

## DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

SAA9060

# VIDEO PROCESSOR WITH DACs (VDA)

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SAA9060 is a video processor with DACs (VDA), which converts the digital luminance and chrominance data into analogue information for a RGB controller. The SAA9060 forms part of a chip-set for digital TV systems.

### Features

- Single scan or double scan applications
- Parallel data input
- 7-bit D/A conversion of the colour difference signals
- 8-bit D/A conversion of the luminance signal

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| parameter                           | conditions | symbol    | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|
| Supply voltage                      |            | $V_{DD}$  | 4.5  | 5.0  | 5.5  | V    |
| Input current                       |            | $I_{DD}$  | —    | 170  | 250  | mA   |
| Power dissipation                   |            | $P_{tot}$ | —    | —    | 1.4  | W    |
| Back-bias voltage                   |            |           | —3   | —    | 0    | V    |
| Operating ambient temperature range |            | $T_{amb}$ | 0    | —    | + 70 | °C   |

## PACKAGE OUTLINE

28-lead DIL; plastic (SOT117).

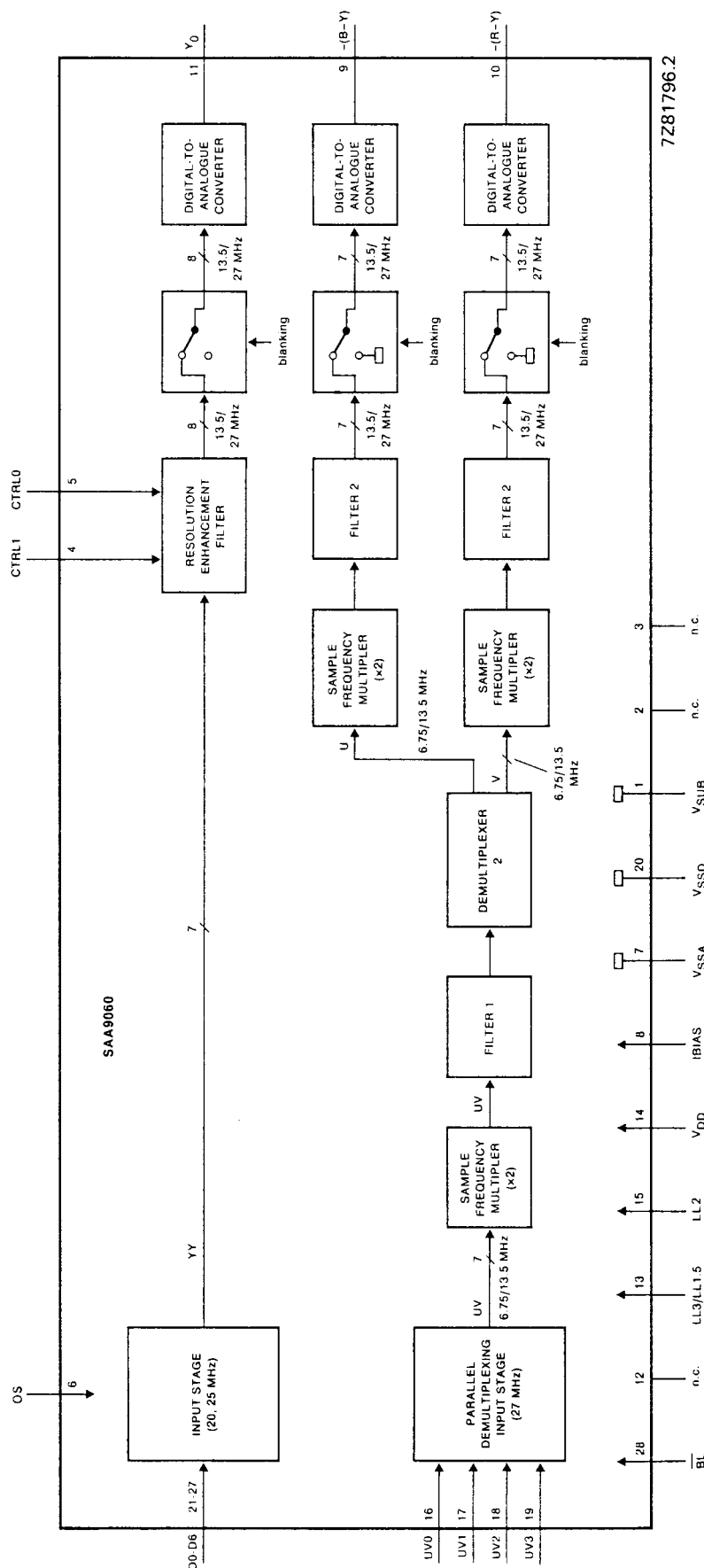


Fig.1 Block diagram.

## PINNING

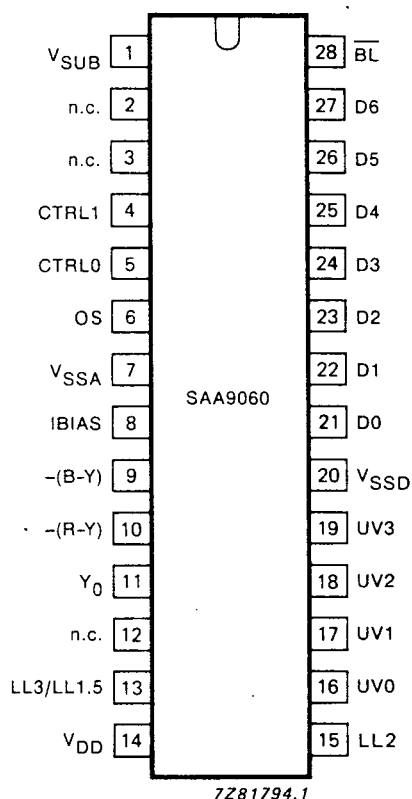


Fig.2 Pinning diagram.

|      |               |                                                                                                   |
|------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1    | $V_{SUB}$     | Substrate pin for external capacitor, smooths internally generated voltages                       |
| 2, 3 | n.c.          | Not connected                                                                                     |
| 4    | CTRL1         | Control input for resolution enhancement filter                                                   |
| 5    | CTRL0         | Control input for resolution enhancement filter                                                   |
| 6    | OS            | Data format switch-over (from serial to parallel) at inputs D0...D6, UVO...UV3, BLN               |
| 7    | $V_{SSA}$     | Analogue ground                                                                                   |
| 8    | IBIAS         | Reference current for the DACs                                                                    |
| 9    | $-(B-Y)$      | Chrominance analogue output; inverted colour difference signal B-Y                                |
| 10   | $-(R-Y)$      | Chrominance analogue output; inverted colour difference signal R-Y                                |
