

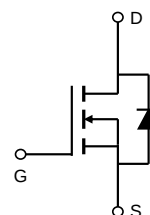
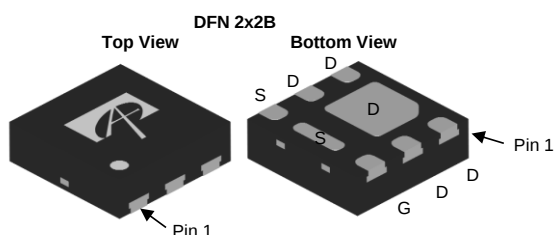


General Description

The AON2260 combines advanced trench MOSFET technology with a low resistance package to provide extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$. This device is ideal for boost converters and synchronous rectifiers for consumer, telecom, industrial power supplies and LED backlighting.

Product Summary

V_{DS}	60V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	6A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = 10V$)	< 44m Ω
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = 4.5V$)	< 53m Ω



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	6	A
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$			
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		4.7	
Pulsed Drain Current ^c	I_{DM}	30	A
Power Dissipation ^a	P_D	2.8	W
		1.8	
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$			
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^a $t \leq 10s$	$R_{\theta JA}$	37	45	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{a, D} Steady-State		66	80	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V	60			V
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} =60V, V _{GS} =0V T _J =55°C			1 5	μA
I _{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	V _{DS} =0V, V _{GS} =±20V			±100	nA
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{DS} =V _{GS} , I _D =250μA	1.5	2	2.5	V
I _{D(ON)}	On state drain current	V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =5V	30			A
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V _{GS} =10V, I _D =6A T _J =125°C		36 61.5	44 75	mΩ
		V _{GS} =4.5V, I _D =4A		42	53	mΩ
g _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} =5V, I _D =6A		21		S
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _S =1A, V _{GS} =0V		0.75	1	V
I _S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				3.5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =30V, f=1MHz		426		pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance			50		pF
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			5		pF
R _g	Gate resistance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =0V, f=1MHz	1	2.3	3.5	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q _{g(10V)}	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =30V, I _D =6A		6.1	12	nC
Q _{g(4.5V)}	Total Gate Charge			2.6	6	nC
Q _{gs}	Gate Source Charge			1.2		nC
Q _{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			0.8		nC
t _{D(on)}	Turn-On DelayTime	V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =30V, R _L =5Ω, R _{GEN} =3Ω		3		ns
t _r	Turn-On Rise Time			2.5		ns
t _{D(off)}	Turn-Off DelayTime			15		ns
t _f	Turn-Off Fall Time			1.5		ns
t _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I _F =6A, dI/dt=100A/μs		27		ns
Q _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I _F =6A, dI/dt=100A/μs		12		nC

A. The value of R_{θJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25° C. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on R_{θJA} t ≤ 10s value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on T_{J(MAX)}=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T_{J(MAX)}=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T_J=25° C.

D. The R_{θJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{θJC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T_{J(MAX)}=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25° C.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

