

# SPECIFICATION FOR LCD MODULE

Model No. TM162ABBW6

<b>Prepared by:</b>	<b>Date:</b>
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<b>Verified by :</b>	<b>Date:</b>
<b>Approved by:</b>	<b>Date:</b>

**TIANMA MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD**

**REVISION RECORD**

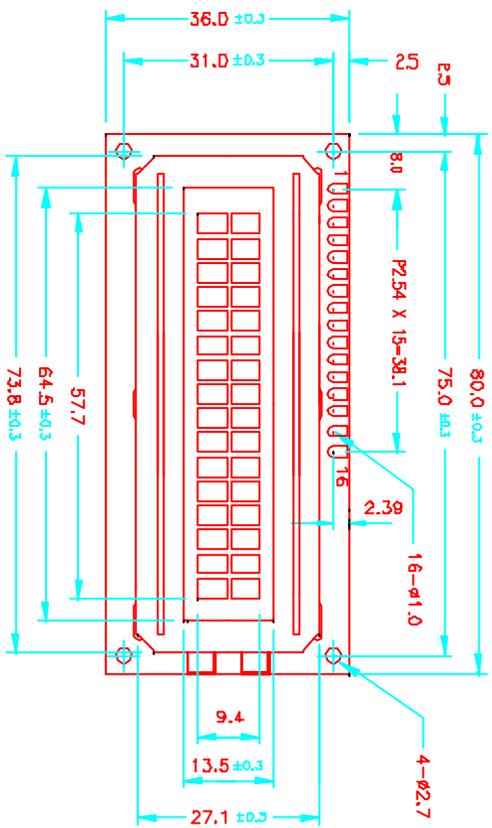
<b>Date</b>	<b>Ref. Page</b>	<b>Revision No.</b>	<b>Revision Items</b>	<b>Check &amp; Approval</b>

## 1. General Specifications:

- 1.1 Display type: STN
- 1.2 Display color\*:
  - Display color: Blue-Black
  - Background: Yellow-Green
- 1.3 Polarizer mode: Transflective/Positive
- 1.4 Viewing Angle: 6:00
- 1.5 Driving Method: 1/16 Duty 1/5 Bias
- 1.6 Backlight: EL
- 1.7 Controller: S6A0069X01-C0CX (KS0066UP-00CC)
- 1.8 Display Fonts: 5 x 7 dots + 5 x 1 Cursor (1 Character)
- 1.9 Data Transfer: 8 Bit Parallel
- 1.10 Operating Temperature: -20----+70°C
  - Storage Temperature: -30----+80°C
- 1.11 Outline Dimensions: Refer to outline drawing on next page
- 1.12 Dot Matrix: 16 Characters X 2 Lines
- 1.13 Dot Size: 0.55X0.50(mm)
- 1.14 Dot Pitch: 0.60X0.55 (mm)
- 1.15 Font Size: 2.95X4.35(mm)
- 1.16 Font Pitch: 3.65X5.05 (mm)
- 1.17 Weight: 32g

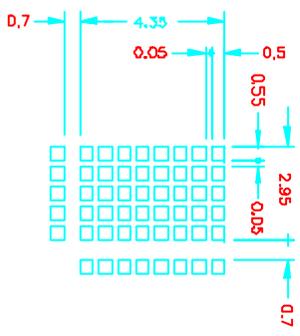
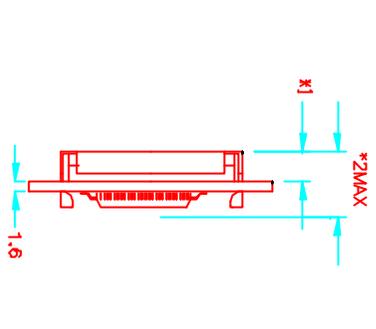
\* Color tone is slightly changed by temperature and driving voltage.

