

OKI Semiconductor**FEDD51V16160F-02**
Issue Date: Aug. 16, 2002**MSM51V16160F****1,048,576-Word × 16-Bit DYNAMIC RAM : FAST PAGE MODE TYPE****DESCRIPTION**

The MSM51V16160F is a 1,048,576-word × 16-bit dynamic RAM fabricated in Oki's silicon-gate CMOS technology. The MSM51V16160F achieves high integration, high-speed operation, and low-power consumption because Oki manufactures the device in a quadruple-layer polysilicon/double-layer metal CMOS process. The MSM51V16160F is available in a 50/44-pin plastic TSOP.

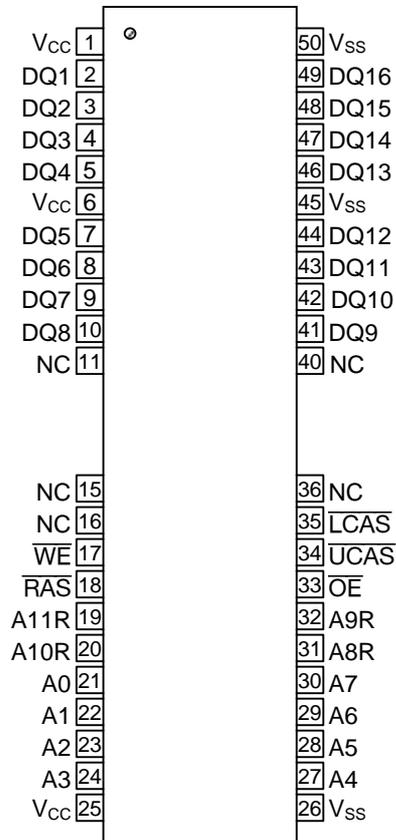
FEATURES

- 1,048,576-word × 16-bit configuration
- Single 3.3V power supply, ±0.3V tolerance
- Input : LVTTL compatible, low input capacitance
- Output : LVTTL compatible, 3-state
- Refresh : 4096 cycles/64ms
- Fast page mode, read modify write capability
- $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh, hidden refresh, $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only refresh capability
- Packages
50/44-pin 400mil plastic TSOP (TSOPII50/44-P-400-0.80-K) (Product : MSM51V16160F-xxTS-K)
xx indicates speed rank.

PRODUCT FAMILY

Family	Access Time (Max.)				Cycle Time (Min.)	Power Dissipation	
	t _{RAC}	t _{AA}	t _{CAC}	t _{OEA}		Operating (Max.)	Standby (Max.)
MSM51V16160F	50ns	25ns	13ns	13ns	90ns	270mW	1.8mW
	60ns	30ns	15ns	15ns	110ns	252mW	
	70ns	35ns	20ns	20ns	130ns	234mW	