| 11   | $Y_0$         | Luminance analogue output                                                                         |
| 12   | n.c.          | Not connected                                                                                     |
| 13   | LL3/<br>LL1.5 | Clock input: single scan parallel mode, $f = 13.5$ MHz<br>double scan parallel mode, $f = 27$ MHz |

## PINNING (continued)

|    |                        |                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 14 | V <sub>DD</sub>        | Supply voltage                                                                                                                                                  |
| 15 | LL2                    | (Clock input for data word D0...D6) for serial data format only*/<br>f = 20.25 MHz; low-level version<br>Do not connect pin when selecting parallel data format |
| 16 | UV0                    | } Digital chrominance input; f = 13.5 MHz or 27 MHz                                                                                                             |
| 17 | UV1                    |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 18 | UV2                    |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 19 | UV3                    |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 20 | V <sub>SSD</sub>       | Digital ground (0 V)                                                                                                                                            |
| 21 | D0                     | } Digital 7-bit luminance input; f = 13.5 MHz or 27 MHz                                                                                                         |
| 22 | D1                     |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 23 | D2                     |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 24 | D3                     |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 25 | D4                     |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 26 | D5                     |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 27 | D6                     |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 28 | $\overline{\text{BL}}$ | Format input; indicates the start of a transmission of a data line                                                                                              |

**FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION** (see Fig. 1)

The VDA, DMSD/S-DMSD and a RGB controller form the video channel of a digital TV system. The VDA receives the luminance and chrominance data from the DMSD/S-DMSD and converts this data into an analogue output for a RGB controller.