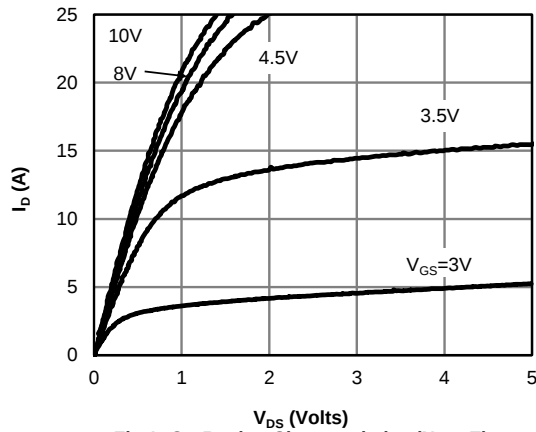


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

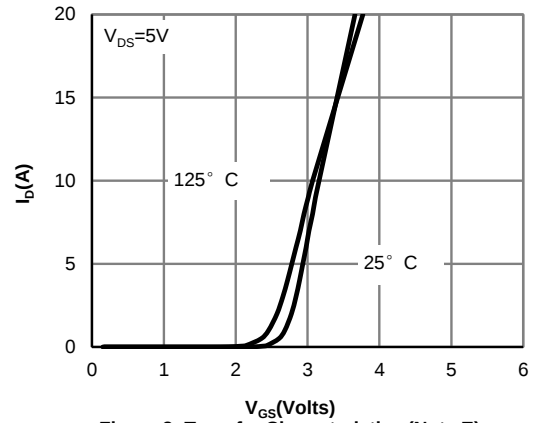


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

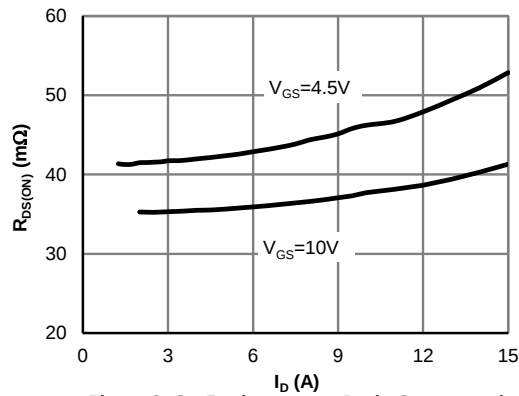


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

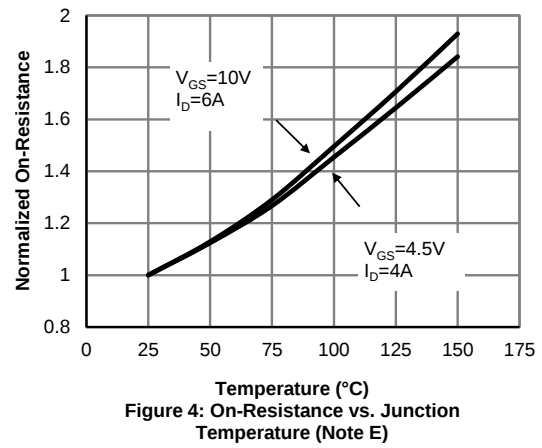


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