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

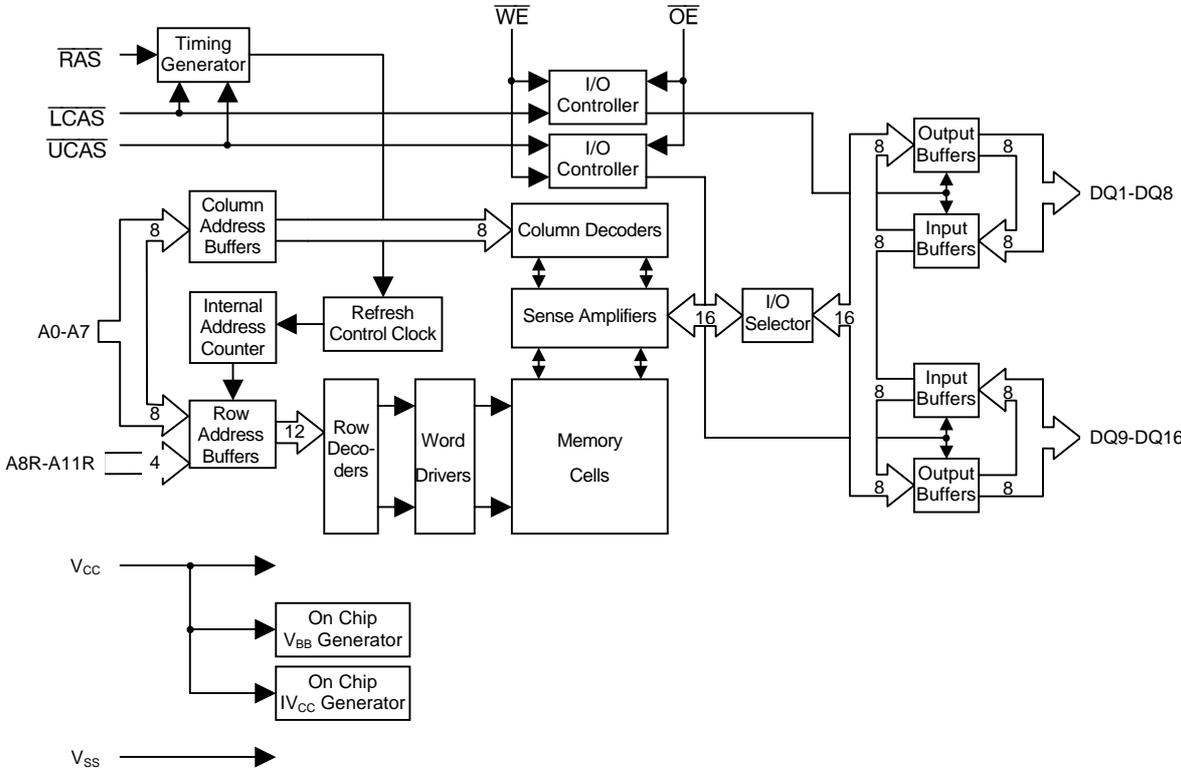


50/44-Pin Plastic TSOP
(K Type)

Pin Name	Function
A0–A7, A8R–A11R	Address Input
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$	Row Address Strobe
$\overline{\text{LCAS}}$	Lower Byte Column Address Strobe
$\overline{\text{UCAS}}$	Upper Byte Column Address Strobe
DQ1–DQ16	Data Input/Data Output
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Write Enable
V _{CC}	Power Supply (3.3V)
V _{SS}	Ground (0V)
NC	No Connection

Note : The same power supply voltage must be provided to every V_{CC} pin, and the same GND voltage level must be provided to every V_{SS} pin.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



FUNCTION TABLE

Input Pin					DQ Pin		Function Mode
RAS	LCAS	UCAS	WE	OE	DQ1-DQ8	DQ9-DQ16	
H	*	*	*	*	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
L	H	H	*	*	High-Z	High-Z	Refresh
L	L	H	H	L	D _{OUT}	High-Z	Lower Byte Read
L	H	L	H	L	High-Z	D _{OUT}	Upper Byte Read
L	L	L	H	L	D _{OUT}	D _{OUT}	Word Read
L	L	H	L	H	D _{IN}	Don't Care	Lower Byte Write
L	H	L	L	H	Don't Care	D _{IN}	Upper Byte Write
L	L	L	L	H	D _{IN}	D _{IN}	Word Write
L	L	L	H	H	High-Z	High-Z	—

* : "H" or "L"

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on Any Pin Relative to V_{SS}	V_{IN}, V_{OUT}	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Voltage V_{CC} Supply relative to V_{SS}	V_{CC}	-0.5 to 4.6	V
Short Circuit Output Current	I_{OS}	50	mA
Power Dissipation	P_{D^*}	1	W
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	0 to 70	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to 150	°C

*: $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

(Ta = 0 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
	V_{SS}	0	0	0	V
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	2.0	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3^{*1}$	V
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	-0.3^{*2}	—	0.8	V

Notes: *1. The input voltage is $V_{CC} + 1.0\text{V}$ when the pulse width is less than 20ns (the pulse width is with respect to the point at which V_{CC} is applied).

*2. The input voltage is $V_{SS} - 1.0\text{V}$ when the pulse width is less than 20ns (the pulse width respect to the point at which V_{SS} is applied).

PIN CAPACITANCE

(Vcc = 3.3V ± 0.3V, Ta = 25°C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Input Capacitance (A0 – A7, A8R – A11R)	C_{IN1}	—	5	pF
Input Capacitance ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{LCAS}}$, $\overline{\text{UCAS}}$, $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$)	C_{IN2}	—	7	pF
Output Capacitance (DQ1 - DQ16)	$C_{I/O}$	—	7	pF

DC CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 3.3V ± 0.3V, T_a = 0 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MSM51V16160 F-50		MSM51V16160 F-60		MSM51V16160 F-70		Unit	Note
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -2.0mA	2.4	V _{CC}	2.4	V _{CC}	2.4	V _{CC}	V	
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 2.0mA	0	0.4	0	0.4	0	0.4	V	
Input Leakage Current	I _{LI}	0V ≤ V _I ≤ V _{CC} + 0.3V; All other pins not under test = 0V	- 10	10	- 10	10	- 10	10	μA	
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	DQ disable 0V ≤ V _O ≤ V _{CC}	- 10	10	- 10	10	- 10	10	μA	
Average Power Supply Current (Operating)	I _{CC1}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ cycling, t _{RC} = Min.	—	75	—	70	—	65	mA	1,2
Power Supply Current (Standby)	I _{CC2}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ = V _{IH}	—	2	—	2	—	2	mA	1
		$\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ ≥ V _{CC} - 0.2V	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5		
Average Power Supply Current ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only Refresh)	I _{CC3}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ cycling, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ = V _{IH} , t _{RC} = Min.	—	75	—	70	—	65	mA	1,2
Power Supply Current (Standby)	I _{CC5}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ = V _{IH} , $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ = V _{IL} , DQ = enable	—	5	—	5	—	5	mA	1
Average Power Supply Current ($\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Refresh)	I _{CC6}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ = cycling, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	—	75	—	70	—	65	mA	1,2
Average Power Supply Current (Fast Page Mode)	I _{CC7}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ = V _{IL} , $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ cycling, t _{PC} = Min.	—	75	—	70	—	65	mA	1,3

- Notes: 1. I_{CC} Max. is specified as I_{CC} for output open condition.
2. The address can be changed once or less while $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ = V_{IL}.
3. The address can be changed once or less while $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ = V_{IH}.