## 2. Outline Drawing

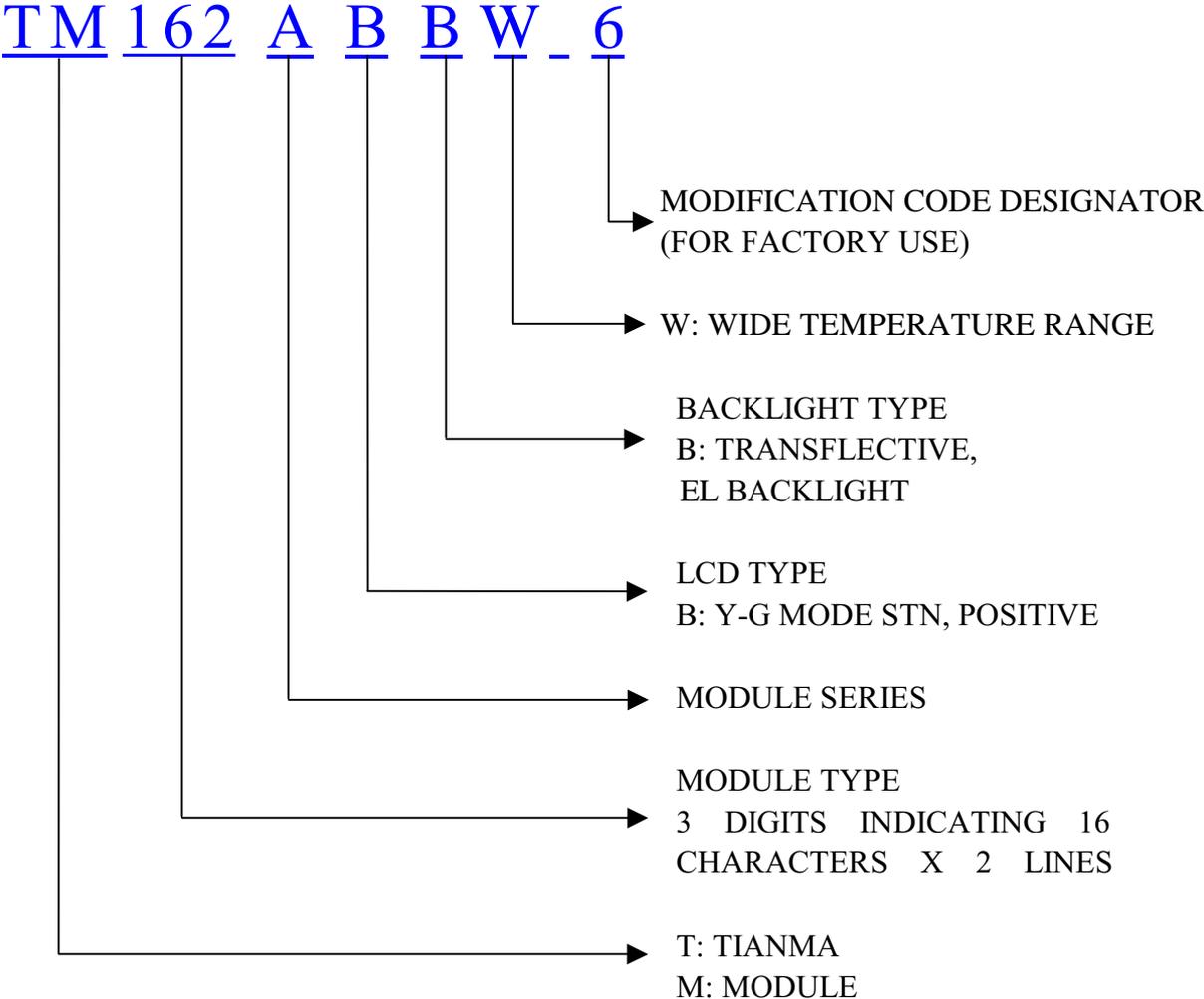


1	VSS	2	VCC	3	VDD	4	RS	5	R/W	6	E	7	DB0	8	DB1	9	DB2	10	DB3	11	DB4	12	DB5	13	DB6	14	DB7	15	LED+	16	LED-
---	-----	---	-----	---	-----	---	----	---	-----	---	---	---	-----	---	-----	---	-----	----	-----	----	-----	----	-----	----	-----	----	-----	----	------	----	------