**Chrominance data signal**

The chrominance data consist of alternating UV samples with a sample frequency of 3.375 MHz (single scan), the sample frequency is increased to 13.5 MHz by using two cascaded interpolation filters. The 7-bit chrominance data is then converted to an analogue signal (inverted colour difference signals B-Y and R-Y) for use in a RGB controller.

**Luminance data signal**

The luminance data frequency is clocked at 13.5 MHz or 27 MHz into the resolution enhancement filter (controlled by CTRL0 and CTRL1), this improves the quantization noise behaviour in areas with small variation and produces an 8-bit data output. The 8-bit data is converted into an analogue signal for use in a RGB controller.

 **$\overline{BL}$  signal** (see Fig. 3)

The  $\overline{BL}$  signal is used to indicate the active video length within the line and synchronizes the demultiplexing of the UV data.

**Operating modes**

There are two operating modes:

- ▶ parallel data transmission (single scan);  $LL3/LL1.5 = 13.5$  MHz
- ▶ parallel data transmission (double scan),  $LL3/LL1.5 = 27$  MHz.

**Output signals**

The output signals are AC-coupled to a RGB controller. During the horizontal synchronization gap the luminance and chrominance signals are blanked (black and no colour difference respectively) and the RGB controller clamps the input signals.

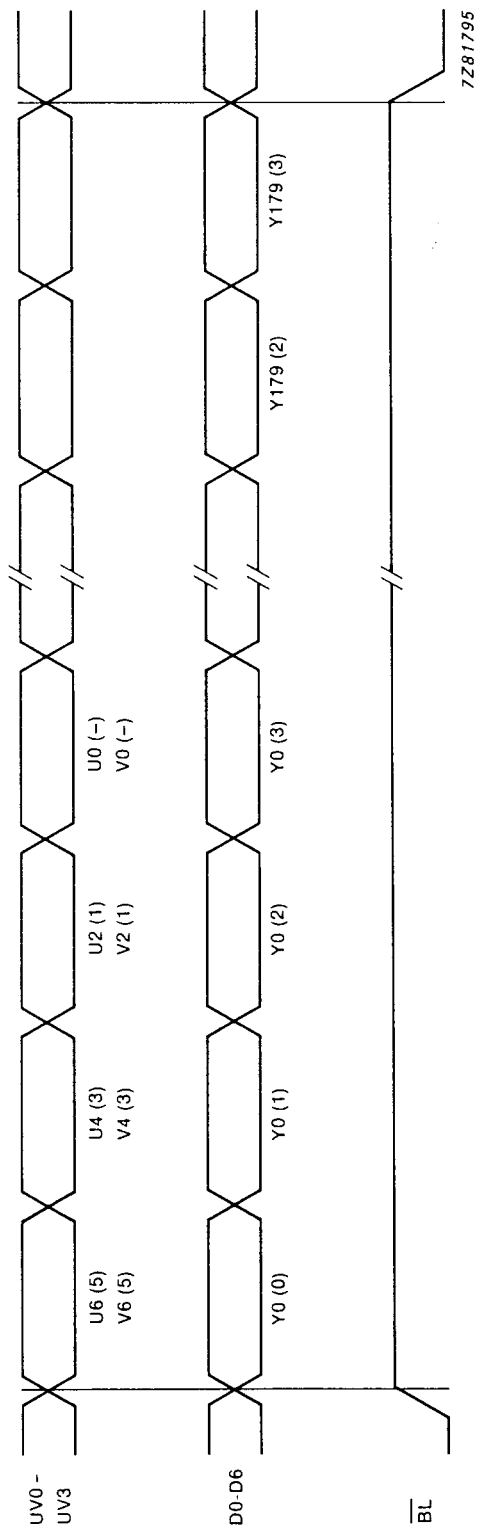


Fig.3 Data format.