AC CHARACTERISTICS (1/2)

(V_{CC} = 3.3V ± 0.3V, T_a = 0 to 70°C) Note1,2,3

Parameter	Symbol	MSM51V16160 F-50		MSM51V16160 F-60		MSM51V16160 F-70		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
Random Read or Write Cycle Time	t _{RC}	90	—	110	—	130	—	ns	
Read Modify Write Cycle Time	t _{RWC}	131	—	155	—	185	—	ns	
Fast Page Mode Cycle Time	t _{PC}	35	—	40	—	45	—	ns	
Fast Page Mode Read Modify Write Cycle Time	t _{PRWC}	76	—	85	—	100	—	ns	
Access Time from $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	t _{RAC}	—	50	—	60	—	70	ns	4, 5, 6
Access Time from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$	t _{CAC}	—	13	—	15	—	20	ns	4, 5
Access Time from Column Address	t _{AA}	—	25	—	30	—	35	ns	4, 6
Access Time from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Precharge	t _{CPA}	—	30	—	35	—	40	ns	4, 12
Access Time from $\overline{\text{OE}}$	t _{OEA}	—	13	—	15	—	20	ns	4
Output Low Impedance Time from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$	t _{CLZ}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	4
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to Data Output Buffer Turn-off Delay Time	t _{OFF}	0	13	0	15	0	20	ns	7
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Data Output Buffer Turn-off Delay Time	t _{OEZ}	0	13	0	15	0	20	ns	7
Transition Time	t _T	1	50	1	50	1	50	ns	3
Refresh Period	t _{REF}	—	64	—	64	—	64	ms	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Precharge Time	t _{RP}	30	—	40	—	50	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Pulse Width	t _{RAS}	50	10,000	60	10,000	70	10,000	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Pulse Width (Fast Page Mode)	t _{RASP}	50	100,000	60	100,000	70	100,000	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Hold Time	t _{RSH}	13	—	15	—	20	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Hold Time referenced to $\overline{\text{OE}}$	t _{ROH}	13	—	15	—	20	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Precharge Time (Fast Page Mode)	t _{CP}	7	—	10	—	10	—	ns	14
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Pulse Width	t _{CAS}	13	10,000	15	10,000	20	10,000	ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Hold Time	t _{CSH}	50	—	60	—	70	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Precharge Time	t _{CRP}	5	—	5	—	5	—	ns	12
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Hold Time from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Precharge	t _{RHCP}	30	—	35	—	40	—	ns	12
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Delay Time	t _{RCD}	17	37	20	45	20	50	ns	5
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to Column Address Delay Time	t _{RAD}	12	25	15	30	15	35	ns	6
Row Address Set-up Time	t _{ASR}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	

AC CHARACTERISTICS (2/2)