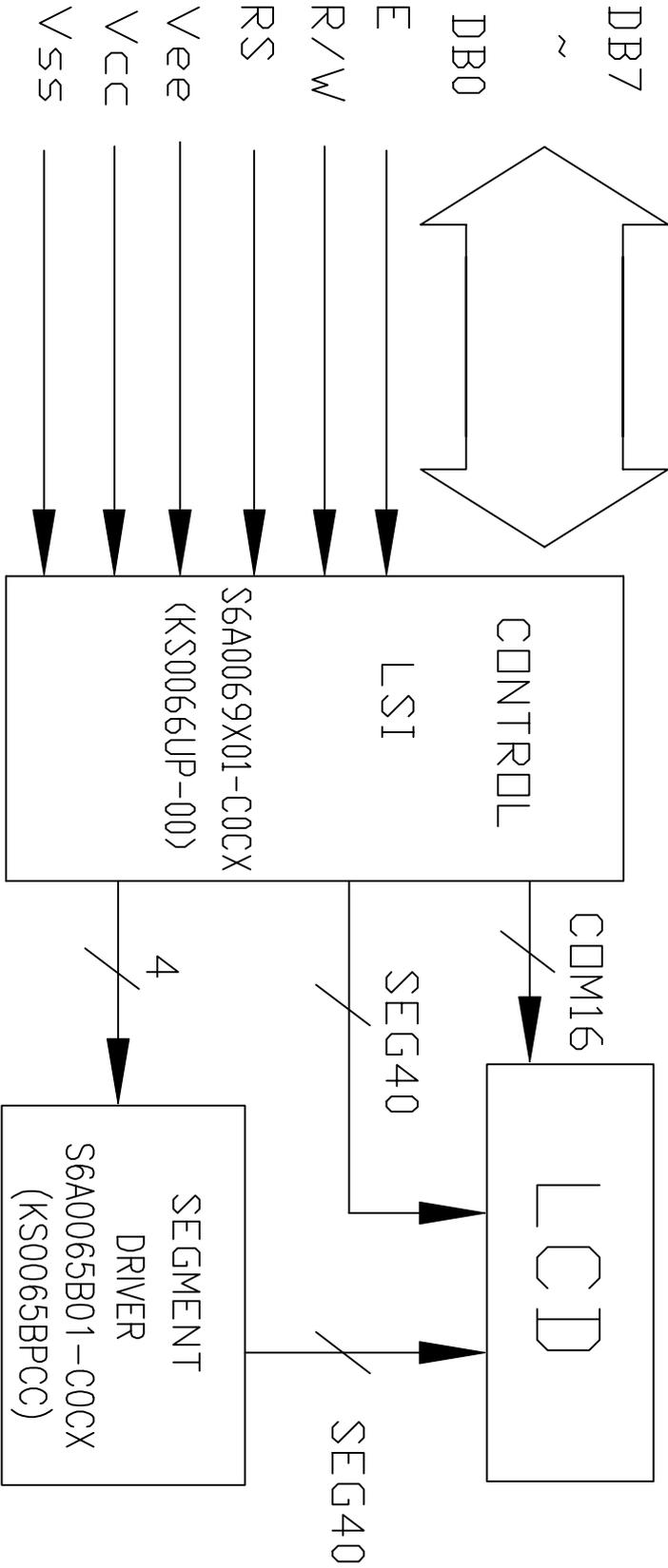
TYPE	*1	*2
R&EL	4.5	11.0
LED	7.5	15.0



### 3. LCD Module Part Numbering System



**4. Circuit Block Diagram**



## 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	-0.3	7.0	V	
LCD Driving Voltage	$V_{LCD}$	-0.3	13.0		
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{OP}$	-20	+70	°C	No Condensation
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{ST}$	-30	+80		

## 6. Electrical Specifications and Instruction Code

### 6.1 Electrical characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage (Logic)	$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply Voltage (LCD Drive)	$V_{LCD}$	-	4.7	-	V
Input Signal Voltage	High $V_{IH}$ ( $V_{DD}=5.0$ )	$0.7V_{DD}$	-	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V
	Low $V_{IL}$ ( $V_{DD}=5.0$ )	-0.3	-	$0.2 V_{DD}$	V
Supply current (Logic)	$I_{DD}$ ( $V_{DD}-V_{SS}=5.0$ )	-	1.5	-	mA
Supply current (LCD Drive)	$I_{EE}$	-	0.40	-	mA
Supply current (EL)	$I_{EL}$ (110V 400Hz)	-	-	4.34	mA