**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

| parameter                           | conditions | symbol     | min. | max.  | unit |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|------|-------|------|
| Supply voltage                      |            | $V_{DD}$   | -0.3 | 6.0   | V    |
| Input voltage                       |            | $V_I$      | -0.5 | 6.0   | V    |
| Back-bias voltage                   |            | $V_{BIAS}$ | -3   | 0     | V    |
| Storage temperature range           |            | $T_{stg}$  | -55  | + 125 | °C   |
| Operating ambient temperature range |            | $T_{amb}$  | 0    | + 70  | °C   |

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

Junction to ambient

 $R_{thj-a}$ 

50 K/W

## CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ ; all values referred to  $V_{SS}$ ; unless otherwise specified

| parameter                     | conditions                  | symbol             | min. | typ. | max.     | unit          |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------|------|----------|---------------|
| <b>Supply</b>                 |                             |                    |      |      |          |               |
| Supply voltage                |                             | $V_{DD}$           | 4.5  | 5.0  | 5.5      | V             |
| Supply current                |                             | $I_{DD}$           | *    | 170  | 250      | mA            |
| Voltage on pin 1              | with clock                  | $V_{SUB}$          | -3.0 | -2.5 | -2.0     | V             |
| Current on pin 1              | without clock               | $I_{SUB}$          | —    | 0.2  | 40       | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| Voltage ripple<br>on pin 1    |                             | $V_{ripple}$       | —    | —    | 10       | mV            |
| <b>Inputs</b>                 |                             |                    |      |      |          |               |
| <i>LL3 input signal</i>       |                             |                    |      |      |          |               |
|                               | note 1;<br>see Fig. 4       |                    |      |      |          |               |
| Input voltage HIGH            |                             | $V_{IH}$           | 2    | —    | $V_{DD}$ | V             |
| Input voltage LOW             |                             | $V_{IL}$           | -0.5 | —    | 0.8      | V             |
| Input capacitance<br>(pin 20) | $V_I = 0\text{ V}$          | $C_I$              | —    | —    | 10       | pF            |
| LL3 time period               | $f_{nom} = 13.5\text{ MHz}$ | $t_{LL3}$          | 69   | 74   | 80       | ns            |
| Duty factor                   |                             | $t_{PH}/t_{LL3}$   | 43   | 50   | 57       | %             |
| <i>LL1.5 input signal</i>     |                             |                    |      |      |          |               |
|                               | note 2;<br>see Fig. 5       |                    |      |      |          |               |
| Input voltage HIGH            |                             | $V_{IH}$           | 2    | —    | $V_{DD}$ | V             |
| Input voltage LOW             |                             | $V_{IL}$           | -0.5 | —    | 0.8      | V             |
| Input capacitance<br>(pin 20) | $V_I = 0\text{ V}$          | $C_I$              | —    | —    | 10       | pF            |
| LL1.5 time period             | $f_{nom} = 27\text{ MHz}$   | $t_{LL1.5}$        | 35   | 37   | 40       | ns            |
| Duty factor                   |                             | $t_{PH}/t_{LL1.5}$ | 43   | 50   | 57       | %             |

\* Value to be fixed.

