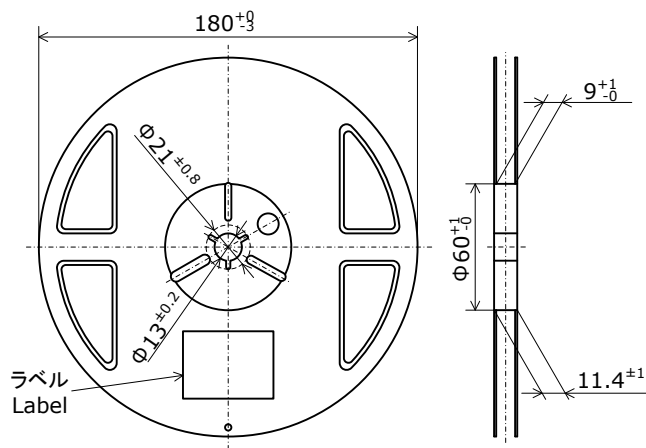
(単位 Unit: mm)



トレーラ部/リーダ部 Trailer and Leader



リール部 Reel



* 数量は1リールにつき 5000個入りです。

Reel Size: 5000pcs

* 実装作業の中断などでエンボスキャリアテープをリールに巻き取る場合、エンボスキャリアテープを強く(10N以上)締めないで下さい。

LEDがカバーテープに貼り付く可能性があります。
When the tape is rewound due to work interruptions, no more than 10N should be applied to the embossed carrier tape.

The LEDs may stick to the top cover tape.

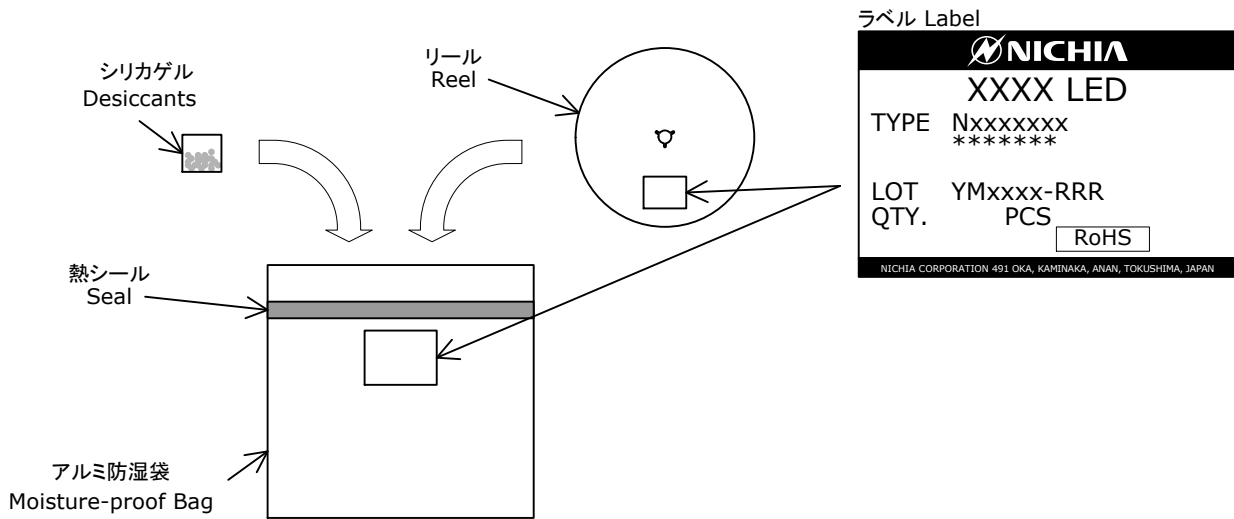
* JIS C 0806電子部品テーピングに準拠しています。

The tape packing method complies with JIS C 0806
(Packaging of Electronic Components on Continuous Tapes).