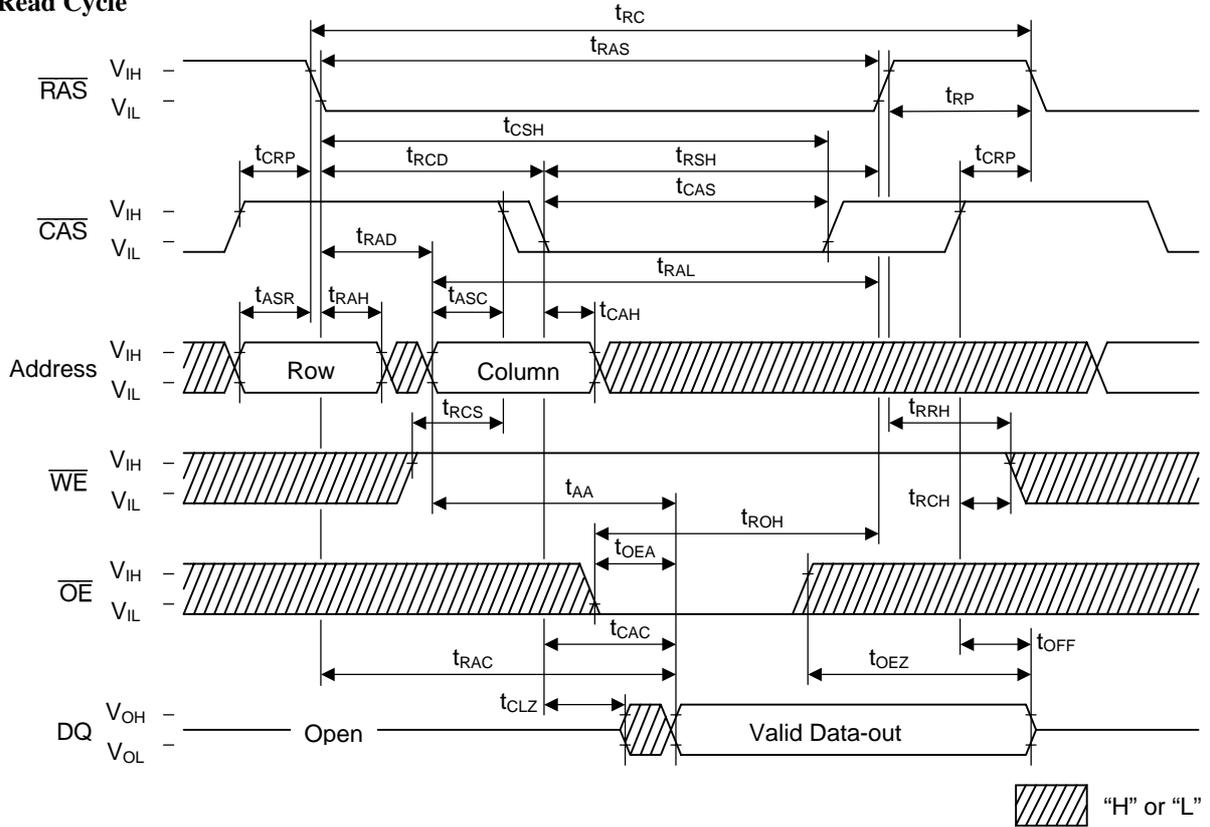
(V_{CC} = 3.3V ± 0.3V, Ta = 0 to 70°C) Note1,2,3

Parameter	Symbol	MSM51V16160 F-50		MSM51V16160 F-60		MSM51V16160 F-70		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
Row Address Hold Time	t _{RAH}	7	—	10	—	10	—	ns	
Column Address Set-up Time	t _{ASC}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	11
Column Address Hold Time	t _{CAH}	7	—	10	—	15	—	ns	11
Column Address to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Lead Time	t _{RAL}	25	—	30	—	35	—	ns	
Read Command Set-up Time	t _{RCS}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	11
Read Command Hold Time	t _{RCH}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	8, 11
Read Command Hold Time referenced to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	t _{RRH}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	8
Write Command Set-up Time	t _{WCS}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	9, 11
Write Command Hold Time	t _{WCH}	7	—	10	—	15	—	ns	11
Write Command Pulse Width	t _{WP}	7	—	10	—	10	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ Command Hold Time	t _{OEH}	13	—	15	—	20	—	ns	
Write Command to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Lead Time	t _{RWL}	13	—	15	—	20	—	ns	
Write Command to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Lead Time	t _{CWL}	13	—	15	—	20	—	ns	13
Data-in Set-up Time	t _{DS}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	10, 11
Data-in Hold Time	t _{DH}	7	—	10	—	15	—	ns	10, 11
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Data-in Delay Time	t _{OED}	13	—	15	—	20	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Delay Time	t _{CWD}	36	—	40	—	50	—	ns	9
Column Address to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Delay Time	t _{AWD}	48	—	55	—	65	—	ns	9
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Delay Time	t _{RWD}	73	—	85	—	100	—	ns	9
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Precharge $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Delay Time	t _{CPWD}	53	—	60	—	70	—	ns	9
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Active Delay Time from $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Precharge	t _{RPC}	5	—	5	—	5	—	ns	11
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Set-up Time ($\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$)	t _{CSR}	5	—	5	—	5	—	ns	11
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Hold Time ($\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$)	t _{CHR}	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns	12