## 6.2 Interface Signals

Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Description
1	Vss	0V	Ground
2	Vcc	5.0V	Power supply voltage for logic and LCD(+)
3	Vee	0.3V	Power supply voltage for LCD(-)
4	RS	H/L	Selects registers (H: Data L: Instruction)
5	R/W	H/L	Selects read or write
6	E	H/L	Data read/write enable signal
7	DB0	H/L	Data bit0
8	DB1	H/L	Data bit1
9	DB2	H/L	Data bit2
10	DB3	H/L	Data bit3
11	DB4	H/L	Data bit4
12	DB5	H/L	Data bit5
13	DB6	H/L	Data bit6
14	DB7	H/L	Data bit7
15	EL1	-	Power supply voltage for EL Backlight
16	EL2	-	Power supply voltage for EL Backlight

### 6.3 Interface Timing Chart

AC Characteristics( $V_{DD}=4.5V\sim 5.5V, T_a=-30\sim +85^{\circ}C$  )

Mode	Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Write Mode (Refer to Fig-6)	E Cycle Time	$t_c$	500	-	-	ns
	E Rise / Fall Time	$t_R, t_F$	-	-	20	
	E Pulse Width (High, Low)	$t_w$	230	-	-	
	R/W and RS Setup Time	$t_{su1}$	40	-	-	
	R/W and RS Hold Time	$t_{H1}$	10	-	-	
	Data Setup Time	$t_{su2}$	80	-	-	
	Data Hold Time	$t_{H2}$	10	-	-	
Read Mode (Refer to Fig-7)	E Cycle Time	$t_c$	500	-	-	ns
	E Rise / Fall Time	$t_R, t_F$	-	-	20	
	E Pulse Width (High, Low)	$t_w$	230	-	-	
	R/W and RS Setup Time	$t_{su}$	40	-	-	
	R/W and RS Hold Time	$t_H$	10	-	-	
	Data Output Delay Time	$t_D$	-	-	120	
	Data Hold Time	$t_{DH}$	5	-	-	