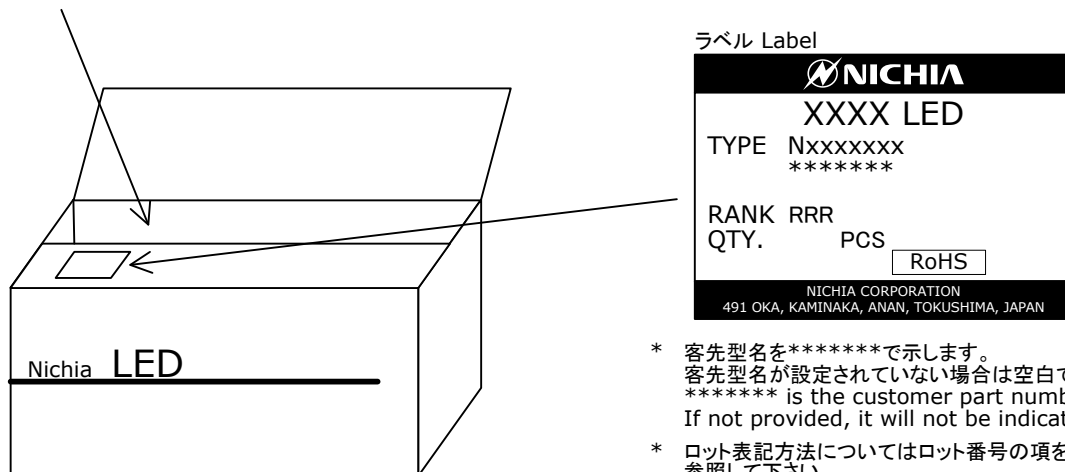
PACKAGING - TAPE & REEL

シリカゲルとともにリールをアルミ防湿袋に入れ、熱シールにより封をします。
Reels are shipped with desiccants in heat-sealed moisture-proof bags.

Nxxxxxxx
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-0006C



アルミ防湿袋を並べて入れ、ダンボールで仕切ります。
Moisture-proof bags are packed in cardboard boxes with corrugated partitions.



- * 客先型名を*****で示します。
客先型名が設定されていない場合は空白です。
***** is the customer part number.
If not provided, it will not be indicated on the label.
- * ロット表記方法についてはロット番号の項を参照して下さい。
For details, see "LOT NUMBERING CODE" in this document.
- * ランク分けがない場合はランク表記はありません。
The label does not have the RANK field for un-ranked products.

- * 本製品はテーピングしたのち、輸送の衝撃から保護するためダンボールで梱包します。
Products shipped on tape and reel are packed in a moisture-proof bag.
They are shipped in cardboard boxes to protect them from external forces during transportation.
- * 取り扱いに際して、落下させたり、強い衝撃を与えたりしますと、製品を損傷させる原因になりますので注意して下さい。
Do not drop or expose the box to external forces as it may damage the products.
- * ダンボールには防水加工がされておきませんので、梱包箱が水に濡れないよう注意して下さい。
Do not expose to water. The box is not water-resistant.
- * 輸送、運搬に際して弊社よりの梱包状態あるいは同等の梱包を行って下さい。
Using the original package material or equivalent in transit is recommended.

LOT NUMBERING CODE

Lot Number is presented by using the following alphanumeric code.

YMxxxx - RRR

Y - Year

Year	Y
2016	G
2017	H
2018	I
2019	J
2020	K
2021	L

M - Month

Month	M	Month	M
1	1	7	7
2	2	8	8
3	3	9	9
4	4	10	A
5	5	11	B
6	6	12	C

xxxx-Nichia's Product Number

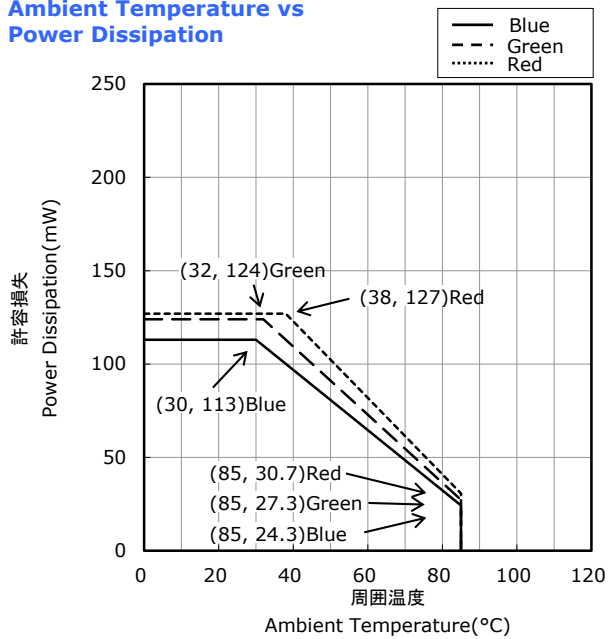
RRR-Rank

* The label does not have the RANK field for un-ranked products.