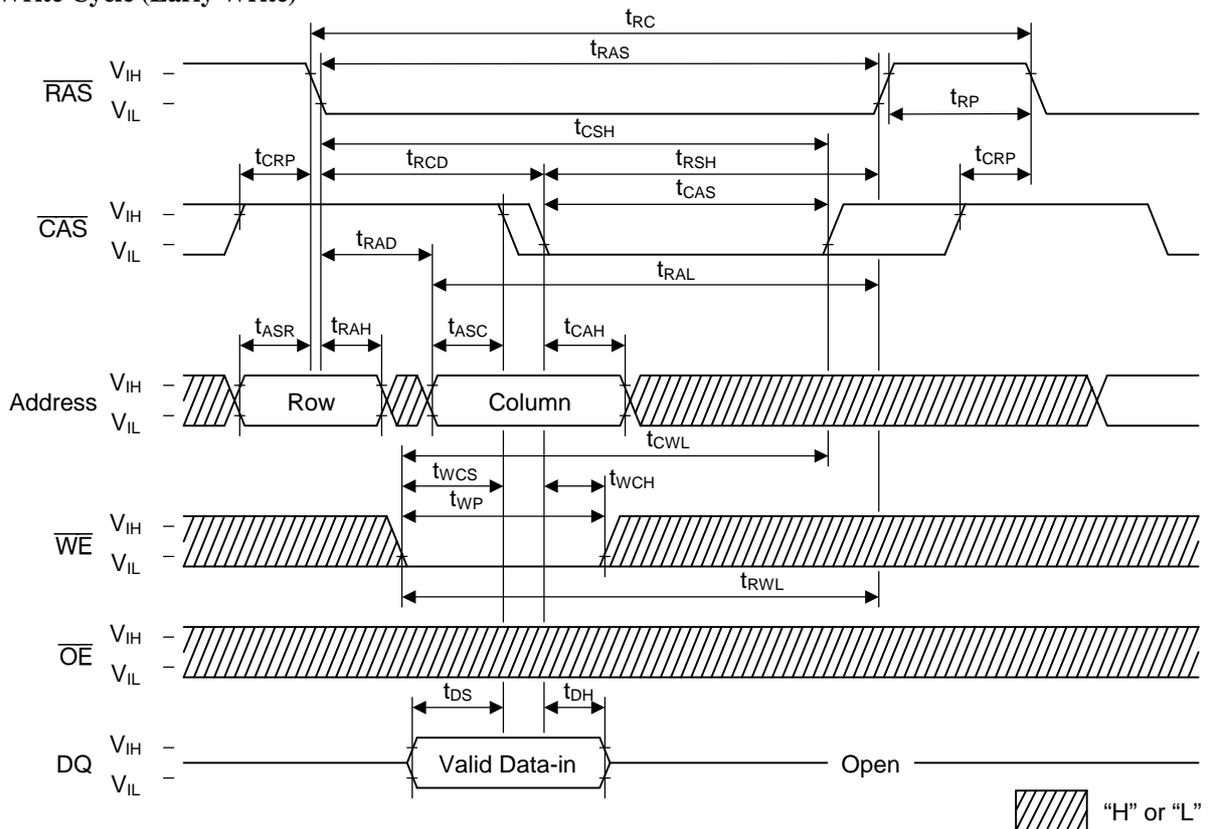
- Notes:
1. A start-up delay of 200 μ s is required after power-up, followed by a minimum of eight initialization cycles ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only refresh or $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh) before proper device operation is achieved.
 2. The AC characteristics assume $t_T = 5\text{ns}$.
 3. V_{IH} (Min.) and V_{IL} (Max.) are reference levels for measuring input timing signals. Transition times (t_T) are measured between V_{IH} and V_{IL} .
 4. -50 is measured with a load circuit equivalent to 1 TTL load and 50pF, and -60/-70 is measured with a load circuit equivalent to 1 TTL load and 100pF.
The output timing reference levels are $V_{OH}=2.0$ and $V_{OL}=0.8\text{V}$.
 5. Operation within the t_{RCD} (Max.) limit ensures that t_{RAC} (Max.) can be met.
 t_{RCD} (Max.) is specified as a reference point only. If t_{RCD} is greater than the specified t_{RCD} (Max.) limit, then the access time is controlled by t_{CAC} .
 6. Operation within the t_{RAD} (Max.) limit ensures that t_{RAC} (Max.) can be met.
 t_{RAD} (Max.) is specified as a reference point only. If t_{RAD} is greater than the specified t_{RAD} (Max.) limit, then the access time is controlled by t_{AA} .
 7. t_{OFF} (Max.) and t_{OEZ} (Max.) define the time at which the output achieved the open circuit condition and are not referenced to output voltage levels.
 8. t_{RCH} or t_{RRH} must be satisfied for a read cycle.
 9. t_{WCS} , t_{CWD} , t_{RWD} , t_{AWD} and t_{CPWD} are not restrictive operating parameters. They are included in the data sheet as electrical characteristics only. If $t_{WCS} \geq t_{WCS}$ (Min.), then the cycle is an early write cycle and the data out will remain open circuit (high impedance) throughout the entire cycle. If $t_{CWD} \geq t_{CWD}$ (Min.), $t_{RWD} \geq t_{RWD}$ (Min.), $t_{AWD} \geq t_{AWD}$ (Min.) and $t_{CPWD} \geq t_{CPWD}$ (Min.), then the cycle is a read modify write cycle and data out will contain data read from the selected cell; if neither of the above sets of conditions is satisfied, then the condition of the data out (at access time) is indeterminate.
 10. These parameters are referenced to the $\overline{\text{UCAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{LCAS}}$, leading edges in an early write cycle, and to the $\overline{\text{WE}}$ leading edge in an $\overline{\text{OE}}$ control write cycle, or a read modify write cycle.
 11. These parameters are determined by the falling edge of either $\overline{\text{UCAS}}$ or $\overline{\text{LCAS}}$, whichever is earlier.
 12. These parameters are determined by the rising edge of either $\overline{\text{UCAS}}$ or $\overline{\text{LCAS}}$, whichever is later.
 13. t_{CWL} should be satisfied by both $\overline{\text{UCAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{LCAS}}$.
 14. t_{CP} is determined by the time both $\overline{\text{UCAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{LCAS}}$ are high.