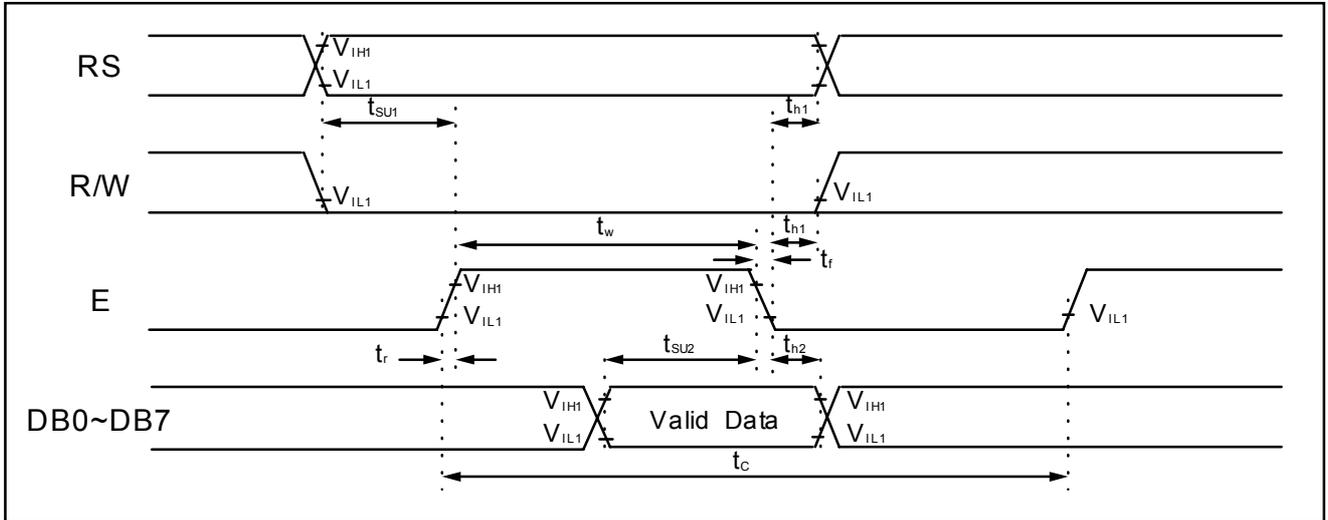


Figure 6 . Write Mode Timing Diagram

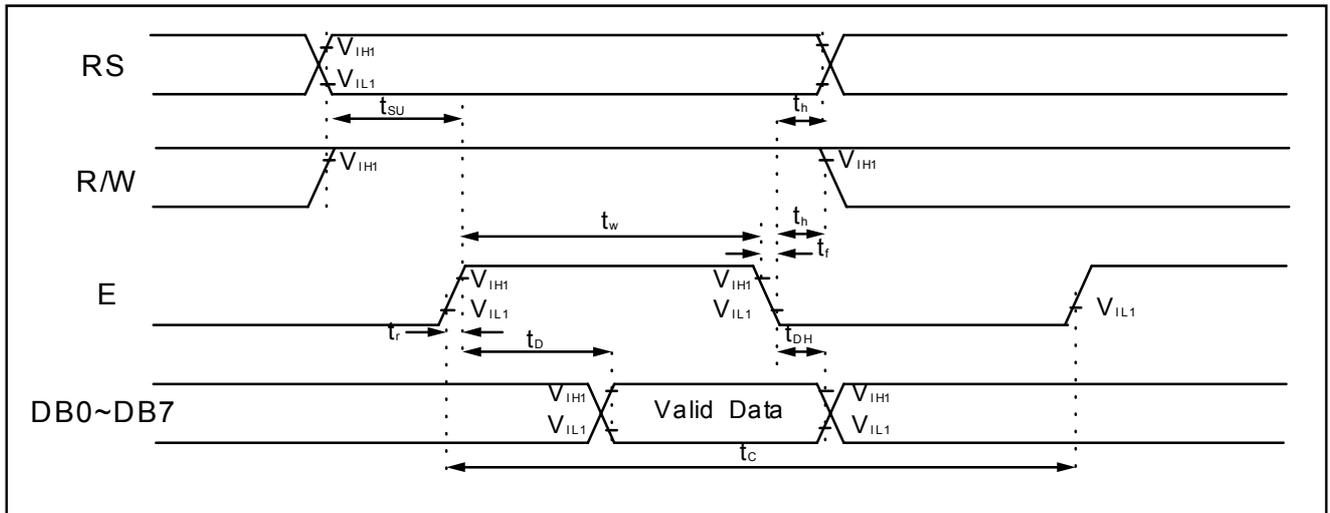


Figure 7 . Read Mode Timing Diagram

## 6.4 Instruction Code

**Instruction Table**

Instruction	Instruction Code										Description	Execution time (fosc=270 kHz)	
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0			
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRAM and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC	1.53 ms	
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.53 ms
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	SH	Assign cursor moving direction and enable the shift of entire display.	39 μs
Display ON/OFF Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	C	B	Set display(D), cursor(C), and blinking of cursor(B) on/off control bit.	39 μs
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	-	-	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing of DDRAM data.	39 μs
Function Set	0	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	-	-	Set interface data length (DL: 8-bit/4-bit), numbers of display line (N: 2-line/1-line) and, display font type (F:5×11dots/5×8 dots)	39 μs
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0		Set CGRAM address in address counter.	39 μs
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0		Set DDRAM address in address counter.	39 μs
Read Busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0		Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.	0 μs
Write Data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	43 μs
Read Data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	43 μs

\* "-": don't care

NOTE: When an MPU program with checking the Busy Flag(DB7) is made, it must be necessary 1/2Fosc is necessary for executing the next instruction by the falling edge of the 'E' signal after the Busy Flag (DB7) goes to "Low".