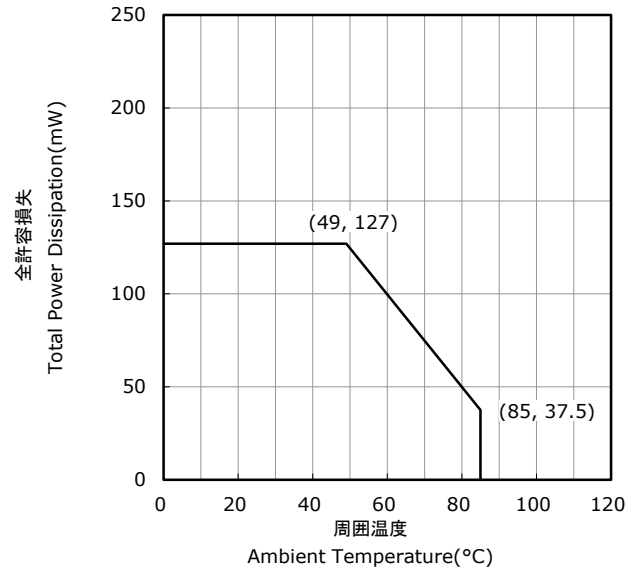
DERATING CHARACTERISTICS

NSSM240A
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-12588

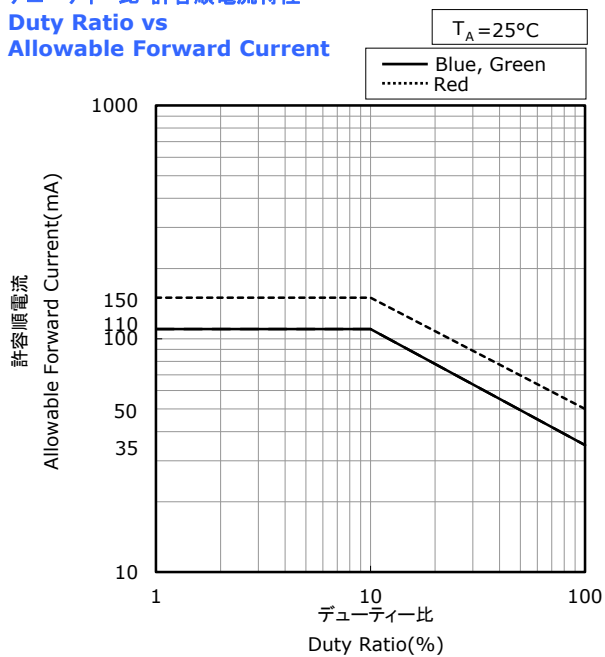
周囲温度-許容損失特性 *
Ambient Temperature vs
Power Dissipation



周囲温度-全許容損失特性 **
Ambient Temperature vs
Total Power Dissipation



デューティ比-許容順電流特性
Duty Ratio vs
Allowable Forward Current



* 多色点灯の際も、1素子当たりの値はこの定格内におさめて下さい。
The graph shows the maximum allowable power dissipation for a LED die of each color.

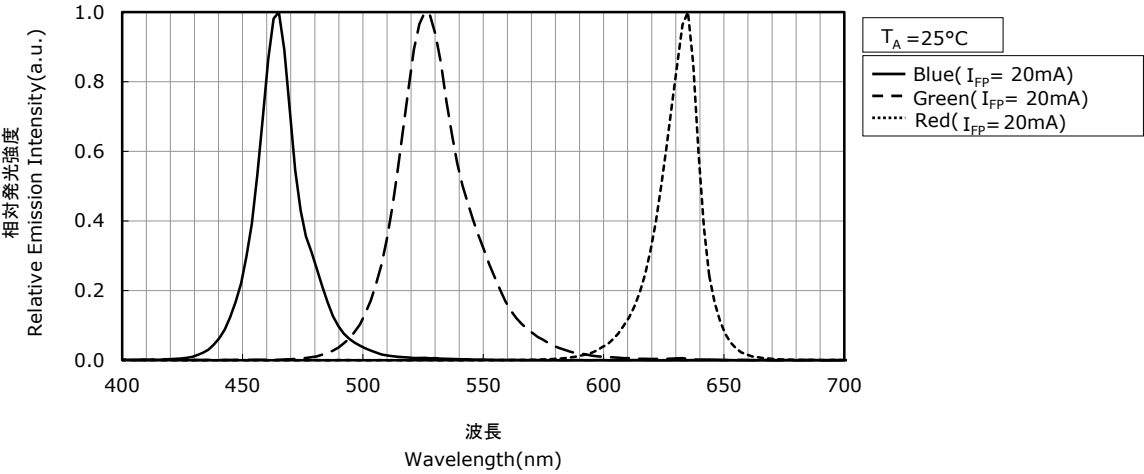
** 2素子以上点灯の際は、トータル値を定格内におさめて下さい。
The graph shows the maximum allowable total power dissipation for a LED package.