TIMING CHART

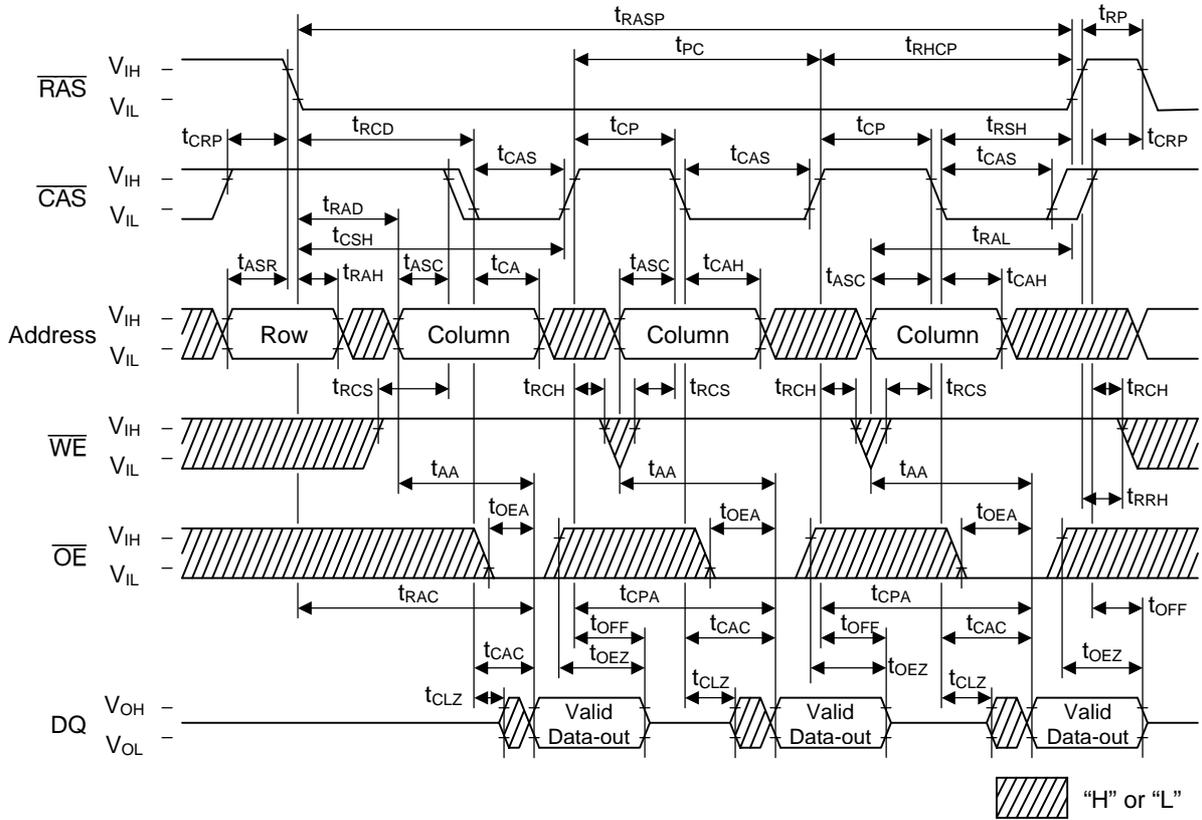
Read Cycle



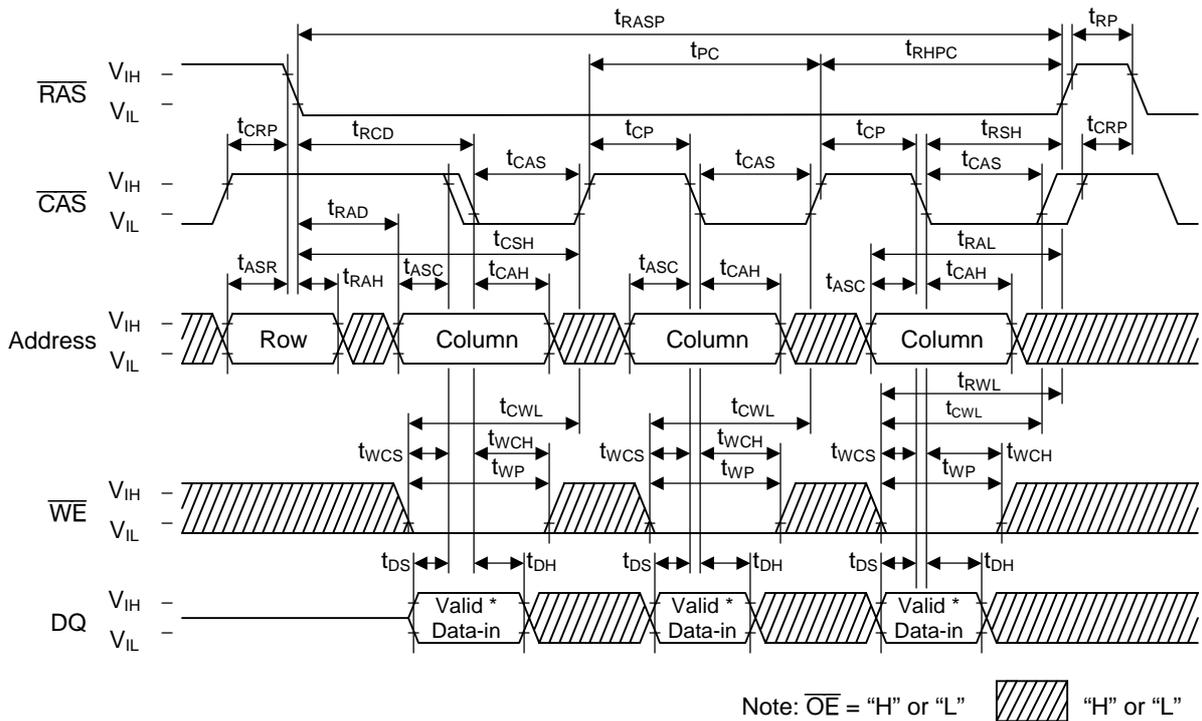
Write Cycle (Early Write)