## 6.5 Character generator ROM(KS0066U-00)

Upper 4bit Lower 4bit	LLLL	LLLH	LLHL	LLHH	LHLL	LHLH	LHHL	LHHH	HLLL	HLLH	HLHL	HLHH	HALL	HHLH	HHHL	HHHH
LLLL	CG RAM (1)															
LLLH	(2)															
LLHL	(3)															
LLHH	(4)															
LHLL	(5)															
LHLH	(6)															
LHHL	(7)															
LHHH	(8)															
HLLL	(1)															
HLLH	(2)															
HLHL	(3)															
HLHH	(4)															
HALL	(5)															
HHLH	(6)															
HHHL	(7)															
HHHH	(8)															

## 7. Optical Characteristics

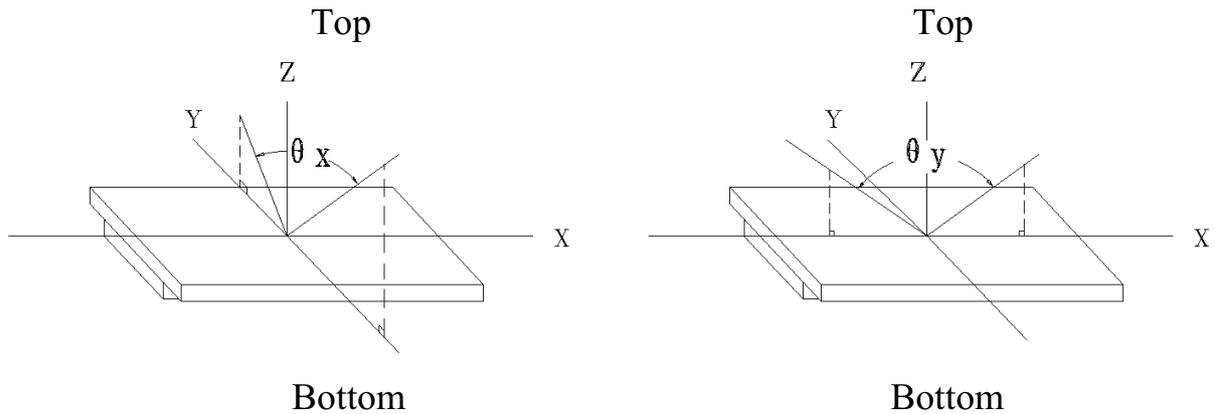
### 7.1 Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C

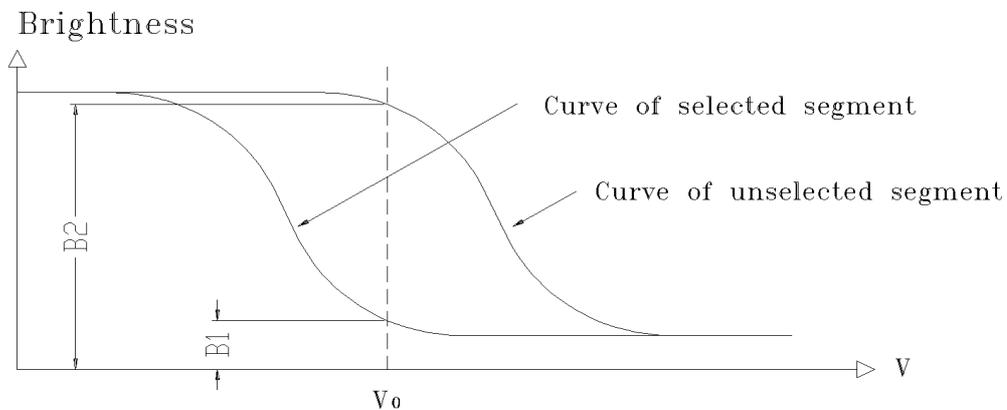
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Viewing Angle	$\theta_x$	$C_r \geq 2$	$\theta_y = 0^\circ$	-35	--	20	Deg
	$\theta_y$						
Contrast Ratio	$C_r$	$\theta_x = 0^\circ$ $\theta_y = 0^\circ$	4.0	-	-		
Response Time	Turn on	$T_{on}$	$\theta_x = 0^\circ$ $\theta_y = 0^\circ$	-	-	250	ms
	Turn off	$T_{off}$		-	-	250	