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

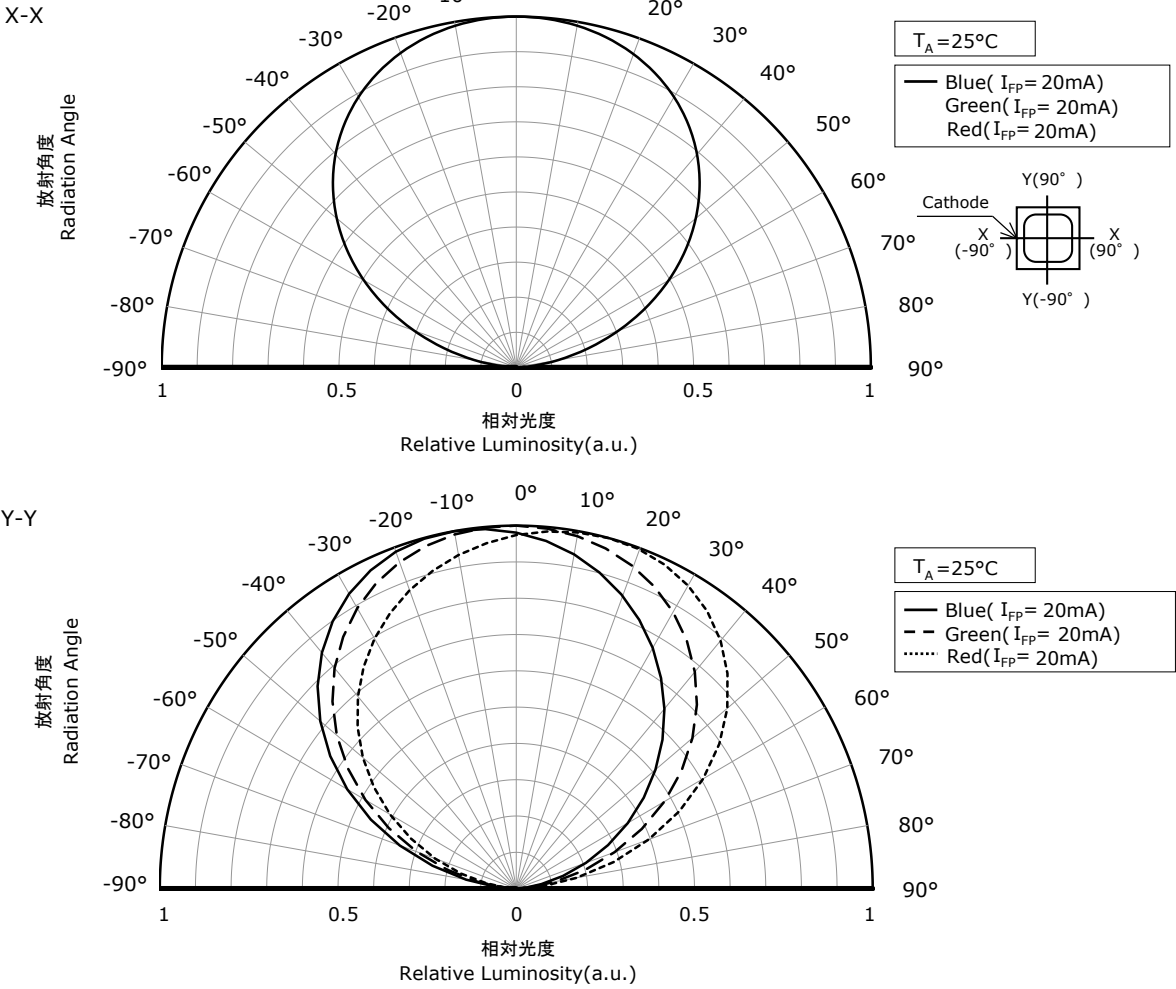
* 本特性は参考です。
All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NSSM240A
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-12589