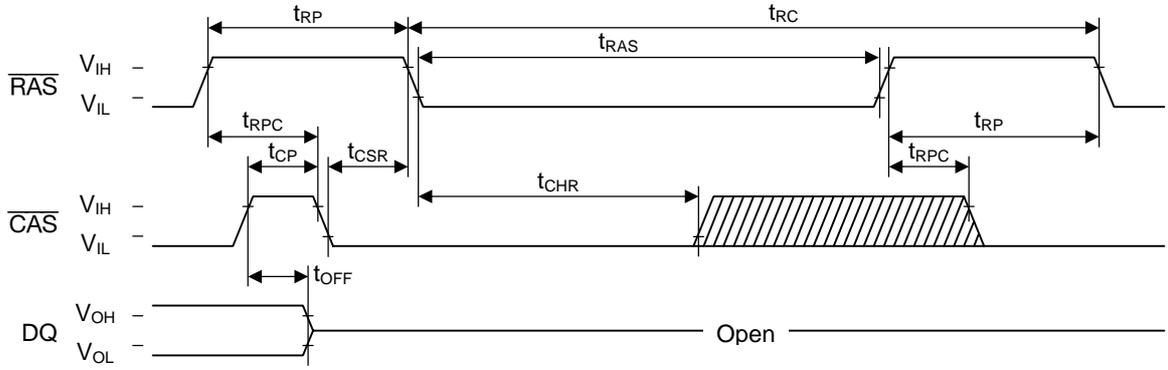
Fast Page Mode Read Cycle



Fast Page Mode Write Cycle (Early Write)