## 7.2 Definition of Optical Characteristics

### 7.2.1 Definition of Viewing Angle



### 7.2.2 Definition of Contrast Ratio

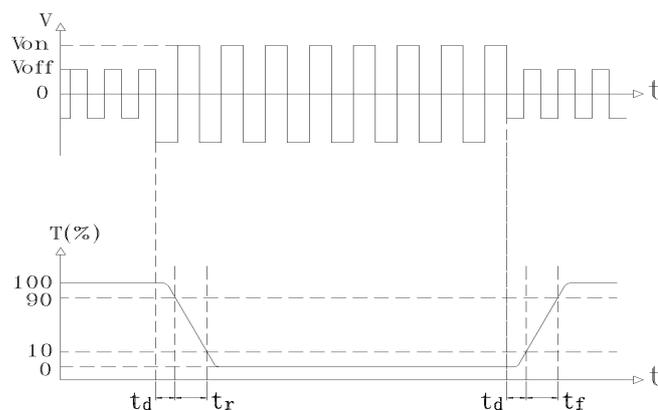


$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = B2/B1 = \frac{\text{unselected state brightness}}{\text{selected state brightness}}$$

Measuring Conditions:

- 1) Ambient Temperature: 25°C;
- 2) Frame frequency: 64Hz

### 7.2.3 Definition of Response time



Turn on time:  $t_{on} = t_d + t_r$       Turn off time:  $t_{off} = t_d + t_f$

Measuring Condition:

- 1) LCD Operating Voltage: 4.7V
- 2) Frame frequency: 64Hz

## 8. Reliability

### 8.1 Content of Reliability Test

Ta=25°C

No.	Test Item	Content of Test	Test condition
1	High Temperature Storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time	80°C 96H
2	Low Temperature Storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time	-30°C 96H
3	High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (voltage & current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time	70°C 96H
4	Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time	-20°C 96H
5	High Temperature /Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time	40°C 90%RH 96H
6	Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle $  \begin{array}{ccccccc}  -20^{\circ}\text{C} & \longleftrightarrow & 25^{\circ}\text{C} & \longleftrightarrow & 60^{\circ}\text{C} & \longleftrightarrow & 25^{\circ}\text{C} \\  30\text{min} & & 5\text{min} & & 30\text{min} & & 5\text{min} \\  \longleftarrow & & & & & & \longrightarrow \\  & & & & & & \text{1 cycle}  \end{array}  $	-20°C/60°C 10 cycles
7	Vibration Test (package state)	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation	10Hz~150Hz, 50m/s <sup>2</sup> , 40min
8	Shock Test (package state)	Endurance test applying the shock during transportation	Half- sine wave, 100m/s <sup>2</sup> , 1ms
9	Atmospheric Pressure Test	Endurance test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air	40kPa 16H

## 8.2 Failure Judgment Criterion

Criterion Item	Test Item No.									Failure Judgement Criterion
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Basic Specification	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	Out of the basic Specification
Electrical specification	√	√	√	√	√					Out of the electrical specification
Mechanical Specification							√	√		Out of the mechanical specification
Optical Characteristic	√	√	√	√	√	√			√	Out of the optical specification
Note	For test item refer to 8.1									
Remark	Basic specification = Optical specification + Mechanical specification									

## 9. QUALITY LEVEL

Examination or Test	At Ta=25°C (unless otherwise stated)	Inspection				
		Min.	Max.	Unit	IL	AQL
External Visual Inspection	Under normal illumination and eyesight condition, the distance between eyes and LCD is 25cm.	See Appendix A			II	Major 1.0 Minor 2.5
Display Defects	Under normal illumination and eyesight condition, display on inspection.	See Appendix B			II	Major 1.0 Minor 2.5
<p>Note: Major defects: Open segment or common, Short, Serious damages, Leakage            Miner defects: Others            Sampling standard conforms to GB2828</p>						

## 10. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

### 10.1 Handling Precautions

10.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.

10.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.

10.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.

10.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.

10.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer.

Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents

10.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.

10.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

10.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- a. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.
- b. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
- c. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
- d. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

## 10.2 Storage precautions

10.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.