発光スペクトル
Spectrum



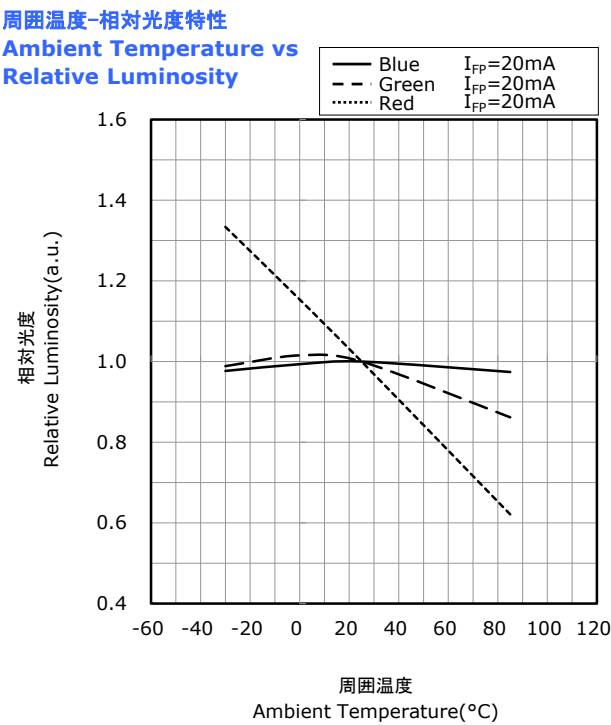
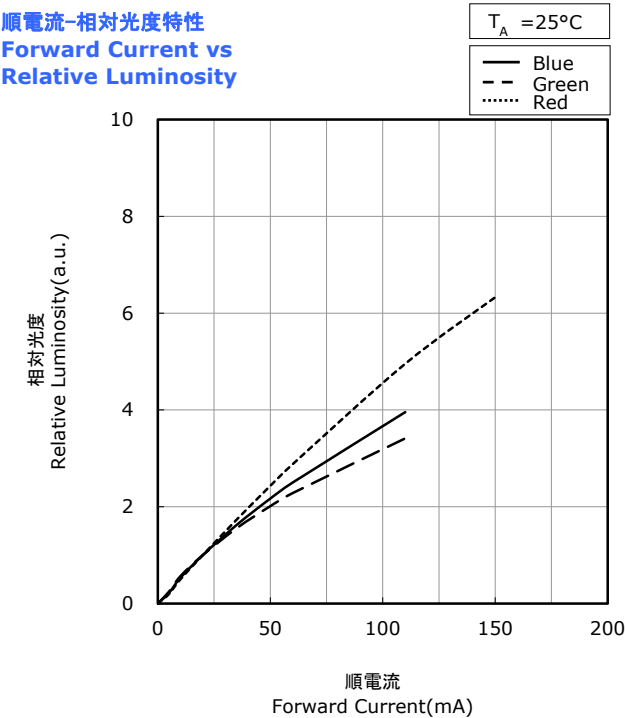
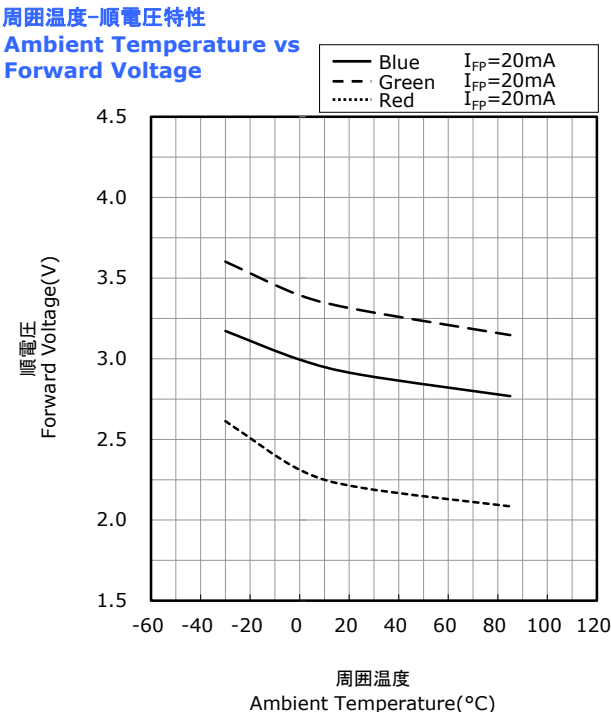
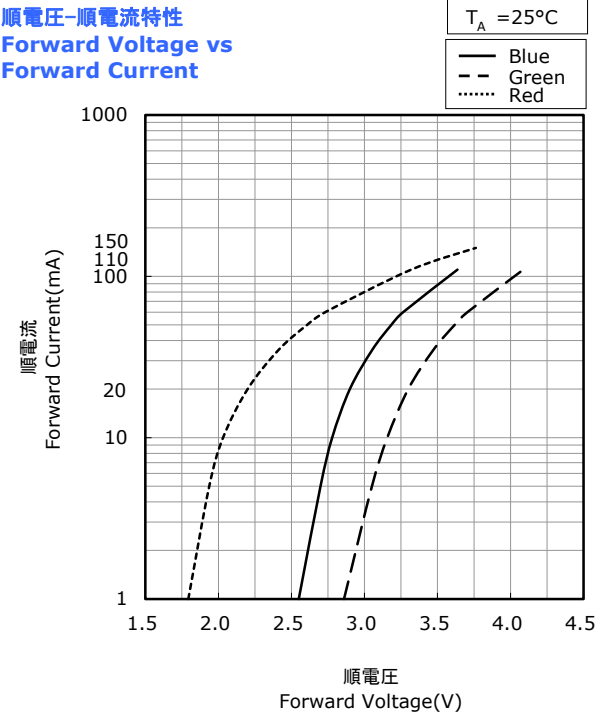
指向特性
Directivity



FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

* 本特性は参考です。
All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NSSM240A
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-12590



RELIABILITY

(1) Tests and Results

Test	Reference Standard	Test Conditions		Test Duration	Failure Criteria #	Units Failed/Tested
Resistance to Soldering Heat (Reflow Soldering)	JEITA ED-4701 300 301	$T_{\text{slid}}=260^{\circ}\text{C}$, 10sec, 2reflows, Precondition: 30°C , 70%RH, 168hr			#1	0/22
Thermal Shock		-40°C to 100°C , 15min dwell		100cycles	#1	0/22
Moisture Resistance (Cyclic)	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	$25^{\circ}\text{C}\sim 65^{\circ}\text{C}\sim -10^{\circ}\text{C}$, 90%RH, 24hr per cycle		10cycles	#1	0/22
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	$T_A=100^{\circ}\text{C}$		500hours	#1	0/22
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	$T_A=60^{\circ}\text{C}$, RH=90%		500hours	#1	0/22
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	$T_A=-40^{\circ}\text{C}$		500hours	#1	0/22
Room Temperature Operating Life		$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	B $I_F=6\text{mA}$ G $I_F=12\text{mA}$ R $I_F=18\text{mA}$	500hours	#1	0/22
Temperature Humidity Operating Life		60°C , RH=90%	B $I_F=5\text{mA}$ G $I_F=7\text{mA}$ R $I_F=7\text{mA}$	500hours	#1	0/22
Low Temperature Operating Life		$T_A=-30^{\circ}\text{C}$	B $I_F=6\text{mA}$ G $I_F=12\text{mA}$ R $I_F=18\text{mA}$	500hours	#1	0/22

NOTES:

Measurements are performed after allowing the LEDs to return to room temperature.

(2) Failure Criteria (Value for one LED device (Single color).)

Criteria #	Items	Conditions	Failure Criteria
#1	Forward Voltage(V_F)	B $I_F=20\text{mA}$ G $I_F=20\text{mA}$ R $I_F=20\text{mA}$	$> \text{U.S.L.} \times 1.1$
	Luminous Intensity(I_V)	B $I_F=20\text{mA}$ G $I_F=20\text{mA}$ R $I_F=20\text{mA}$	$< \text{L.S.L.} \times 0.7$
	Reverse Current(I_R)	B $V_R=5\text{V}$ G $V_R=5\text{V}$ R $V_R=5\text{V}$	$> \text{U.S.L.} \times 2.0$

U.S.L. : Upper Specification Limit L.S.L. : Lower Specification Limit

CAUTIONS

(1) Storage

Conditions		Temperature	Humidity	Time
Storage	Before Opening Aluminum Bag	$\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\leq 90\%\text{RH}$	Within 1 Year from Delivery Date
	After Opening Aluminum Bag	$\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\leq 70\%\text{RH}$	$\leq 168\text{hours}$
Baking		$65 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	$\geq 24\text{hours}$

- Product complies with JEDEC MSL 3 or equivalent. See IPC/JEDEC STD-020 for moisture-sensitivity details.
- Absorbed moisture in LED packages can vaporize and expand during soldering, which can cause interface delamination and result in optical performance degradation. Products are packed in moisture-proof aluminum bags to minimize moisture absorption during transportation and storage. Included silica gel desiccants change from blue to red if moisture had penetrated bags.
- After opening the moisture-proof aluminum bag, the products should go through the soldering process within the range of the conditions stated above. Unused remaining LEDs should be stored with silica gel desiccants in a hermetically sealed container, preferably the original moisture-proof bags for storage.
- After the "Period After Opening" storage time has been exceeded or silica gel desiccants are no longer blue, the products should be baked. Baking should only be done once.
- Customer is advised to keep the LEDs in an airtight container when not in use. Exposure to a corrosive environment may cause the plated metal parts of the product to tarnish, which could adversely affect soldering and optical characteristics. It is also recommended to return the LEDs to the original moisture proof bags and reseal.
- After assembly and during use, silver plating can be affected by the corrosive gases emitted by components and materials in close proximity of the LEDs within an end product, and the gases entering into the product from the external atmosphere. The above should be taken into consideration when designing. Resin materials, in particular, may contain substances which can affect silver plating, such as halogen.
- Do not use sulfur-containing materials in commercial products. Some materials, such as seals and adhesives, may contain sulfur. The extremely corroded or contaminated plating of LEDs might cause an open circuit. Silicone rubber is recommended as a material for seals. Bear in mind, the use of silicones may lead to silicone contamination of electrical contacts inside the products, caused by low molecular weight volatile siloxane.
- To prevent water condensation, please avoid large temperature and humidity fluctuations for the storage conditions.
- Do not store the LEDs in a dusty environment.
- Do not expose the LEDs to direct sunlight and/or an environment where the temperature is higher than normal room temperature.