| parameter                                      | conditions                     | symbol      | min.     | typ.     | max.     | unit       |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|
| <i><math>\overline{BL}</math> input signal</i> | note 3;<br>see Figs 6<br>and 7 |             |          |          |          |            |
| Input voltage HIGH                             |                                | $V_{IH}$    | 2        | —        | $V_{DD}$ | V          |
| Input voltage LOW                              |                                | $V_{IL}$    | −0.5     | —        | 0.8      | V          |
| Input capacitance<br>(pin 20)                  | $V_I = 0$ V                    | $C_I$       | —        | —        | 10       | pF         |
| Input current HIGH                             |                                | $I_{IH}$    | —        | —        | 1        | $\mu$ A    |
| Input current LOW                              |                                | $I_{IL}$    | —        | —        | 100      | $\mu$ A    |
| Pulse width HIGH                               |                                | $t_{PH}$    | —        | 720      | —        | *          |
| Pulse width LOW                                | NTSC/PAL                       | $t_{PL}$    | —        | 138/144  | —        | *          |
| LL3 set-up time                                |                                | $t_{SU}$    | 12       | —        | —        | ns         |
| <i>D0-D6 and UV0 to UV3</i>                    | note 2;<br>see Fig. 8          |             |          |          |          |            |
| Input voltage HIGH                             |                                | $V_{IH}$    | 2        | —        | $V_{DD}$ | V          |
| Input voltage LOW                              |                                | $V_{IL}$    | −0.5     | —        | 0.8      | V          |
| Input capacitance<br>(pin 20)                  | $V_I = 0$ V                    | $C_I$       | —        | —        | 10       | pF         |
| Input current HIGH                             |                                | $I_{IH}$    | —        | —        | 1        | $\mu$ A    |
| Input current LOW                              |                                | $I_{IL}$    | —        | —        | 100      | $\mu$ A    |
| LL1.5 set-up time                              |                                | $t_{SU}$    | 13       | —        | —        | ns         |
| LL1.5 hold time                                |                                | $t_{HD}$    | 3        | —        | —        | ns         |
| <i>CTRL0 and CTRL1<br/>input signals</i>       | note 4                         |             |          |          |          |            |
| Input voltage HIGH                             | note 5                         | $V_{IH}$    | 2        | —        | $V_{DD}$ | V          |
| Input voltage LOW                              | note 5                         | $V_{IL}$    | $V_{SS}$ | —        | 0.8      | V          |
| Input capacitance**                            | $V_I = 0$ V                    | $C_I$       | —        | —        | 10       | pF         |
| <i>IBIAS input signal</i>                      | Fig. 9                         |             |          |          |          |            |
| Input current                                  | note 6                         | $I_{IBIAS}$ | —        | 100      | —        | $\mu$ A    |
| Bias resistance                                | note 7                         | $R_{IBIAS}$ | —        | 39       | —        | k $\Omega$ |
| Input voltage                                  | note 7                         | $V_{IBIAS}$ | —        | $V_{DD}$ | —        | V          |
| Potential difference<br>across $R_{IBIAS}$     | note 8                         | $U_{IBIAS}$ | —        | 1.5      | —        | V          |

\* Clock periods of LL3.

\*\* Referred to pin 20.

## CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

| parameter                                                | conditions                           | symbol    | min.       | typ. | max.     | unit     |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------|------|----------|----------|
| <b>OUTPUTS</b>                                           |                                      |           |            |      |          |          |
| <i>Y</i> signal output                                   | note 9                               |           |            |      |          |          |
| Resolution                                               |                                      |           | —          | 8    | —        | bits     |
| Nominal range                                            | max. 255                             |           | 14         | —    | 230      |          |
| Output current                                           | max. 2.55                            | $I_O$     | 0.14       | —    | 2.3      | mA       |
| Resolution per step                                      | $I_{BIAS} = 100 \mu A$               | Res       | —          | 10   | —        | $\mu A$  |
| Load on pin 11                                           |                                      | $R_L$     | —          | 180  | —        | $\Omega$ |
| Coupling capacitance to RGB controller                   | see Fig. 10                          | $C_{OC}$  | —          | 47   | —        | nF       |
| Total output capacitance (pin 11)                        | note 10                              | $C_O$     | —          | 7    | —        | pF       |
| Conversion time                                          |                                      | $t_{DAC}$ | —          | —    | 30       | ns       |
| Time constant                                            | $\approx R_L (C_S + C_D + C_E)$      | $t_C$     | —          | 50   | —        | ns       |
| Output voltage range                                     |                                      | $V_O$     | $V_{DD}-2$ | —    | $V_{DD}$ | V        |
| Differential non-linearity                               |                                      |           | —0.5       | —    | +0.5     | LSB      |
| Equality of converter output normalized to maximum level |                                      |           | —1         | —    | +1       | LSB      |
| Temperature dependency                                   | $\Delta I_{BIAS} = 0$                |           | —0.5       | —    | +0.5     | LSB      |
| Glitch                                                   |                                      |           | —0.5       | —    | +0.5     | LSB      |
| <i>—(B-Y)</i> signal output                              | note 10                              |           |            |      |          |          |
| Resolution                                               |                                      |           | —          | 7    | —        | bits     |
| Nominal range                                            | max. 127                             |           | 13         | —    | 114      |          |
| Output current                                           |                                      | $I_O$     | 0.26       | —    | 2.28     | mA       |
| Resolution per step                                      | $I_{BIAS} = 100 \mu A$               | Res       | —          | 20   | —        | $\mu A$  |
| Load on pin 9                                            |                                      | $R_L$     | —          | 750  | —        | $\Omega$ |
| Coupling capacitance to RGB controller                   | see Fig. 10                          | $C_{OC}$  | —          | 10   | —        | nF       |
| Total output capacitance (pin 9)                         | including pin capacitance and wiring | $C_O$     | —          | 7    | —        | pF       |
| Conversion time                                          |                                      | $t_{DAC}$ | —          | —    | 30       | ns       |
| Time constant                                            | $\approx R_L (C_S + C_D + C_E)$      | $t_C$     | —          | 50   | —        | ns       |