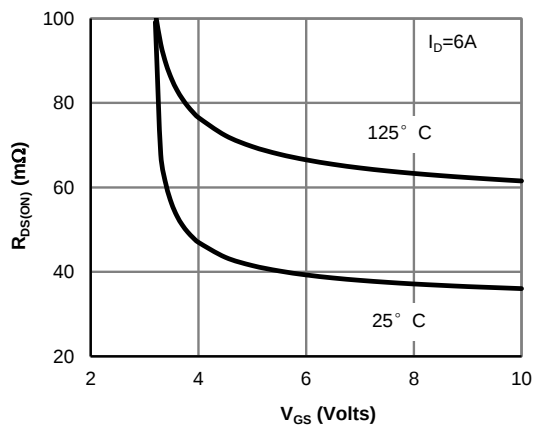


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

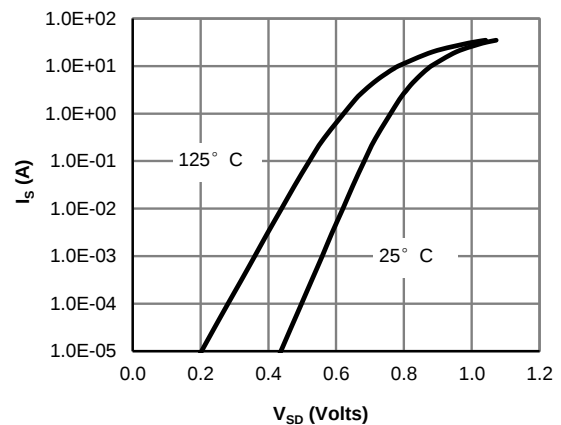
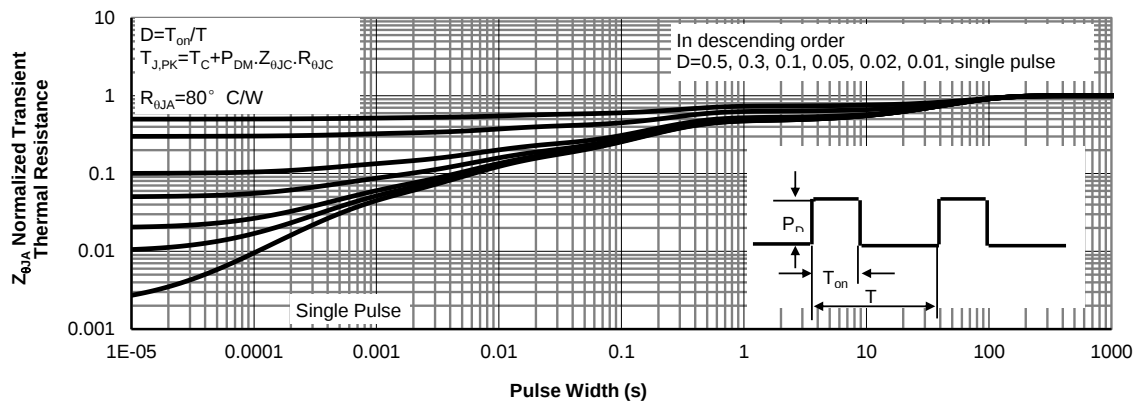
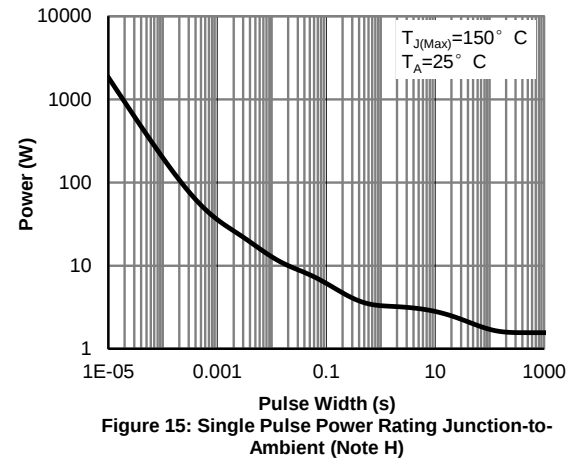
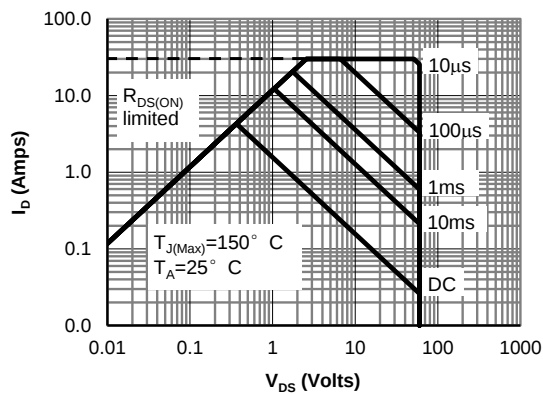
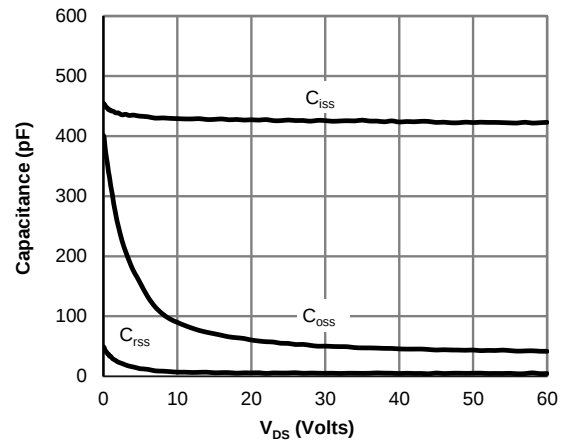
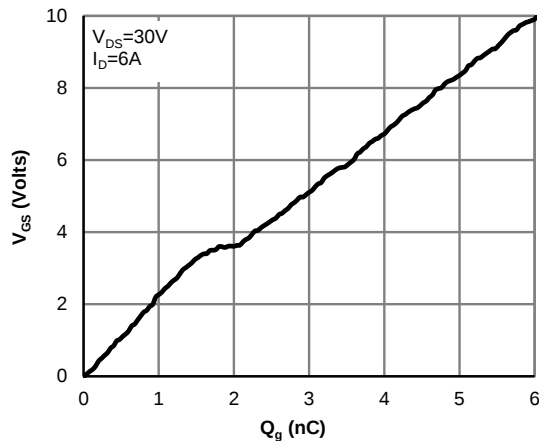
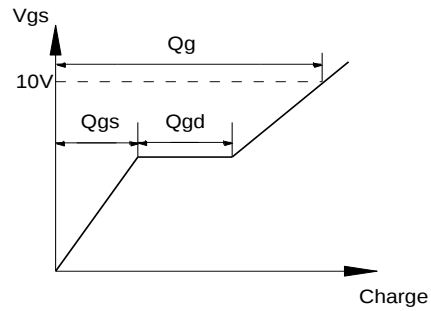
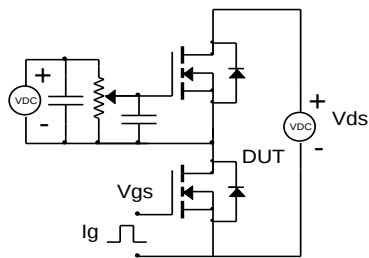