(2) Directions for Use

- In designing a circuit, the current through each LED die must not exceed the Absolute Maximum Rating current specified for each die. It is recommended that each LED die is driven at a constant current.
- When having the two or more dice within this product on at the same time, the total power dissipation for the LED package must be within the absolute maximum value specified in this specification.
- This product should be operated using forward current. Ensure that the product is not subjected to either forward or reverse voltage while it is not in use. In particular, subjecting it to continuous reverse voltage may cause migration, which may cause damage to the LED die. When used in displays that are not used for a long time, the main power supply should be switched off for safety.
- It is recommended to operate the LEDs at a current greater than 10% of the sorting current to stabilize the LED characteristics.
- Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the Absolute Maximum Rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- Ensure that excessive voltages such as lightning surges are not applied to the LEDs.
- If a secondary lens is used to collimate or diffuse the light, sufficient verification should be performed to ensure that there are no issues (e.g. color variation) prior to use.
- This product is specifically designed for indoor applications. For outdoor use, necessary measures should be taken to prevent direct sunlight, water, moisture and salt air damage.

(3) Handling Precautions

- Do not handle the LEDs with bare hands as it will contaminate the LED surface and may affect the optical characteristics: it might cause the LED to be deformed and/or the wire to break, which will cause the LED not to illuminate. The lead could also cause an injury.
- When handling the product with tweezers, be careful not to apply excessive force to the resin. Otherwise, The resin can be cut, chipped, delaminate or deformed, causing wire-bond breaks and catastrophic failures.
- Dropping the product may cause damage.
- Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Failure to comply can cause the resin portion of the product to be cut, chipped, delaminated and/or deformed. It may cause wire to break, leading to catastrophic failures.
- The encapsulating resin is tacky. Ensure that foreign substances do not adhere to this surface; it will contaminate the surface and may affect the optical characteristics.

(4) Design Consideration

- PCB warpage after mounting the products onto a PCB can cause the package to break. The LED should be placed in a way to minimize the stress on the LEDs due to PCB bow and twist.
- The position and orientation of the LEDs affect how much mechanical stress is exerted on the LEDs placed near the score lines. The LED should be placed in a way to minimize the stress on the LEDs due to board flexing.
- Board separation must be performed using special jigs, not using hands.
- Volatile organic compounds that have been released from materials present around the LEDs (e.g. housing, packing, adhesive, secondary lens, lens cover, etc.) may penetrate the LED lens and/or encapsulating resin. If the LEDs are being used in a hermetically sealed environment, these volatile compounds can discolor after being exposed to heat and/or photon energy and it may greatly reduce the LED light output and/or cause a color shift. In this case, ventilating the environment may improve the reduction in light output and/or color shift. Perform a light-up test of the chosen application for optical evaluation to ensure that there are no issues, especially if the LEDs are planned to be used in a hermetically sealed environment.

(5) Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

- The products are sensitive to static electricity or surge voltage. ESD can damage a die and its reliability. When handling the products, the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:
 - Eliminating the charge
 - Grounded wrist strap, ESD footwear, clothes, and floors
 - Grounded workstation equipment and tools
 - ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials
- Ensure that tools (e.g. soldering irons), jigs and machines that are being used are properly grounded and that proper grounding techniques are used in work areas. For devices/equipment that mount the LEDs, protection against surge voltages should also be used.
- If tools or equipment contain insulating materials such as glass or plastic, the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:
 - Dissipating static charge with conductive materials
 - Preventing charge generation with moisture
 - Neutralizing the charge with ionizers
- The customer is advised to check if the LEDs are damaged by ESD when performing the characteristics inspection of the LEDs in the application. Damage can be detected with a forward voltage measurement or a light-up test at low current ($\leq 1\text{mA}$).
- LEDs with ESD-damaged dice (i.e. other than red) may have an increased leakage current, current flow at a low voltage, or no longer illuminate at a low current.
 - Failure Criteria: $V_F < 2.0\text{V}$ at $I_F = 0.5\text{mA}$

(6) Thermal Management

- Proper thermal management is an important when designing products with LEDs. LED die temperature is affected by PCB thermal resistance and LED spacing on the board. Please design products in a way that the LED die temperature does not exceed the maximum Junction Temperature (T_J).
- Drive current should be determined for the surrounding ambient temperature (T_A) to dissipate the heat from the product.