| parameter                                                | conditions                           | symbol    | min.       | typ. | max.     | unit     |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------|------|----------|----------|
| Output voltage range                                     |                                      | $V_O$     | $V_{DD}-2$ | —    | $V_{DD}$ | V        |
| Differential non-linearity                               |                                      |           | —0.5       | —    | + 0.5    | LSB      |
| Equality of converter output normalized to maximum level |                                      |           | —1         | —    | + 1      | LSB      |
| Temperature dependency                                   | $\Delta I_{BIAS} = 0$                |           | —0.5       | —    | + 0.5    | LSB      |
| Glitch                                                   |                                      |           | —0.5       | —    | + 0.5    | LSB      |
| —(R-Y) signal output                                     | note 10                              |           |            |      |          |          |
| Resolution                                               |                                      |           | —          | 7    | —        | bits     |
| Nominal range                                            | max. 127                             |           | 10         | —    | 117      |          |
| Output current                                           | max. 2.55                            |           | 0.2        | —    | 2.34     | mA       |
| Resolution per step                                      | $I_{BIAS} = 100 \mu A$               | $R_{es}$  | —          | 20   | —        | $\mu A$  |
| Load on pin 10                                           |                                      | $R_L$     | —          | 560  | —        | $\Omega$ |
| Coupling capacitance to RGB controller                   | see Fig. 10                          | $C_{OC}$  | —          | 10   | —        | nF       |
| Total output capacitance (pin 10)                        | including pin capacitance and wiring | $C_O$     | —          | 7    | —        | pF       |
| Conversion time                                          |                                      | $t_{DAC}$ | —          | —    | 30       | ns       |
| Time constant                                            | $\approx R_L (C_S + C_D + C_E)$      | $t_C$     | —          | 50   | —        | ns       |
| Output voltage range                                     |                                      | $V_O$     | $V_{DD}-2$ | —    | $V_{DD}$ | V        |
| Differential non-linearity                               |                                      |           | —0.5       | —    | + 0.5    | LSB      |
| Equality of converter output normalized to maximum level |                                      |           | —1         | —    | + 1      | LSB      |
| Temperature dependency                                   | $\Delta I_{BIAS}$                    |           | —0.5       | —    | + 0.5    | LSB      |
| Glitch                                                   |                                      |           | —0.5       | —    | + 0.5    | LSB      |

## Notes to the characteristics

1. 25/30 Hz picture frequency with interlace.
2. 50/60 Hz picture frequency, parallel data transmission.
3. 25/30 Hz picture frequency,  $f = 20.25$  MHz.
4. Static input signal; input HIGH by means of an internal pull-up resistor of  $100\text{ k}\Omega$ .
- 5.

| CTRL1 | CTRL0 | filter function |
|-------|-------|-----------------|
| 0     | 0     | bypass (min.)   |
| 1     | 1     | lowpass (max.)  |