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

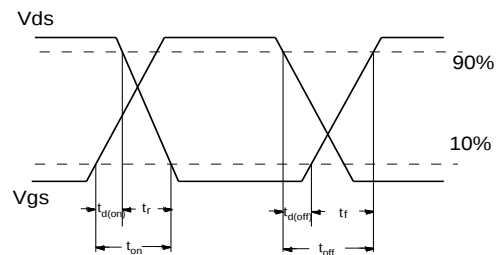
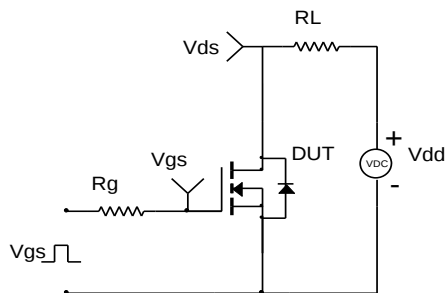
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



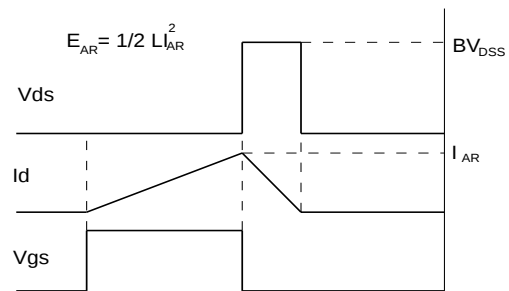
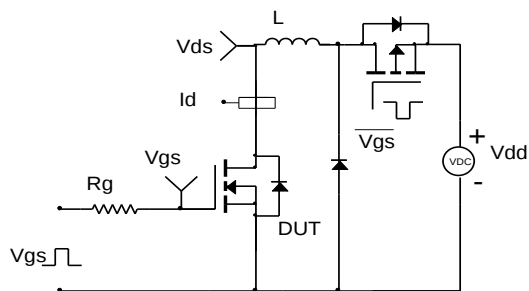
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