(7) Cleaning

- The LEDs should not be cleaned with water, benzine, and/or thinner.
- If required, isopropyl alcohol (IPA) should be used. Other solvents may cause premature failure to the LEDs due to the damage to the resin portion. The effects of such solvents should be verified prior to use. In addition, the use of CFCs such as Freon is heavily regulated.
- When dust and/or dirt adheres to the LEDs, soak a cloth with Isopropyl alcohol (IPA), then squeeze it before wiping the LEDs.
- Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended since it may have adverse effects on the LEDs depending on the ultrasonic power and how LED is assembled. If ultrasonic cleaning must be used, the customer is advised to make sure the LEDs will not be damaged prior to cleaning.

(8) Eye Safety

- In 2006, the International Electrical Commission (IEC) published IEC 62471:2006 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems, which added LEDs in its scope. On the other hand, the IEC 60825-1:2007 laser safety standard removed LEDs from its scope. However, please be advised that some countries and regions have adopted standards based on the IEC laser safety standard IEC 60825-1:20112001, which still includes LEDs in its scope. Most of Nichia's LEDs can be classified as belonging into either the Exempt Group or Risk Group 1. High-power LEDs, that emit light containing blue wavelengths, may be classified as Risk Group 2. Please proceed with caution when viewing directly any LEDs driven at high current, or viewing LEDs with optical instruments which may greatly increase the damages to your eyes.
- Viewing a flashing light may cause eye discomfort. When incorporating the LED into your product, please be careful to avoid adverse effects on the human body caused by light stimulation.

(9) Miscellaneous

- Nichia warrants that the discrete LEDs will meet the requirements/criteria as detailed in the Reliability section within this specification. If the LEDs are used under conditions/environments deviating from or inconsistent with those described in this specification, the resulting damage and/or injuries will not be covered by this warranty.
- Nichia warrants that the discrete LEDs manufactured and/or supplied by Nichia will meet the requirements/criteria as detailed in the Reliability section within this specification; it is the customer's responsibility to perform sufficient verification prior to use to ensure that the lifetime and other quality characteristics required for the intended use are met.
- The applicable warranty period is one year from the date that the LED is delivered. In the case of any incident that appears to be in breach of this warranty, the local Nichia sales representative should be notified to discuss instructions on how to proceed while ensuring that the LED in question is not disassembled or removed from the PCB if it has been attached to the PCB. If a breach of this warranty is proved, Nichia will provide the replacement for the non-conforming LED or an equivalent item at Nichia's discretion. FOREGOING ARE THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES AVAILABLE TO THE CUSTOMER IN RESPECT OF THE BREACH OF THE WARRANTY CONTAINED HEREIN, AND IN NO EVENT SHALL NICHIA BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSSES AND/OR EXPENSES (INCLUDING LOSS OF PROFIT) THAT MAY BE SUFFERED BY THE CUSTOMER ARISING OUT OF A BREACH OF THE WARRANTY.
- NICHIA DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- This LED is intended to be used for general lighting, household appliances, electronic devices (e.g. mobile communication devices); it is not designed or manufactured for use in applications that require safety critical functions (e.g. aircraft, automobiles, combustion equipment, life support systems, nuclear reactor control system, safety devices, spacecraft, submarine repeaters, traffic control equipment, trains, vessels, etc.). If the LEDs are planned to be used for these applications, unless otherwise detailed in the specification, Nichia will neither guarantee that the LED is fit for that purpose nor be responsible for any resulting property damage, injuries and/or loss of life/health. This LED does not comply with ISO/TS 16949 and is not intended for automotive applications.
- The customer will not reverse engineer, disassemble or otherwise attempt to extract knowledge/design information from the LED.
- All copyrights and other intellectual property rights in this specification in any form are reserved by Nichia or the right holders who have granted Nichia permission to use the content. Without prior written permission from Nichia, no part of this specification may be reproduced in any form or by any means.
- Both the customer and Nichia will agree on the official specifications for the supplied LEDs before any programs are officially launched. Without this agreement in writing (i.e. Customer Specific Specification), changes to the content of this specification may occur without notice (e.g. changes to the foregoing specifications and appearance, discontinuation of the LEDs, etc.).