6. When  $I_{\text{BIAS}} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  the quantization steps of the Y output DAC is  $10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  and  $-(\text{B-Y})$ ,  $-(\text{R-Y})$  outputs are  $20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ . The maximum voltage at  $R_L$  is  $2\text{ V}$ . If  $R_{\text{BIAS}}$  is used, the temperature coefficients of  $I_{\text{BIAS}}$  and the DACs are compensated.
7. Effective voltage noise is  $\leq 1\text{ mV}$ .
8.  $U_{\text{BIAS}} = 1.2\text{ V} + I_{\text{BIAS}} \times 3\text{ k}\Omega$ .
9. Values measured from the Y output DAC.
10. Values measured from the  $-(\text{B-Y})$  output DAC.

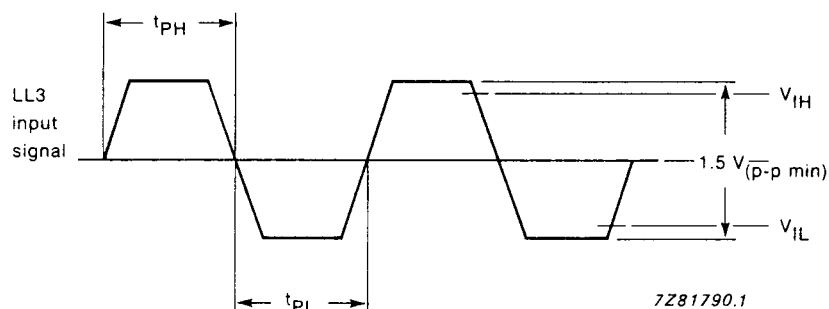


Fig. 4 LL3 timing waveform; 25/30 Hz picture frequency with interlace.

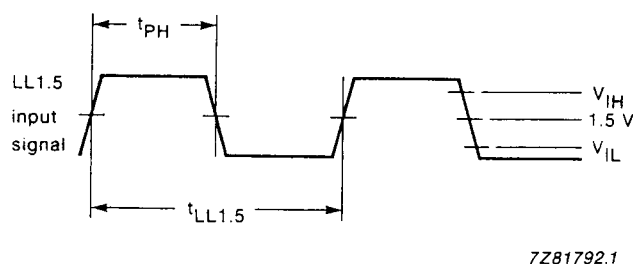


Fig. 5 LL1.5 timing waveform; 50/60 Hz picture frequency, parallel data transmission.

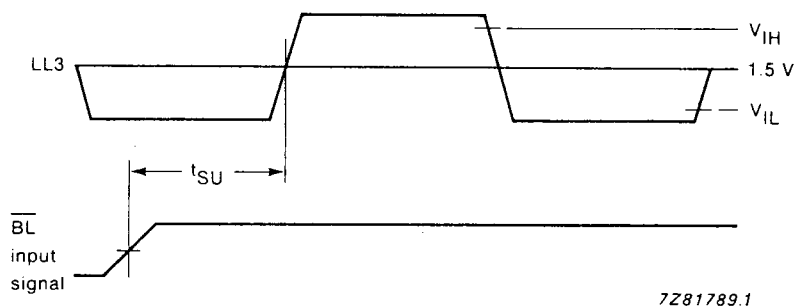


Fig. 6  $\overline{BL}$  timing waveform; 25/30 Hz picture frequency;  $f = 13.5$  MHz.

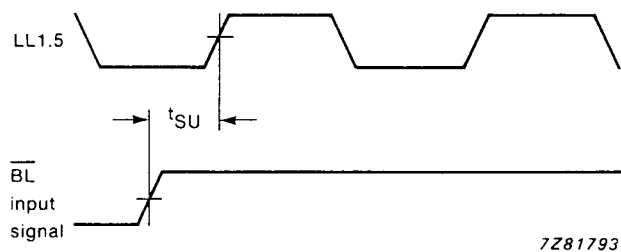


Fig. 7  $\overline{BL}$  timing waveform; 50/60 Hz picture frequency;  $f = 27$  MHz.