10.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

Temperature :  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$

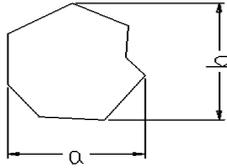
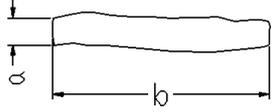
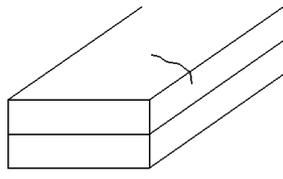
Relatively humidity:  $\leq 80\%$

10.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.

10.3 The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.

## Appendix A

### Inspection items and criteria for appearance defects

Items	Contents	Criteria			
Leakage		Not permitted			
Rainbow		According to the limit specimen			
Polarizer	Wrong polarizer attachment	Not permitted			
	Bubble between polarizer and glass	Not counted	Max. 3 defects allowed		
		$\phi < 0.3\text{mm}$	$0.3\text{mm} \leq \phi \leq 0.5\text{mm}$		
	Scratches of polarizer	According to the limit specimen			
Black spot (in viewing area)		Not counted	Max. 3 spots allowed	Max. 3 spots (lines) allowed	
		$X < 0.2\text{mm}$	$0.2\text{mm} \leq X \leq 0.5\text{mm}$		
		$X = (a+b)/2$			
Black line (in viewing area)		Not counted	Max. 3 lines allowed		
		$a < 0.02\text{mm}$	$0.02\text{mm} \leq a \leq 0.05\text{mm}$ $b \leq 2.0\text{mm}$		
Progressive cracks		Not permitted			

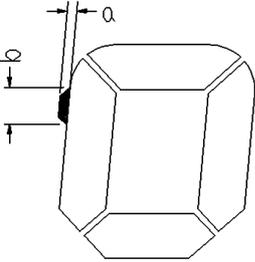
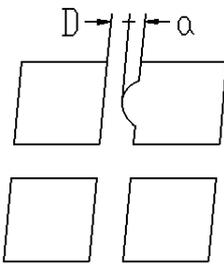
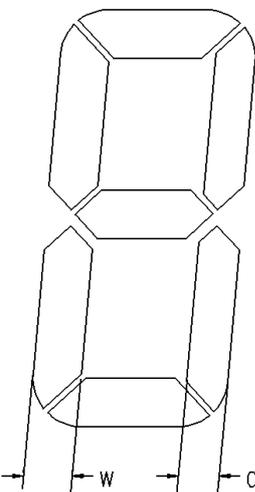
## Appendix B

### Inspection items and criteria for display defects

Items	Contents	Criteria		
Open segment or open common		Not permitted		
Short		Not permitted		
Wrong viewing angle		Not permitted		
Contrast radio uneven		According to the limit specimen		
Crosstalk		According to the limit specimen		
Pin holes and cracks in segment (DOT)		Not counted	Max.3 dots allowed	Max.3 dots allowed
		$X < 0.1\text{mm}$	$0.1\text{mm} \leq X \leq 0.2\text{mm}$	
Black spot (in viewing area)		Not counted	Max.3 spots allowed	Max.3 spots (lines) allowed
		$X < 0.1\text{mm}$	$0.1\text{mm} \leq X \leq 0.2\text{mm}$	
Black line (in viewing area)		Not counted	Max.3 lines allowed	Max.3 spots (lines) allowed
		$a < 0.02\text{mm}$	$0.02\text{mm} \leq a \leq 0.05\text{mm}$ $b \leq 0.5\text{mm}$	

## Appendix B

### Inspection items and criteria for display defects (continued)

Items	Content	Criteria			
Transformation of segment		Not counted	Max. 2 defects allowed	Max.3 defects allowed	
	$x < 0.1\text{mm}$	$0.1\text{mm} \leq x \leq 0.2\text{mm}$			
	$x = (a+b)/2$				
		Not counted	Max. 1 defects allowed		
	$a < 0.1\text{mm}$	$0.1\text{mm} \leq a \leq 0.2\text{mm}$ $D > 0$			
		Max.2 defects allowed $0.8W \leq a \leq 1.2W$  $a = \text{measured value of width}$ $W = \text{nominal value of width}$			