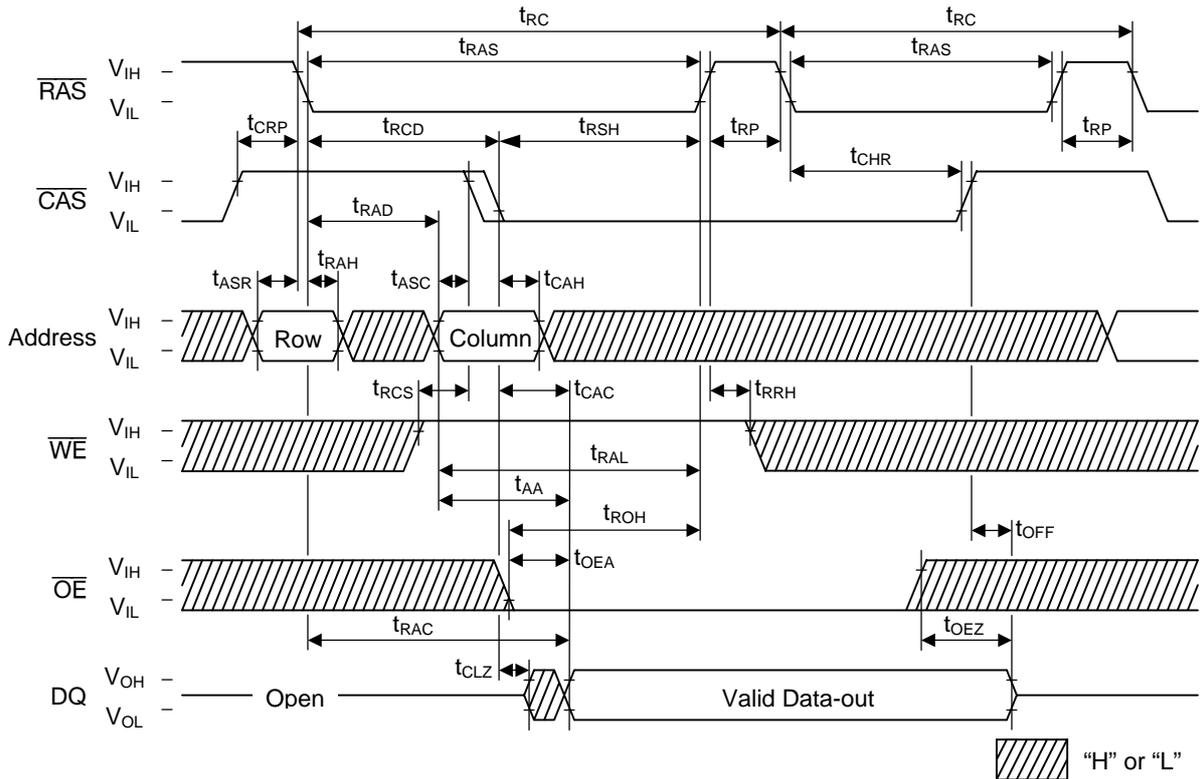


CAS before RAS Refresh Cycle



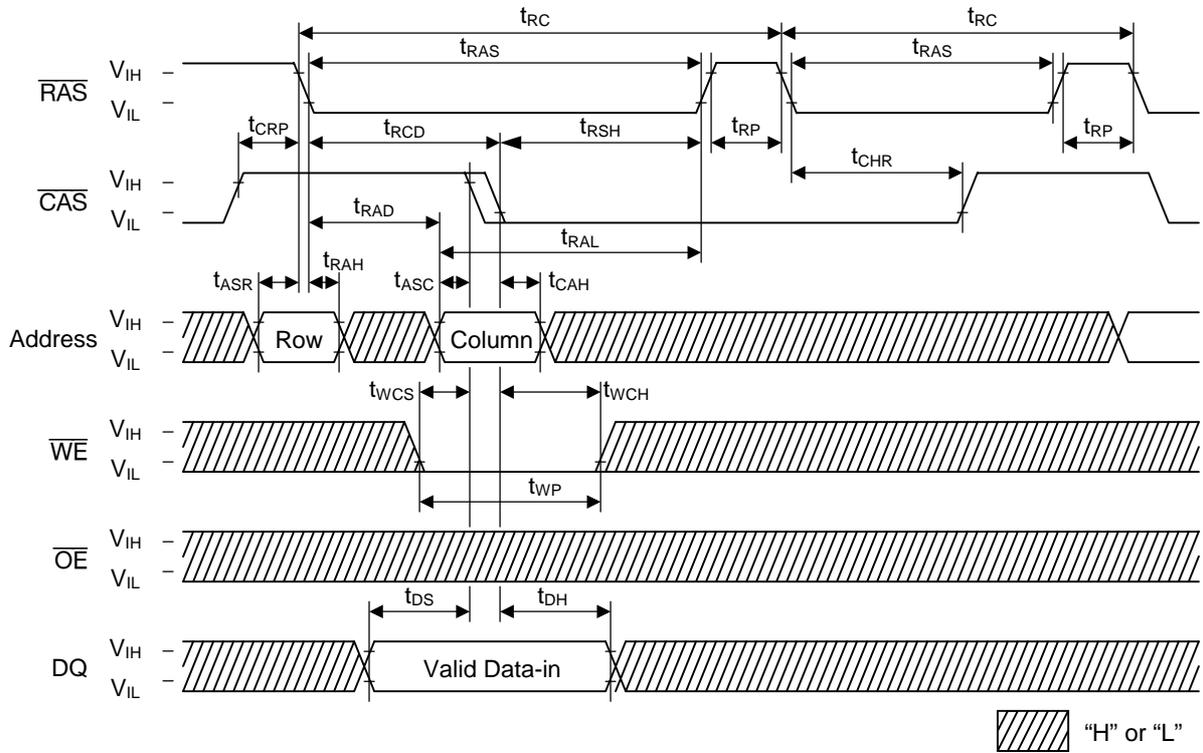
Note: \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , Address = "H" or "L" "H" or "L"

Hidden Refresh Read Cycle



"H" or "L"

Hidden Refresh Write Cycle



REVISION HISTORY

Document No.	Date	Page		Description
		Previous Edition	Current Edition	
FEDD51V16160F-01	May., 2000	–	–	Final edition 1
FEDD51V16160F-02	Aug., 2002	1, 2	1, 2	Deleted SOJ package

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