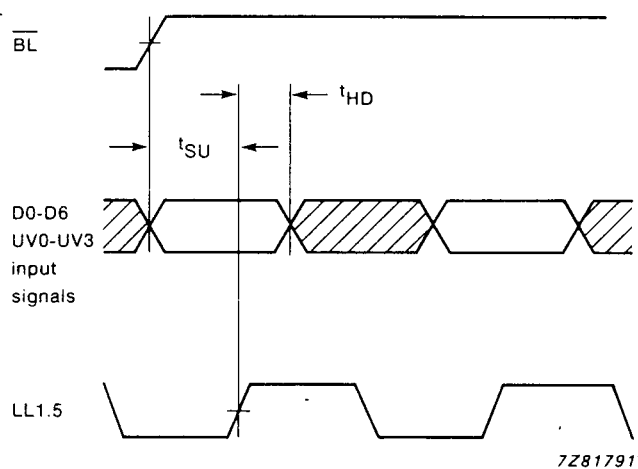
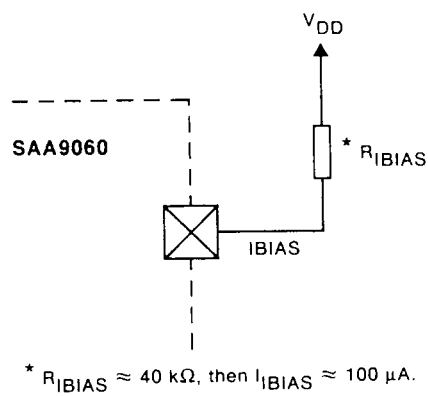


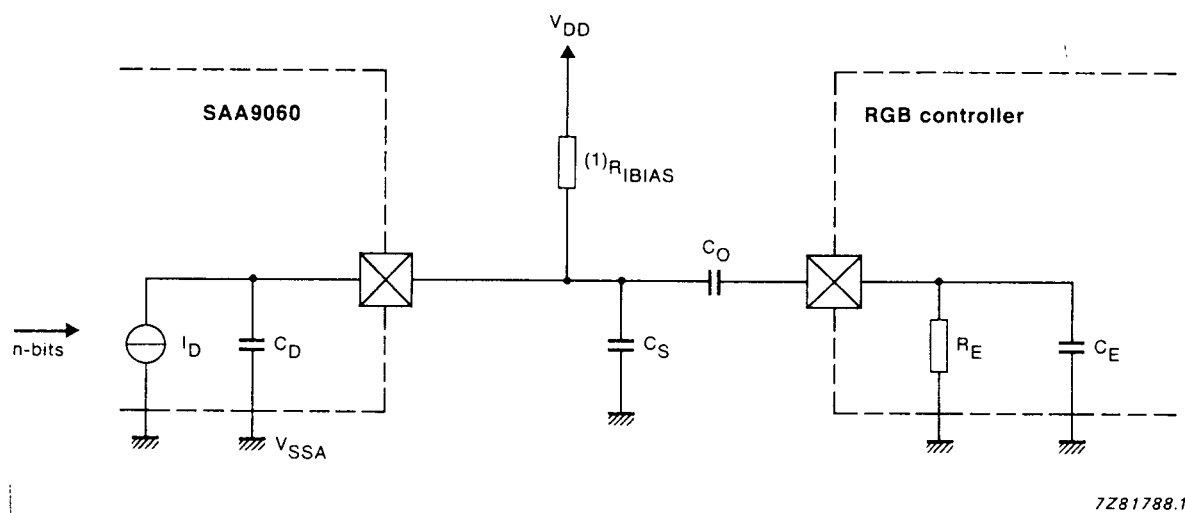
Fig. 8 D0 to D6 and UV0 to UV3 timing waveform; 50/60 Hz picture frequency,  $f = 27$  MHz.

APPLICATION INFORMATION



7Z81787

Fig. 9 IBIAS input circuit.



7Z81788.1

$R_{IBIAS} = R_L \text{ (Y output), } R_L \text{ (B-Y output), } R_L \text{ (R-Y output)}$

Fig. 10 Application of the DACs.